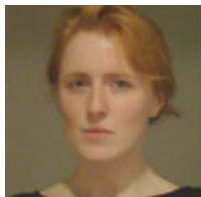


The meaningful vote explained in sticky notes



What does the Commons vote on a meaningful vote mean? **Joelle Grogan** (Middlesex University, left) and **Georgia Price** explain.



The **European Union (Withdrawal) Bill** is the **Government's** proposal for the UK to withdraw from the EU.

It also outlines how EU law will be handled after Brexit, and how powers will be delegated to the Government.

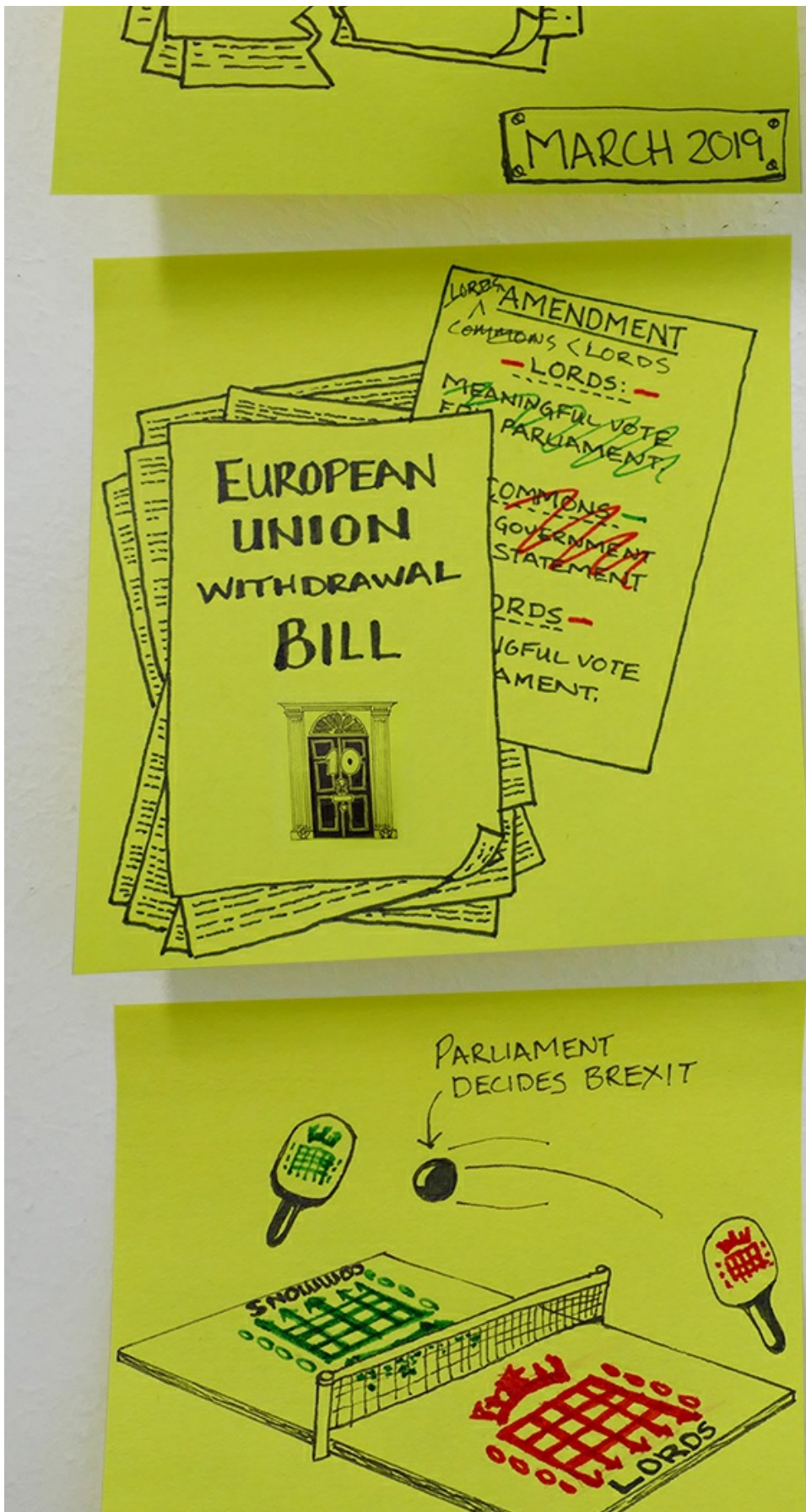
Both **Houses of Parliament** must agree on the final wording of the Bill, which will then receive **Royal Assent** and become law.



An important question is whether the UK will be given the right to veto decisions made by the EU, or what.

The **Lords** voted in favour of the **Repeal Bill** to require the Government to negotiate a withdrawal agreement before the **Government** can trigger Article 50 in the event of **No Deal**. The **direction** approved by the Lords was to require the Government to negotiate a withdrawal agreement.

This amendment was



This amendment was instead proposed to a Agreement, and if no on how it will proceed Parliament).

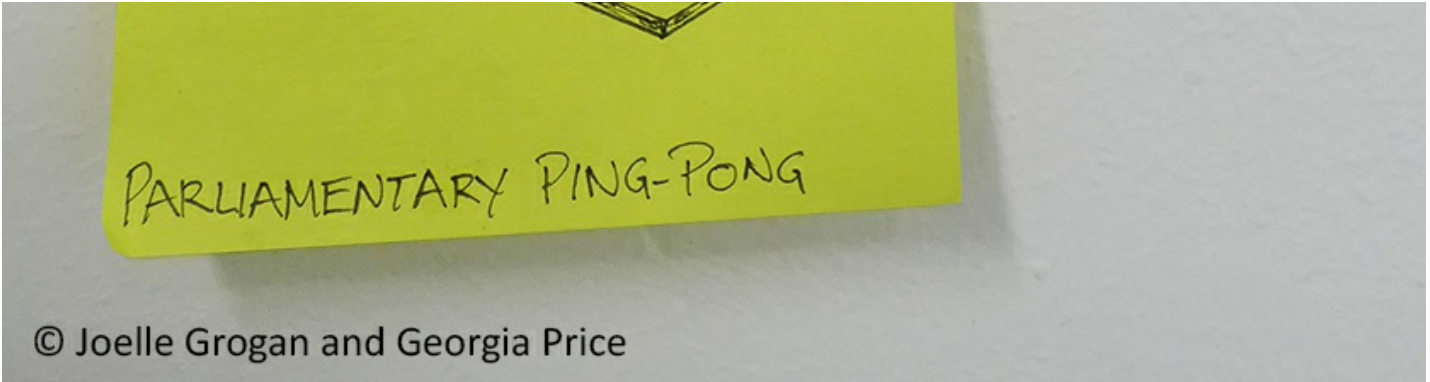
When the Repeal Bill amendment: if **Parliament** then the **Commons** Government plans or

The amendment also by 21 January 2019 if EU. **Government** must two weeks, and the (amendable) motion.

This was called a 'Me

This new amendment **Commons** where it against the amendment the **Lords**.

The changes to the Houses agree (parliamentary)



PARLIAMENTARY PING-PONG

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This post represents the views of the authors and not those of the Brexit blog, nor the LSE.

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