

THE TERRITORIAL DIMENSION OF THE RUSSIAN INNOVATION PARADOX



Despite its strong position in science after the collapse of the substantial current investments in innovation inputs, Russia has been overtaken on various indicators of innovative performance by China. The country's dependence on oil & gas increased in the 2000s and its economy today is less diversified than in Soviet times. This study examines how the spatial organisation of research and development activities and other territorial factors influence Russia's innovative performance and its 'paradox'. In particular, we examine knowledge spillovers between Russian regions.

