GBD

Global age-sex-specific mortality, life expectancy, and population estimates in 204 countries and territories and 811 subnational locations, 1950–2021, and the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic: a comprehensive demographic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2021

GBD 2021 Demographics Collaborators*

Summary

Background Estimates of demographic metrics are crucial to assess levels and trends of population health outcomes. The profound impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on populations worldwide has underscored the need for timely estimates to understand this unprecedented event within the context of long-term population health trends. The Global Burden of Diseases, Injuries, and Risk Factors Study (GBD) 2021 provides new demographic estimates for 204 countries and territories and 811 additional subnational locations from 1950 to 2021, with a particular emphasis on changes in mortality and life expectancy that occurred during the 2020–21 COVID-19 pandemic period.

Methods 22 223 data sources from vital registration, sample registration, surveys, censuses, and other sources were used to estimate mortality, with a subset of these sources used exclusively to estimate excess mortality due to the COVID-19 pandemic. 2026 data sources were used for population estimation. Additional sources were used to estimate migration; the effects of the HIV epidemic; and demographic discontinuities due to conflicts, famines, natural disasters, and pandemics, which are used as inputs for estimating mortality and population. Spatiotemporal Gaussian process regression (ST-GPR) was used to generate under-5 mortality rates, which synthesised 30763 locationyears of vital registration and sample registration data, 1365 surveys and censuses, and 80 other sources. ST-GPR was also used to estimate adult mortality (between ages 15 and 59 years) based on information from 31642 location-years of vital registration and sample registration data, 355 surveys and censuses, and 24 other sources. Estimates of child and adult mortality rates were then used to generate life tables with a relational model life table system. For countries with large HIV epidemics, life tables were adjusted using independent estimates of HIV-specific mortality generated via an epidemiological analysis of HIV prevalence surveys, antenatal clinic serosurveillance, and other data sources. Excess mortality due to the COVID-19 pandemic in 2020 and 2021 was determined by subtracting observed all-cause mortality (adjusted for late registration and mortality anomalies) from the mortality expected in the absence of the pandemic. Expected mortality was calculated based on historical trends using an ensemble of models. In locationyears where all-cause mortality data were unavailable, we estimated excess mortality rates using a regression model with covariates pertaining to the pandemic. Population size was computed using a Bayesian hierarchical cohort component model. Life expectancy was calculated using age-specific mortality rates and standard demographic methods. Uncertainty intervals (UIs) were calculated for every metric using the 25th and 975th ordered values from a 1000-draw posterior distribution.

Findings Global all-cause mortality followed two distinct patterns over the study period: age-standardised mortality rates declined between 1950 and 2019 (a 62.8% [95% UI 60.5-65.1] decline), and increased during the COVID-19 pandemic period (2020-21; 5.1% [0.9-9.6] increase). In contrast with the overall reverse in mortality trends during the pandemic period, child mortality continued to decline, with 4.66 million (3.98-5.50) global deaths in children younger than 5 years in 2021 compared with 5.21 million (4.50-6.01) in 2019. An estimated 131 million (126-137) people died globally from all causes in 2020 and 2021 combined, of which 15.9 million (14.7-17.2) were due to the COVID-19 pandemic (measured by excess mortality, which includes deaths directly due to SARS-CoV-2 infection and those indirectly due to other social, economic, or behavioural changes associated with the pandemic). Excess mortality rates exceeded 150 deaths per 100000 population during at least one year of the pandemic in 80 countries and territories, whereas 20 nations had a negative excess mortality rate in 2020 or 2021, indicating that all-cause mortality in these countries was lower during the pandemic than expected based on historical trends. Between 1950 and 2021, global life expectancy at birth increased by 22.7 years (20.8-24.8), from 49.0 years (46.7-51.3) to 71.7 years (70.9-72.5). Global life expectancy at birth declined by 1.6 years (1.0-2.2) between 2019 and 2021, reversing historical trends. An increase in life expectancy was only observed in 32 (15.7%) of 204 countries and territories between 2019 and 2021. The global population reached 7.89 billion (7.67-8.13) people in 2021, by which time 56 of 204 countries and territories had peaked and subsequently populations have declined. The largest proportion of

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See **Comment** page 1952

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population growth between 2020 and 2021 was in sub-Saharan Africa (39.5% [28.4-52.7]) and south Asia (26.3% [9.0-44.7]). From 2000 to 2021, the ratio of the population aged 65 years and older to the population aged younger than 15 years increased in 188 (92.2%) of 204 nations.

Interpretation Global adult mortality rates markedly increased during the COVID-19 pandemic in 2020 and 2021, reversing past decreasing trends, while child mortality rates continued to decline, albeit more slowly than in earlier years. Although COVID-19 had a substantial impact on many demographic indicators during the first 2 years of the pandemic, overall global health progress over the 72 years evaluated has been profound, with considerable improvements in mortality and life expectancy. Additionally, we observed a deceleration of global population growth since 2017, despite steady or increasing growth in lower-income countries, combined with a continued global shift of population age structures towards older ages. These demographic changes will likely present future challenges to health systems, economies, and societies. The comprehensive demographic estimates reported here will enable researchers, policy makers, health practitioners, and other key stakeholders to better understand and address the profound changes that have occurred in the global health landscape following the first 2 years of the COVID-19 pandemic, and longer-term trends beyond the pandemic.

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Introduction

Understanding mortality and population trends over time and across locations, age groups, and sexes is crucial for planning population-specific public health policies. Age-specific mortality rates can indicate the emergence of new adverse health risks in specific locations, while population counts can inform resource allocation and aid in planning future development. The COVID-19 pandemic has highlighted the importance of demography in understanding disease and injury burden1 and the roles health policy and infrastructure have in health and demographic outcomes.^{1,2} As the COVID-19 pandemic enters an endemic phase in some locations, demographic indicators can provide important context for understanding and addressing COVID-19, long COVID-19,3 and the interaction between COVID-19 and other diseases and injuries. Furthermore, demographic trends in the decades before the COVID-19 pandemic and reversals in those trends during the first 2 years of the COVID-19 pandemic (2020-21) can provide insights into potential long-term effects of the pandemic. These shifts in demographic patterns, including in population growth and age distribution, can help policy makers and public health experts better understand how the pandemic has impacted different groups within society and inform strategies for future pandemic preparedness and health-care planning.

The Global Burden of Diseases, Injuries, and Risk Factors Study (GBD) is an evolving research effort that quantifies the state of global health.⁴ The scope of the study has historically included estimating key demographic metrics and comprehensive health metrics for a set of national and subnational locations that has expanded over time. Mortality has been estimated as part of GBD since the first GBD estimates were published in the 1993 World Bank World Development Report, and mortality estimates have been included in each update since GBD 2010.5-10 A comprehensive, internally consistent modelling strategy for estimating population and fertility was introduced in GBD 2017, greatly improving the consistency of results.¹¹ Previously, GBD drew on population estimates from the UN Population Division of the Department of Economic and Social Affairs (UNPD).^{12,13} In GBD 2019, the demographic analysis used population, fertility, and mortality estimates to produce a typology that better helped to specify phases of demographic transition.¹⁰ The GBD demography framework is part of the greater GBD enterprise; thus, it differs from other demographic research initiatives by using estimates of disease and injury burden to inform population and mortality estimates, and vice versa. Attempting to estimate the effects of the pandemic is now a major focus of GBD and other demographic research efforts.12,14-16

The GBD 2021 demographic analysis improved on GBD 2019 by using additional data sources and refined methods to generate updated estimates of mortality, life expectancy, and population size at the global, regional, national, and subnational levels for each year from 1950 to 2021. GBD 2021 is the first round to incorporate the COVID-19 pandemic into the modelling process through the estimation of excess mortality due to the pandemic, defined as the net difference between the number of deaths that occurred between 2020 and 2021 and the number of deaths that would be expected over the same period based on previous trends in all-cause mortality.¹⁶ The unified approach to estimate all-cause mortality and excess mortality in GBD 2021 is an innovation in current demographic research methods. This facilitates analysis of the interplay between wider demographic processes and the COVID-19 pandemic. In this iteration of the GBD demographic analysis, we aim to

Research in context

Evidence before this study

The UN Population Division of the Department of Economic and Social Affairs (UNPD) produces estimates and projections of global, regional, and national demographic metrics that are updated biannually. Their latest findings, published in the World Population Prospects 2022 revision, incorporated WHO estimates of excess mortality due to the COVID-19 pandemic in 2020 and 2021. Estimates of excess mortality during the pandemic have also been generated by the Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation and the World Mortality Dataset. The International Database of the US Census Bureau reports population estimates and projections for more than 200 countries and areas, of which a subset are updated every year. Organisations including WHO, the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development, and the European Union release demographic estimates less regularly and typically only for select metrics or locations. Some national statistics offices also produce their own demographic indicators. The Global Burden of Diseases, Injuries, and Risk Factors Study (GBD) generates regularly updated and globally comparable health metrics, including mortality, life expectancy, and population estimates for past years, and forecasts up to the year 2100. The current GBD 2021 cycle is directly preceded by GBD 2019, which reported demographic estimates for 204 countries and territories for each year from 1950 through 2019. While each of these studies represent important efforts to provide insights into demographic estimates and the COVID-19 pandemic, only GBD estimates comply with the Guidelines for Accurate and Transparent Health Estimates Reporting, which identifies best practices for reporting global health estimates.

Added value of this study

GBD 2021 is one of the first studies to fully evaluate demographic trends in the context of the first 2 years of the COVID-19 pandemic. The study employed a unified framework to calculate excess mortality rates due to the COVID-19 pandemic along with a comprehensive set of demographic metrics including all-cause mortality, life expectancy, and population counts for 204 countries and territories and 811 subnational locations. This allowed estimates of all-cause mortality to inform estimates of excess mortality due to the pandemic, and vice versa. In contrast, the demographic estimates published by UNPD for 2020 and 2021, although based on data available during the pandemic, did not use a unified framework for all-cause and excess mortality. Additionally, while the US Census Bureau published population estimates for 2020 and 2021, the estimates were adjusted to reflect the effects of the pandemic for only a subset of locations. GBD 2021 utilised a suite of customised and validated data processing and modelling tools, systematically analysing thousands of data sources to produce global, regional, national, and subnational demographic estimates by age, sex, and Sociodemographic Index (SDI) level for each year from 1950 to 2021. Compared with GBD 2019, GBD 2021 utilised 5296 additional data sources. Additionally, the model life table system used in GBD 2021 was improved to provide more accurate mortality estimates for older age groups. All estimates are packaged within freely accessible data-sharing and visualisation tools.

Implications of all the available evidence

Our study highlights the impact of the first 2 years of the COVID-19 pandemic at a novel level of granularity, demonstrating unprecedented reversals in adult mortality and life expectancy trends at the global, regional, and national levels. Furthermore, globally comparable measures of excess mortality due to the pandemic show substantial variation in the burden experienced by different countries and territories. Our comprehensive set of demographic estimates provides a rich description of evolving long-term trends in mortality and life expectancy across age groups, sexes, and SDI levels, and our population analyses reveal changing dynamics and age structures with implications for the future of health-care systems, economies, and societies. Collectively, the estimates reported here provide an integrated demographic framework for GBD and a valuable foundation for policy evaluation, development, and implementation around the world.

provide policy makers and the public with the information needed to gain a better understanding of the demographic context of disease and injury burden since 1950 and during the COVID-19 pandemic in 2020–21 specifically.

Methods

Overview

For each new GBD iteration, recently available data and improved methods are used to update the full time series of demographic estimates from 1950 to the latest year of analysis; GBD 2021 demographic estimates therefore supersede all previous estimates.

The GBD 2021 demographic methods closely followed those used in GBD 2019.¹⁰ Improvements for GBD 2021

centred on a single framework to estimate both all-cause mortality and excess mortality due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The analytical process for computing internally consistent demographic estimates included six main components: (1) estimating age-specific fertility rates; (2) estimating under-5 and adult (age 15–59 years) mortality rates; (3) estimating age-specific mortality rates using a relational model life table system with HIV adjustments; (4) estimating excess mortality due to the COVID-19 pandemic and adjusting all-cause mortality estimates accordingly; (5) accounting for fatal discontinuities such as wars, famines, and natural disasters; and (6) estimating population sizes. To resolve discrepancies due to the inherent interdependent nature of population, mortality, See Online for appendix 1

and fertility estimates, the estimation process was run twice: first to generate preliminary numbers, and second to refine all estimates and ensure internal consistency. A detailed description of all methods and analytical flowcharts for all-cause mortality, fertility, and population estimation are available in appendix 1 (sections 2–6, 8).

This study complies with the Guidelines for Accurate and Transparent Health Estimates Reporting (GATHER);17 a completed GATHER checklist is provided in appendix 1 (section 8). Python (version 3.8.17 and 3.10.4), Stata (version 15.1), and R (version 3.5 and 4.2) were used for statistical analysis This manuscript was produced with the GBD Collaborator Network and in accordance with the GBD Protocol.18 An international network of collaborators provides, reviews, and analyses the available data to generate health metrics; the 2021 GBD round drew on the expertise of more than 11000 collaborators across more than 160 countries and territories.

Data sources and processing

The GBD 2021 analysis used a range of data types for mortality and population estimation that were identified from a systematic search of available data from government websites, statistical annuals, demographic compendia, large-scale surveys, and collaborator input; comprehensive details on the sources of input data are available online via the GBD 2021 Sources Tool. Under-5 mortality rates (U5MRs), defined as the probability of death from birth to age 5 years, were estimated using 30526 location-years of vital registration data (3179 new location-years for GBD 2021 compared with GBD 2019),10 237 location-years of sample vital registration data, and 1445 other sources (including 57 new surveys, one new census, and ten other new sources; appendix 1 section 8). Adult mortality, defined as the probability of death before age 60 years assuming survival to age 15 years, was estimated using 30 207 location-years of vital registration data (3150 new location-years for GBD 2021 compared with GBD 2019), 1435 location-years of sample vital registration data, 75 censuses, 280 surveys (including 65 sources of household death data and 167 sources of sibling history data), and 24 other sources (appendix 1 section 8). Age-specific mortality was estimated using 43758 empirical life tables for 1950-2021 (compared with 35 406 in GBD 2019; appendix 1 section 8). Prevalence surveys, antenatal clinic serosurveillance, and vital registration were used to adjust for the impact of the HIV epidemic due to its exceptional impact on agespecific mortality. Fatal discontinuities were accounted for using 2235 location-years from vital registration and 237 other sources (compared with 1812 from vital registration and 174 other sources in GBD 2019). Estimation of excess mortality due to the COVID-19 pandemic utilised an additional 146139 datapoints of allcause mortality data at either weekly or monthly intervals from vital registration and surveillance reports that were assessed for completeness of registration (compared with

our previous excess mortality estimation,¹⁶ GBD 2021 used 1389 additional weeks or months of data).

Population estimates utilised national and subnational censuses (1277 overall; 25 new), population registries (749 location-years of data), and post-enumeration surveys (161 in total). Additionally, migration data on refugee movements from the UN High Commissioner for Refugees and datasets for select countries (primarily Gulf States and nations in the EU) were used to inform migration estimates.

All-cause mortality estimation

GBD 2021 all-cause mortality estimation followed the analytical framework for mortality analysis used in GBD 2019.¹⁰ Point estimates from surveys were generated using both direct and indirect estimation methods for U5MR, while for adult mortality, they were generated from sibling history data with methods that correct for inherent biases such as zero-survivor and recall bias. Time series estimates of the completeness of adult vital registration data were generated using the same modelling process as GBD 2019, which used a combination of five death distribution methods, and point estimates were adjusted accordingly.

Time series of under-5 and adult mortality without fatal discontinuities were estimated using spatiotemporal Gaussian process regression (ST-GPR), including a biasadjustment process for U5MR, to correct for systematic differences in the data sources and smooth results across time and location. Education, HIV, and lag-distributed income were included as covariates, along with U5MR for adult mortality. These estimates were used as inputs for the GBD relational model life table system with adjustments for older-age mortality to estimate HIV-free age-specific mortality rates. HIV mortality was modelled with a combination of ST-GPR, the Estimation and Projection Package Age-Sex Model,19 and Spectrum,20 and subsequently used to produce life tables that included HIV mortality. These abridged life tables were used to generate full life tables by single year age groups with further detailed age groups under the age of 1 year. Sexredistributed and age-redistributed fatal discontinuities by cause were aggregated by age and sex and added to the estimated mortality from the previous step to generate the final all-cause mortality life tables by location, year, sex, and age. We recalculated abridged life tables, including fatal discontinuities for each location, year, and sex combination, and then calculated the final envelope from these abridged life tables. Detailed methods for estimating each mortality component are available in appendix 1 (section 2).

Excess mortality due to the COVID-19 pandemic estimation

Excess mortality due to the COVID-19 pandemic in 2020 and 2021 is defined as the observed all-cause mortality minus the mortality that would be expected had

www.thelancet.com Vol 403 May 18, 2024

the pandemic not occurred, based on historical trends. Excess deaths are those attributed to the COVID-19 pandemic as a whole, both from SARS-CoV-2 infection and from other pandemic-related factors such as deferred care seeking.^{21,22} Excess mortality was calculated using similar methods as in Wang et al (2022),¹⁶ with several key improvements. We included yearly observed deaths from vital registration to supplement daily, weekly, and monthly observed death data. We then used five variants of the spline for weekly seasonal patterns that set the second-to-last knot at 18, 24, 36, 48, or 60 months to allow for more stable trends. To select covariates, we used Rover, a method developed at the Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation based on Bayesian model averaging. Rover is conceptually similar to the Bayesian model averaging method, which is widely used to explore the parameter space and aggregate estimates across candidate models based on performance metrics.²³ The main difference is that while Bayesian model averaging uses marginal likelihood, Rover focuses on out-of-sample performance. We included covariates pertaining to the COVID-19 pandemic, such as seroprevalence, and background population health metrics, such as the Healthcare Access and Quality Index.24 With the best model selected, we ran a prediction process using 100 draws for each covariate and 100 draws of estimated coefficients and residuals, estimated from the regressions run at the draw level using draw-level input data on both excess mortality and covariates. Mean values and 95% uncertainty intervals (UIs) were then generated at national, regional, and global levels. Out-of-sample predictive validity testing was conducted based on our final model specification. Complete excess mortality methodology is detailed in appendix 1 (section 2.8).

To determine age-specific and sex-specific excess mortality, we estimated all-cause mortality twice: once with data from during the pandemic in 2020 and 2021 included and once without. For location-years with vital registration data from during the pandemic, we computed the difference in estimated age-sex-specific mortality between the two sets of estimates. We then applied this distribution to our excess mortality estimates to calculate age-specific and sex-specific excess mortality. Due to instability in age-sex distributions and implausible patterns, we used the global age-sex distribution for locations with fewer than 75000 excess deaths, unless otherwise noted (appendix 1 section 2.8). Other pandemic-related mortality (OPRM) was estimated by calculating the difference between excess mortality and the sum of deaths due directly to COVID-19 infection and indirect deaths due to lower respiratory infections, measles, and pertussis. For locations with a negative OPRM, we adjusted the non-pandemic mortality estimates downward accordingly. We redistributed small discrepancies that remained between the mortality estimates that used vital registration age-sex-specific data from during the pandemic and the non-pandemic mortality estimates plus age-sex-specific excess mortality to ensure that the final mortality estimates including mortality shocks were consistent with observed highquality vital registration data.

Population estimation

We used the Bayesian hierarchical cohort component model for population projection (BCCMP) from GBD 2019 to produce age-specific population estimates.¹⁰ This method used age-specific fertility estimates from GBD 2021 (appendix 1 section 3), the previously described age-specific mortality estimates, and available census and registry data as inputs. Auxiliary refugee and migration data were used to inform the prior distribution on net migration in countries with substantial migration or reliable data. The model estimates an age-specific 1950 baseline population, age-specific net migration, and age-specific population estimates that are fully consistent with the input fertility and mortality estimates. Complete population estimation methodology is in appendix 1 (section 4).

Expected mortality based on Socio-demographic Index (SDI) estimation

We analysed the relationship between age-specific log mortality rates and SDI using MR-BRT (meta-regression-Bayesian regularised trimmed),²⁵ a meta-regression programme (appendix 1 section 6.1). SDI is a composite indicator of a country's lag-distributed income per capita,

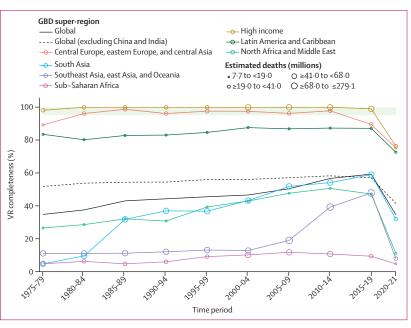


Figure 1: Completeness of VR systems in GBD super-regions, 1975–2021

Completeness is defined as the total number of deaths registered in all VR systems within a super-region during a 5-year period divided by the total number of estimated deaths within that super-region and period, with 100% completeness indicating that all deaths were registered. The size of the datapoints represents the number of estimated deaths. The solid black line shows the global completeness, the dashed black line indicates global completeness, excluding China and India, and other coloured lines indicate GBD super-regions. The green box indicates complete registration (defined as >95%). GBD=Global Burden of Diseases, Injuries, and Risk Factors Study. VR=vital registration.

average years of schooling, and the total fertility rate in females younger than age 25 years (appendix 1 section 5). MR-BRT defines a linear mixed-effects model with a B-spline specification for the relationship between outcomes of interest and SDI. We used a cubic spline with five knots between 0 and 1, with left-most and rightmost spline segments enforced to be linear, and with slopes matching adjacent interior segments. To ensure that the results were not sensitive to the choice of spline knots, we used a model ensemble of over 50 cubic spline models, as described above. For each model, interior knot placement was randomly generated to be between 0.1 and 0.9, with minimum inter-knot distance of 0.1 and maximum inter-knot distance of 1.0. The final predictions were obtained using the ensemble aggregate over these 50 models. This model was performed separately for each GBD age-sex group. Expected mortality rates for each age-sex group based on SDI were used to estimate expected life expectancy. A similar analysis was done for excess mortality rates due to the COVID-19 pandemic, with the exception that two-degree splines were used.

See Online for appendix 2 To view and download estimates from the GBD Results tool see https://vizhub. healthdata.org/gbd-results For the Mortality Visualisation Tool see https://vizhub. healthdata.org/mortality/

Geographical units, age groups, and time periods

We produced estimates for each demographic metric by age-sex-location-year for 25 age groups: early neonatal (0-6 days), late neonatal (7-27 days), 1-5 months, 6-11 months, 12-23 months, 2-4 years, 5-9 years, every 5-year age group up to 95 years, and 95 years and older (fertility estimated for 5-year age groups between ages 10 years and 54 years); for males, females, and all sexes combined; for 204 countries and territories grouped into 21 regions and seven super-regions; and for every year from 1950 to 2021. We also included subnational analyses for 21 countries and territories (Brazil, China, Ethiopia, India, Indonesia, Iran, Italy, Japan, Kenya, Mexico, New Zealand, Nigeria, Norway, Pakistan, the Philippines, Poland, Russia, South Africa, Sweden, the UK, and the USA) and estimates by SDI quintile. All countries and territories were assigned an SDI value ranging from 0 (lowest income and educational attainment and highest fertility) to 100 and then grouped into quintiles from low SDI to high SDI.

Uncertainty analysis

Uncertainty was propagated throughout the estimation process. For under-5 and adult mortality, ST-GPR generated 1000 draws for every location, year, and sex combination; 1000 draws were also produced for the crude death rate associated with HIV estimates. The 100 draws of excess mortality due to the COVID-19 pandemic were repeated ten times to generate 1000 draws. These draw-level inputs were then used to create 1000 draws of all-cause mortality estimates and draw-level estimates of fatal discontinuities. Mean estimates and 95% UIs (the 25th and 975th ranked values from the 1000 draws) were generated for all demographic metrics using the draw-level estimates. The uncertainty associated with fertility and mortality estimates was included as inputs in the BCCMP model to produce 1000 draws of population estimates.

Role of the funding source

The funders of this study had no role in study design, data collection, data analysis, data interpretation, or the writing of the report

Results

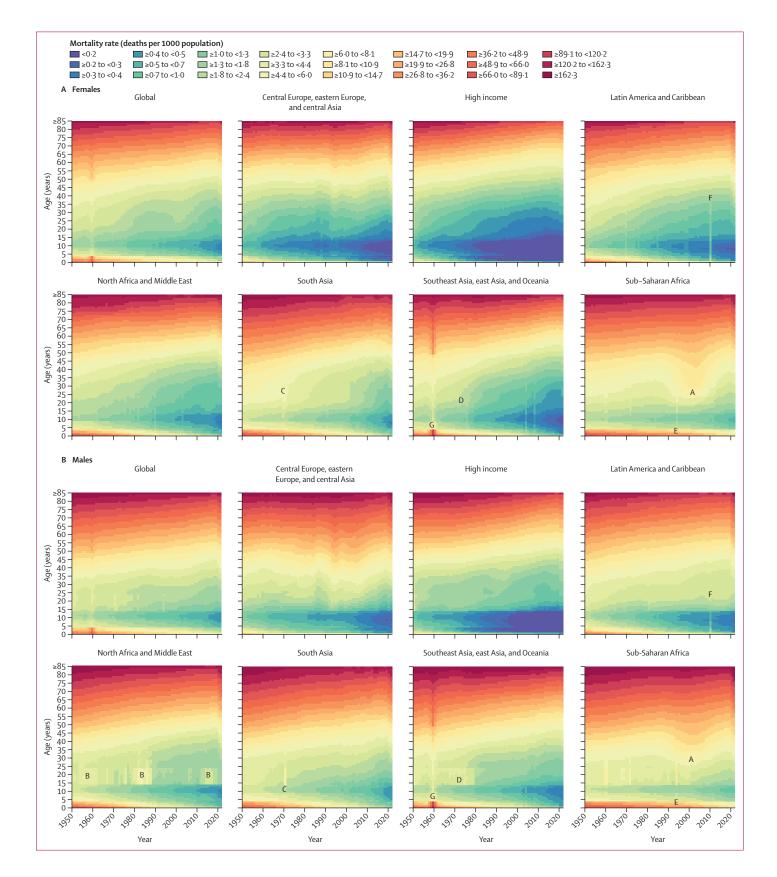
This section presents global, regional, and national-level results for key demographic metrics; given space constraints, estimates at the subnational level are presented in appendix 2 and are also available in downloadable form through the GBD Results tool. All subnational locations are listed in appendix 1 (section 8).

Civil registration and vital statistics completeness

The proportion of deaths registered in vital registration systems increased substantially at the global level during the study period, from 30.3% in 1975 to a peak of 61.1% in 2016, before declining in subsequent years due to lags in reporting (figure 1). Completeness of death registration in vital registration systems varied markedly between regions, however, most progress in completeness was observed in China (where completeness peaked at 71.2% in 2018) and India (where completeness peaked at 80.1% in 2019; appendix 2 table S1). The Indian Sample Registration System is considered complete for the sample population it covers. Outside of China and India, progress in death registration has been slow, with only a $10 \cdot 3$ percentage point increase observed in the rest of the world between 1975 and the peak in 2016. This increase was concentrated in north Africa and the Middle East, which improved from 20.6% completeness in 1975 to a peak of 56.0% in 2016. While registration has been complete (defined as >95%) since 1975 for nearly all countries in the high-income super-region and central Europe, eastern Europe, and central Asia, in sub-Saharan Africa peak completeness of only 8.7% was reached in 2008 and completeness has declined since then. Death registration in Latin America and the Caribbean was more variable: countries such as Costa Rica, Cuba, and Argentina have been complete for many years; registration in countries such as Peru and Ecuador has remained around 60-90% complete, and

Figure 2: Global and GBD super-region all-cause mortality rates across the lifespan in females (A) and males (B), 1950-2021

Mortality rates are expressed as the number of deaths per 1000 population. Fatal discontinuities are indicated by the following letters: A=HIV epidemic; B=conflicts in the Middle East; C=war and genocide in India, Pakistan, and Bangladesh in 1971; D=war and genocide in Cambodia in the 1970s; E=Rwandan genocide in 1994; F=earthquake in Haiti in 2010; G=famine between 1959 and 1961. GBD=Global Burden of Diseases, Injuries, and Risk Factors Study.



others, such as Bolivia, continue to lack registration data. At the national level, 96 countries and territories had at least 1 year of complete death registration between 2010 and 2021; 29 countries and territories without complete death registration had at least 1 year of registering more than 75% of deaths; and 47 countries and territories had no vital registration data in the GBD 2021 mortality database. Registration was incomplete or non-existent in many countries with large numbers of deaths in 2021, especially in sub-Saharan Africa, including Nigeria and Democratic Republic of Congo. In the 2020–21 period, super-regions had varying degrees of lowered completeness indicative of lags in reporting (figure 1).

Mortality and life expectancy

Between 1950 and 2019, global age-standardised all-cause mortality rates per 100000 population broadly declined, from 1980.5 age-standardised deaths (95% UI 1855.5-2115.0) in 1950 to 736.1 (700.1-772.8) in 2019 (appendix 2 table S3A), which equates to a $62 \cdot 8\%$ ($60 \cdot 5 - 65 \cdot 1$) decline in mortality during the entire period. Global all-cause mortality rates across the human lifespan for the younger than 15 years and older than 40 years age groups broadly improved for both females and males between 1950 and 2019 (figure 2). This pattern was relatively consistent across super-regions, with the exception of increased mortality in sub-Saharan Africa during the HIV epidemic and a fluctuating pattern in the central Europe, eastern Europe, and central Asia superregion. However, substantial variation in mortality levels and trends across super-regions and over time were observed in the 15-39-years age group. This age group was particularly susceptible to mortality shocks such as famine in China between 1959 and 1961; conflicts in the Middle East during multiple time periods; war in India, Pakistan, and Bangladesh and genocide in Bangladesh in 1971; war and genocide in Cambodia in the 1970s; the Rwandan genocide in 1994; and the earthquake in Haiti in 2010 (figure 2). Conflict and war had a larger impact on mortality rates in males than females. Furthermore, the HIV epidemic had an especially large impact on this age group in sub-Saharan Africa and a lesser impact in southeast Asia, east Asia, and Oceania, with a larger impact on females than males. Additionally, male mortality rates increased in Latin America and the Caribbean during the 2000s, to varying extents in countries such as El Salvador, Peru, Guatemala, Honduras, Mexico, Venezuela, and Brazil (appendix 2 figure S5). An increase in male and female mortality was observed in the high-income super-region during the late 2010s, which was most notable in the USA, Canada, and Spain (appendix 2 figure S5).

During the COVID-19 pandemic in 2020 and 2021, global age-standardised all-cause mortality rates increased by 21.9% (95% UI 13.6–31.1) for males aged 15 years and older compared with 2019 and 16.6% (10.0-23.4) for females in the same age group and time period, reversing trends in mortality observed before the pandemic (appendix 2 table S3). In contrast, during 2020 and 2021, global mortality rates for both males and females generally remained constant or further decreased for age groups younger than 15 years (figure 2). In particular, between 2019 and 2021, global U5MR decreased by 7.0% (2.3-11.1). This continued reduction in child mortality was consistent across all super-regions (figure 2).

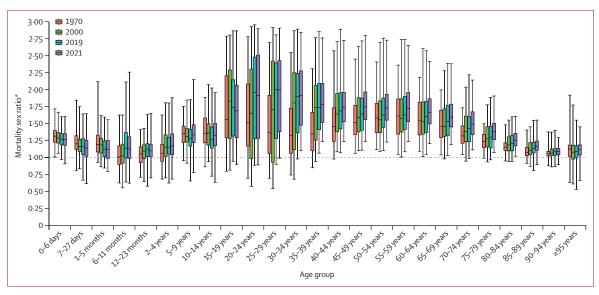


Figure 3: Distribution of the mortality sex ratio by age in 1970, 2000, 2019, and 2021

The distributions are for the mortality sex ratio calculated across all 204 countries and territories included in this study. The boxes represent the middle 50% of the distribution (25th and 75th percentiles), the horizontal line in boxes indicates the mean, and the whiskers show the middle 95% of the distribution (2-5th and 97-5th percentiles). *The ratio of male to female mortality rates, computed by dividing the male mortality rate by the female mortality rate for each age group and year.

	Under-5 mortality	Įł.	Probability of death betwee ages 15 and 59 years, 2021	Probability of death between ages 15 and 59 years, 2021	Life expectancy	Life expectancy at birth in 2021 (years)	(years)	Total deaths in 2021 (thousands)	Total deaths among children younger than 5 years in 2021 (thousands)	Excess deaths due to COVID-19 in 2020 (thousands)	Excess deaths due to COVID-19 in 2021 (thousands)	Excess mortality rate due to COVID-19, 2020-21 (deaths per
	Mortality rate in 2021 (deaths per 1000)	Annualised rate of change, 2000–21	Females	Males	Females	Males	Both sexes					(0001
Global	35·7 (30·5 to 42·0)	-3·3% (-4·0 to -2·5)	0.12 (0.11 to 0.12)	0.19 (0.18 to 0.20)	74·8 (74·0 to 75·5)	69-0 (68-0 to 69-9)	71.7 (70.9 to 72.5)	67900-0 (65000-0 to 70800-0)	4660-0 (3980-0 to 5500-0)	5890 (5480 to 6440)	9970 (9260 to 10900)	1-04 (0-96 to 1-13)
Central Europe, eastern Europe, and Central Asia	12·0 (10·5 to 13·7)	-3.8% (-4.4 to -3.2)	0-11 (0-11 to 0-12)	0.25 (0.24 to 0.26)	75·5 (75·0 to 75·9)	67.4 (66-9 to 67-9)	71-5 (71-0 to 71-8)	5950-0 (5790-0 to 6130-0)	59-0 (51-7 to 67-6)	740 (681 to 801)	1400 (1300 to 1520)	2.70 (2.50 to 2.90)
Central Asia	20·9	-4·1%	0·11	0·22	74·3	67.4	70.8	724·0	42·6	108	150	1.46
	(17·6 to 24·6)	(-4·8 to -3·2)	(0·10 to 0·12)	(0·21 to 0·24)	(73·3 to 75·2)	(66.4 to 68.5)	(69.8 to 71.8)	(671·0 to 779·0)	(36·0 to 50·4)	(80 to 133)	(102 to 186)	(1.06 to 1.80)
Armenia	11·1	-4.8%	0.07	0·18	78.6	71·3	75.0	31·3	0·4	7	5	2.08
	(9·0 to 13·8)	(-6.0 to -3.6)	(0.06 to 0.07)	(0·16 to 0·19)	(77.8 to 79.4)	(70·3 to 72·4)	(74.1 to 76.0)	(28·9 to 33·8)	(0·3 to 0·5)	(5 to 9)	(3 to 6)	(1.43 to 2.61)
Azerbaijan	28·6	-4.0%	0.10	0·21	73·4	67.0	70·1	89·3	3·9	21	25	2·31
	(23·4 to 34·7)	(-5.0 to -3.0)	(0.09 to 0.11)	(0·19 to 0·23)	(72·5 to 74·3)	(66.0 to 68.2)	(69·2 to 71·2)	(81·9 to 96·4)	(3·2 to 4·7)	(17 to 24)	(20 to 30)	(1·83 to 2·67)
Georgia	9.7	-6·1%	0·10	0·25	75.8	67·3	71·5	59·6	0.4	6	17	3·29
	(7.7 to 12.2)	(-7·2 to -5·0)	(0·10 to 0·10)	(0·25 to 0·26)	(75.5 to 76.2)	(67·0 to 67·5)	(71·2 to 71·7)	(58·6 to 60·5)	(0.3 to 0.6)	(4 to 7)	(11 to 21)	(2·22 to 4·19)
Kazakhstan	10.2	-6.1%	0.13	0.28	73·9	65·3	69·6	181.0	4·1	30	51	2.36
	(8.4 to 12.3)	(-7.0 to -5.1)	(0.12 to 0.14)	(0.26 to 0.30)	(73·1 to 74·7)	(64·4 to 66·2)	(68·7 to 70·4)	(169.0 to 194.0)	(3·4 to 5·0)	(23 to 36)	(41 to 60)	(1.87 to 2.76)
Kyrgyzstan	17.0	-4·4%	0.10	0·23	76·1	68·4	72·3	38·9	2·7	7	6	1.06
	(14.9 to 19.0)	(-5·2 to -3·7)	(0.09 to 0.12)	(0·20 to 0·26)	(74·7 to 77·6)	(66·6 to 70·2)	(70·7 to 73·9)	(34·2 to 43·6)	(2·3 to 3·0)	(5 to 9)	(4 to 9)	(0.74 to 1.38)
Mongolia	16·9	-5.6%	0·12	0.29	74·6	65·7	70.0	21·5	1·3	-2	1	-0.17
	(14·0 to 20·5)	(-6.6 to -4.6)	(0·10 to 0·13)	(0.26 to 0.32)	(73·5 to 75·7)	(64·3 to 67·1)	(69.1 to 71.0)	(19·9 to 23·0)	(1·1 to 1·6)	(-5 to 1)	(-3 to 4)	(-1.15 to 0.74)
Tajikistan	34·5	-3·1%	0.13	0.21	72.1	66·9	69.3	59·1	9.7	12	16	1.46
	(28·5 to 42·2)	(-4·1 to -2·1)	(0.11 to 0.15)	(0.18 to 0.24)	(70.4 to 73.7)	(65·1 to 69·1)	(67.8 to 71.0)	(52·2 to 65·6)	(8.0 to 11.9)	(9 to 15)	(11 to 20)	(1.06 to 1.79)
Turkmenistan	27·5	-3·7%	0.15	0·28	71·5	64·3	67.8	43.6	3.0	6	8	1.46
	(22·2 to 33·5)	(-4·6 to -2·6)	(0.12 to 0.19)	(0·24 to 0·34)	(69·4 to 73·7)	(62·0 to 66·8)	(65.5 to 70.1)	(36.5 to 51.2)	(2.4 to 3.7)	(5 to 8)	(6 to 10)	(1.06 to 1.79)
Uzbekistan	21·5	-3·5%	0.10	0·18	75·1	69·9	72·5	200·0	17·0	22	21	0.69
	(17·7 to 26·0)	(-4·4 to -2·5)	(0.09 to 0.12)	(0·15 to 0·20)	(73·6 to 76·6)	(68·1 to 71·7)	(70·8 to 74·2)	(175·0 to 227·0)	(14·0 to 20·7)	(12 to 30)	(7 to 31)	(0.30 to 0.98)
Central Europe	5.0 (4.5 to 5.6)	-4.7% (-5.1 to -4.2)	0.08 (0.08 to 0.08)	0·18 (0·18 to 0·18)	78.3 (78.2 to 78.5)	71·3 (71·1 to 71·4)	74·7 (74·5 to 74·8)	1760-0 (1740-0 to 1780-0)	5·3 (4·8 to 5·9)	195 (140 to 243)	353 (268 to 422)	2·54 (1·89 to 3·05)
Albania	13·1	-3·7%	0.06	0·13	78.7	73·6	76.0	30·1	0·4	5	7	2·36
	(10·7 to 16·0)	(-4·8 to -2·6)	(0.05 to 0.07)	(0·11 to 0·15)	(77.6 to 79.9)	(72·1 to 75·3)	(74.7 to 77.5)	(26·5 to 33·6)	(0·3 to 0·4)	(2 to 8)	(3 to 10)	(1·05 to 3·63)
Bosnia and	5·2	-3·6%	0.07	0·15	78·3	72.6	75.4	46·4	0·1	5	8	2·05
Herzegovina	(4·4 to 6·3)	(-4·4 to -2·7)	(0.06 to 0.09)	(0·12 to 0·17)	(76·9 to 79·8)	(70.8 to 74.6)	(73.8 to 77.1)	(39·7 to 53·0)	(0·1 to 0·2)	(1 to 9)	(3 to 14)	(0·80 to 3·47)
Bulgaria	6.6	-4·6%	0·13	0·26	73·7	66·4	69·9	169·0	0·4	20	47	5·21
	(5.9 to 7.4)	(-5·2 to -4·1)	(0·13 to 0·14)	(0·25 to 0·27)	(73·3 to 74·1)	(65·9 to 67·0)	(69·4 to 70·3)	(164·0 to 173·0)	(0·3 to 0·4)	(11 to 26)	(36 to 56)	(3·82 to 6·30)
Croatia	4·6	-2·7%	0.06	0·13	80-3	74·1	77.2	62·4	0·2	5	10	1.84
	(3·8 to 5·4)	(-3·5 to -1·8)	(0.05 to 0.06)	(0·12 to 0·13)	(80-0 to 80-6)	(73·8 to 74·4)	(76·9 to 77·5)	(60·6 to 64·0)	(0·1 to 0·2)	(2 to 7)	(6 to 14)	(1.03 to 2.61)
Czechia	2.7	-3.2%	0.06	0.12	80.9	74·4	77.6	138.0	0.3	15	23	1.88
	(2·3 to 3·1)	(-4.0 to -2.4)	(0.06 to 0.06)	(0.12 to 0.13)	(80.6 to 81.1)	(74·2 to 74·6)	(77.3 to 77.8)	(136.0 to 141.0)	(0.2 to 0.3)	(8 to 22)	(12 to 32)	(1.00 to 2.57)
Hungary	4·0	-4·6%	0.09	0·19	78.0	70.9	74·5	154·0	0.4	12	26	2.02
	(3·4 to 4·7)	(-5·3 to -3·8)	(0.09 to 0.10)	(0·19 to 0·19)	(77.8 to 78.2)	(70.7 to 71.1)	(74·3 to 74·6)	(152·0 to 156·0)	(0.3 to 0.4)	(3 to 18)	(14 to 35)	(0.96 to 2.84)

	Under-5 mortality	lity	Probability of death between ages 15 and 59 years, 2021	death between years, 2021	Life expectancy	Life expectancy at birth in 2021 (years)	(years)	Total deaths in 2021 (thousands)	Total deaths among children younger than 5 years in 2021 (thousands)	Excess deaths due to COVID-19 in 2020 (thousands)	Excess deaths due to COVID-19 in 2021 (thousands)	Excess mortality rate due to COVID-19, 2020-21 (deaths per
	Mortality rate in 2021 (deaths per 1000)	Annualised rate of change, 2000–21	Females	Males	Females	Males	Both sexes					1000)
(Continued from previous page)	previous page)											
Montenegro	3·9	-5·5%	0.08	0·18	76·0	69.8	72·7	9·9	0.0	1	3	3·35
	(3·2 to 4·7)	(-6·5 to -4·5)	(0.08 to 0.09)	(0·17 to 0·19)	(75·4 to 76·6)	(69.0 to 70.5)	(72·1 to 73·3)	(9·4 to 10·4)	(0.0 to 0.0)	(1 to 1)	(3 to 3)	(2·78 to 3·90)
North	5.6	-4.9%	0.11	0·19	74·2	69-2	71.5	32.7	0·1	7	10	4.86
Macedonia	(4.9 to 6.3)	(-5.5 to -4.2)	(0.09 to 0.12)	(0·17 to 0·22)	(73·2 to 75·3)	(68-0 to 70-4)	(70.4 to 72.7)	(29.3 to 36.3)	(0·1 to 0·1)	(5 to 8)	(8 to 12)	(3.79 to 5.66)
Poland	4.4	-3.7%	0.07	0.18	79.7	71.8	75.7	517.0	1.5	65	101	2.28
	(3.9 to 5.0)	(-4.3 to -3.1)	(0.07 to 0.07)	(0.18 to 0.18)	(79.6 to 79.8)	(71.7 to 71.9)	(75.6 to 75.8)	(514.0 to 520.0)	(1·3 to 1·7)	(48 to 78)	(72 to 122)	(1.81 to 2.72)
Romania	6.7	-5.7%	0·10	0·22	76-8	69·2	72.9	334·0	1·2	38	72	3.00
	(6.1 to 7.4)	(-6.2 to -5.3)	(0·10 to 0·10)	(0·22 to 0·22)	(76-7 to 77-0)	(69·1 to 69·4)	(72.8 to 73.0)	(332·0 to 337·0)	(1·1 to 1·3)	(25 to 51)	(49 to 90)	(2.06 to 3.85)
Serbia	4·7	-5.4%	0.08	0·16	76.7	71·7	74·1	149·0	0.3	15	26	2·52
	(4·2 to 5·2)	(-6.3 to -4.6)	(0.08 to 0.09)	(0·16 to 0·16)	(76.5 to 76.9)	(71·5 to 71·8)	(74·0 to 74·3)	(147·0 to 151·0)	(0.3 to 0.4)	(5 to 27)	(6 to 44)	(0·61 to 4·24)
Slovakia	5.8	-2.6%	0.08	0·17	78·3	71·3	74·7	72·6	0·3	5	18	2·23
	(5.1 to 6.4)	(-3.2 to -2.0)	(0.08 to 0.08)	(0·17 to 0·18)	(78·1 to 78·6)	(71·0 to 71·5)	(74·6 to 74·9)	(71·5 to 73·6)	(0·3 to 0·4)	(2 to 8)	(13 to 22)	(1·38 to 2·88)
Slovenia	2·2	-4·2%	0.04	0·10	84·0	77.6	80.8	23·0	0.0	3	2	1·20
	(2·0 to 2·5)	(-4·8 to -3·6)	(0.04 to 0.04)	(0·09 to 0·10)	(83·4 to 84·6)	(77.2 to 78.1)	(80.4 to 81.3)	(22·0 to 23·9)	(0.0 to 0.0)	(1 to 4)	(0 to 4)	(0·31 to 1·88)
Eastern Europe	6.1 (5.6 to 6.5)	-5.2% (-5.6 to -4.8)	0.13 (0.12 to 0.14)	0·30 (0·28 to 0·32)	74·9 (74·2 to 75·5)	65.8 (65.0 to 66.6)	70.4 (69.8 to 70.9)	3470-0 (3340-0 to 3610-0)	11.1 (10.3 to 11.9)	436 (398 to 467)	899 (854 to 940)	3·33 (3·15 to 3·46)
Belarus	4.0	-6·9%	0.11	0.29	76.0	66.0	71.0	162·0	0.3	23	42	3.67
	(3.1 to 5.3)	(-8·2 to -5·5)	(0.10 to 0.13)	(0.25 to 0.33)	(74.4 to 77.5)	(64.2 to 67.8)	(69.2 to 72.7)	(141·0 to 186·0)	(0.3 to 0.4)	(17 to 29)	(32 to 54)	(2.78 to 4.77)
Estonia	2·5	-7.1%	0.07	0·17	81·2	72·4	76·9	18·6	0.0	0	3	1·44
	(2·2 to 2·9)	(-7.8 to -6.4)	(0.06 to 0.07)	(0·17 to 0·18)	(80·6 to 81·8)	(71·9 to 72·9)	(76·5 to 77·3)	(18·0 to 19·2)	(0.0 to 0.0)	(-1 to 1)	(2 to 5)	(0·59 to 2·33)
Latvia	3·7	-6·1%	0·10	0·26	78·1	68·3	73·2	34·2	0·1	1	7	2·35
	(3·2 to 4·3)	(-6·9 to -5·4)	(0·09 to 0·10)	(0·25 to 0·27)	(77·7 to 78·5)	(67·9 to 68·7)	(73·0 to 73·5)	(33·4 to 35·0)	(0·1 to 0·1)	(0 to 3)	(5 to 9)	(1·36 to 3·41)
Lithuania	3·5	-5.3%	0.09	0·24	78·9	69·2	74·1	47·2	0·1	5	10	2·84
	(3·1 to 3·9)	(-5.9 to -4.7)	(0.09 to 0.10)	(0·23 to 0·24)	(78·5 to 79·3)	(68·8 to 69·5)	(73·8 to 74·4)	(46·2 to 48·2)	(0·1 to 0·1)	(3 to 8)	(6 to 13)	(1·91 to 3·89)
Moldova	10·9	-4·4%	0.11	0·25	76.4	67·9	72·1	50·1	0·3	5	10	2·29
	(8·2 to 14·4)	(-5·7 to -3·0)	(0.10 to 0.12)	(0·23 to 0·27)	(75.4 to 77.3)	(66·7 to 69·0)	(71·0 to 73·2)	(47·0 to 53·6)	(0·2 to 0·4)	(5 to 6)	(10 to 11)	(2·21 to 2·38)
Russia	5.8 (5·5 to 6·2)	-5.6% (-5.9 to -5.2)	0.14 (0.14 to 0.14)	0·31 (0·31 to 0·31)	74·3 (74·3 to 74·4)	65·5 (65·5 to 65·6)	70-0 (69-9 to 70-0)	2410-0 (2410-0 to 2420-0)	8.1 (7.6 to 8.6)	357 (355 to 360)	690 (687 to 693)	3.70 (3.68 to 3.72)
Ukraine	7.8	-3·3%	0.11	0·29	75·7	66·3	71.0	745·0	2·2	44	137	2.18
	(6.2 to 9.2)	(-4·3 to -2·4)	(0.08 to 0.15)	(0·22 to 0·37)	(72·7 to 78·6)	(62·7 to 70·1)	(68·5 to 73·6)	(614·0 to 880·0)	(1·7 to 2·6)	(9 to 77)	(96 to 179)	(1.45 to 2.93)
High income	4.6 (4.2 to 5.0)	-2.4% (-2.8 to -2.0)	0.06 (0.06 to 0.06)	0·11 (0·11 to 0·11)	83.3 (83.3 to 83.4)	77-9 (77-8 to 78-0)	80.6 (80.5 to 80.7)	10 900-0 (10 800-0 to 10 900-0)	47.9 (44.0 to 52.2)	971 (939 to 1000)	947 (907 to 985)	0-90 (0-87 to 0-93)
Australasia	3·3 (2·8 to 3·8)	-3·3% (-4·0 to -2·5)	0.04 (0.04 to 0.04)	0.08 (0.08 to 0.08)	85·3 (85·3 to 85·4)	81.2 (81.1 to 81.2)	83·2 (83·2 to 83·3)	210-0 (209-0 to 210-0)	1.2 (1.0 to 1.4)	-5 (-6 to -5)	4 (3 to 5)	-0.03 (-0.06 to -0.00)
Australia	3.0	-3.6%	0.04	0.08	85·6	81·2	83·4	175·0	0·9	-3	4	0.01
	(2.5 to 3.6)	(-4.4 to -2.7)	(0.04 to 0.04)	(0.08 to 0.08)	(85·5 to 85·7)	(81·1 to 81·3)	(83·3 to 83·5)	(174·0 to 176·0)	(0·7 to 1·0)	(-4 to -3)	(3 to 4)	(-0.02 to 0.03)

Mortality rate Annualised Mortality rate Annualised in 2021 iate of (datts) per 1000) 2000-21 New Zealand 4.8 -2.3% New Zealand 4.8 -2.3% New Zealand 4.8 -2.3% Pacific (2.0 to 2.4) (-2.9 to -1.6) Brunei 9.7 (-4.5 to -3.7) Japan 2.1 -9.35% Japan 2.1 (-4.1 to -2.9) Singapore 1.7 (-4.1 to -2.9) Singapore 1.7 -4.2% Migh-income 2.5 -4.9% South Korea 2.5 -4.9% North America (2.0 to 2.9) (-5.9 to -4.0) High-income 5.7 -1.7% North America (5.2 to 6.2) (-2.5 to -3.2) Granda 3.4 to 4.8) (-2.6 to -0.9) Greenland (9.0 to 12.3) (-4.1 to -2.3)	Females Females 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.03	Males 0-08 to 0-08) 0-07 to 0-07) (0-07 to 0-07) (0-12 to 0-15) (0-15 to 0-15) (0-06 to 0-06) (0-05 to 0-05)	Females 84-1 (83-9 to 84-3) 87-8 (87.7 to 87-8)	Males						1000)
ued from previous page) ued from previous page) Zealand 4.8 (4.3 to 5.4) come Asia 2.2 i (4.3 to 5.4) come Asia 2.2 i (7.7 to 12.1) i 9.7 i 9.7 i (7.7 to 12.1) i 2.1 i (1.9 to 2.4) i 1.7 i (1.9 to 2.4) i 1.7 i (1.4 to 2.0) i 1.4 i 2.5 i (2.0 to 2.9) i (2.4 to 4.8) i 10.6 i 10.6 i 10.6 i (9.0 to 12.3)		0.08 (0.08 to 0.08) (0.07 to 0.07) (0.12 to 0.15) (0.12 to 0.15) (0.06 to 0.06) (0.05 to 0.05) 0.05	84:1 (83:9 to 84:3) 87.8 (87.7 to 87.8)		Both sexes					
Zealand 4.8 Zealand 4.8 (4.3 to 5.4) (7.0 to 2.4) (7.7 to 12.1) (7.7 to 12.1) (7.7 to 12.1) (7.7 to 12.1) (1.9 to 2.4) toore 1.7 (1.4 to 2.0) (1.4 to 2.0) toore 5.7 toore 5.7 toore 5.7 toore 5.7 toore 5.7 toore 5.7 toore 5.7 toore 5.7 too 2.9) toore 1.0 (3.4 to 4.8) too 10.12.3)		0.08 (0.08 to 0.08) 0.07 to 0.07) (0.13 to 0.15) (0.12 to 0.15) (0.06 to 0.06) (0.05 to 0.05)	84-1 (83-9 to 84-3) 87-8 (87-7 to 87-8)							
come Asia 2:2 (2.0 to 2.4) ei 9.7 (7.7 to 12.1) pore 1.7 (1.9 to 2.4) hore 2.5 (1.4 to 2.0) n Korea 2.5 vinerica (5.2 to 6.2) come 5.7 vinerica (5.2 to 6.2) da 4.0 da (3.4 to 4.8) hand 1.0.6 (9.0 to 12.3)		0.07 (0.07 to 0.07) 0.13 (0.12 to 0.15) 0.06 (0.06 to 0.06) 0.05 (0.05 to 0.05)	87.8 (87.7 to 87.8)	80.7 (80.5 to 80.9)	82·4 (82·3 to 82·6)	34·5 (34·1 to 35·0)	0·3 (0·3 to 0·3)	-2 (-2 to -2)	0 (0 to 0)	-0.21 (-0.27 to -0.15)
9.7 (7.7 to 12.1) 2.1 (1.9 to 2.4) 1.7 (1.4 to 2.0) 2.5 (1.4 to 2.0) (2.0 to 2.9) (2.0 to 2.9) 5.7 (3.4 to 4.8) 10.6 (9.0 to 12.3)		0.13 (0.12 to 0.15) 0.06 to 0.06) (0.05 to 0.05) 0.05		81.8 (81.7 to 81.9)	84·8 (84·8 to 84·9)	1800.0 (1790.0 to 1800.0)	2·7 (2·5 to 2·9)	-27 (-32 to -22)	22 (15 to 29)	-0.01 (-0.04 to 0.01)
2:1 (1.9 to 2.4) 1.7 (1.4 to 2:0) 2.5 (2.0 to 2:9) 5.7 (2.0 to 2:9) (3.4 to 4.8) 10.6 (9.0 to 12:3)		0.06 (0.06 to 0.06) 0.05 (0.05 to 0.05)	78.3 (77·1 to 79·3)	74·9 (73·6 to 76·0)	76·6 (75·4 to 77·7)	1.8 (1.7 to 2.0)	0·1 (0·0 to 0·1)	0 (0 to 0)	0 (0 to 0)	0·13 (-0·08 to 0·30)
1.7 (1.4 to 2.0) 2.5 (2.0 to 2.9) 5.7 a (5.2 to 6.2) 4.0 (3.4 to 4.8) 10.6 (9.0 to 12:3)		0.05 (0.05 to 0.05)	88.1 (88.0 to 88.2)	82·2 (82·1 to 82·2)	85·2 (85·1 to 85·2)	1440.0 (1430.0 to 1450.0)	1.8 (1.6 to 2.1)	-28 (-33 to -24)	8 (2 to 14)	-0.08 (-0.12 to -0.05)
a 2.5 (2.0 to 2.9) 5.7 a (5.2 to 6.2) 4.0 (3.4 to 4.8) 10.6 (9.0 to 12.3)		0.02	87.7 (87.5 to 87.9)	83·6 (83·4 to 83·8)	85·7 (85·5 to 85·9)	23·7 (23·3 to 24·2)	0.1 (0.1 to 0.1)	0 (-1 to 0)	2 (1 to 2)	0.10 (0.06 to 0.15)
5.7 (5.2 to 6.2) 4.0 (3.4 to 4.8) 10.6 (9.0 to 12.3)	to 0.04)	(0.07 to 0.08)	86.0 (85.9 to 86.2)	80:3 (80:1 to 80.5)	83·2 (83·1 to 83·4)	331.0 (326.0 to 336.0)	0.7 (0.5 to 0.8)	2 (1 to 3)	12 (12 to 14)	0·13 (0·12 to 0·15)
4.0 (3.4 to 4.8) 10.6 (9.0 to 12.3)	0.09 (0.09 to 0.09)	0.16 (0.16 to 0.16)	80-4 (80-3 to 80-6)	74·8 (74·6 to 74·9)	77-6 (77-4 to 77-7)	3780.0 (3750.0 to 3810.0)	23·1 (21·1 to 25·2)	530 (519 to 542)	560 (543 to 579)	1.53 (1.49 to 1.56)
10·6 (9·0 to 12·3)	0.05 (0.05 to 0.05)	0.09 (0.09 to 0.09)	84·1 (83·9 to 84·2)	79-5 (79-4 to 79-7)	81.8 (81.7 to 82.0)	310·0 (307·0 to 314·0)	1.5 (1.2 to 1.8)	37 (35 to 39)	32 (30 to 34)	0.95 (0.90 to 0.99)
	0·12 (0·11 to 0·14)	0·20 (0·17 to 0·23)	76·9 (75·7 to 77·9)	71·4 (69·7 to 72·7)	73.8 (72.4 to 75.0)	0.4 (0.4 to 0.5)	0.0 (0.0 to 0.0)	0 (0 to 0)	0 (0 to 0)	0.38 (0.08 to 0.62)
USA 5-9 -1.7% (5.4 to 6.4) (-2.1 to -1.2)	0.09 (0.09 to 0.09)	0.17 (0.16 to 0.17)	80-0 (79-9 to 80-2)	74·3 (74·1 to 74·4)	77.1 (77.0 to 77.2)	3470.0 (3440.0 to 3500.0)	21.6 (19.7 to 23.6)	493 (482 to 504)	528 (512 to 546)	1.59 (1.56 to 1.63)
Southern Latin 8.5 -3.4% America (6.9 to 10.4) (-4.4 to -2.4)	0.08 (0.08 to 0.08)	0·14 (0·14to 0·14)	79.9 (79.6 to 80.1)	73-8 (73-5 to 74-1)	76.8 (76.6 to 77.1)	553·0 (545·0 to 562·0)	6.6 (5.4 to 8.1)	41 (38 to 45)	71 (66 to 77)	0.88 (0.82 to 0.95)
Argentina 9.7 –3.3% (7.7 to 12.1) (–4.4 to –2.3)	0.08 (0.08 to 0.09)	0.15 (0.14 to 0.15)	79.1 (78.8 to 79.3)	73-0 (72·7 to 73·3)	76·1 (75·7 to 76·3)	378.0 (372.0 to 386.0)	5.2 (4·1 to 6·5)	30 (27 to 32)	44 (40 to 48)	0.85 (0.79 to 0.94)
Chile 5.7 –3.5% (4.9 to 6.4) (–4.1 to –2.8)	0.06 (0.06 to 0.06)	0·13 (0·13 to 0·13)	81·9 (81·7 to 82·1)	76·1 (76·0 to 76·3)	79.0 (78.9 to 79.2)	134·0 (133·0 to 135·0)	1.2 (1.0 to 1.3)	14 (12 to 15)	22 (21 to 23)	1.03 (0.96 to 1.10)
Uruguay 6.8 –4.2% (5.5 to 8.5) (–5.3 to –3.1)	0.09 (0.08 to 0.09)	0·17 (0·17 to 0·17)	79-4 (79-0 to 79-7)	72.0 (71.6 to 72.4)	75·7 (75·3 to 76·0)	40·5 (39·7 to 41·4)	0.2 (0.2 to 0.3)	-2 (-3 to -2)	5 (5 to 6)	0.49 (0.38 to 0.59)
Western Europe 3.5 -2.4% (3.2 to 3.8) (-2.7 to -2.0)	0.04 (0.04 to 0.04)	0.08 (0.08 to 0.08)	84·2 (84·1 to 84·3)	79-4 (79-3 to 79-4)	81.8 (81.7 to 81.9)	4540-0 (4520-0 to 4560-0)	14·3 (13·3 to 15·5)	432 (411 to 448)	291 (271 to 311)	0.85 (0.80 to 0.89)
Andorra 1.2 -5.7% (0.8 to 1.5) (-7.4 to -4.4)	0.04 (0.03 to 0.05)	0.08 (0.06 to 0.10)	85.7 (83.5 to 87.9)	80·7 (77·9 to 83·6)	83.0 (80.5 to 85.6)	0.6 (0.5 to 0.8)	0.0 (0.0 to 0.0)	0 (0 to 0)	0 (0 to 0)	0.60 (-0.31 to 1.77)

			ages 15 and 59 years, 2021	ages 15 and 59 years, 2021	-		(Jeans)	iotal geatus in 2021 (thousands)	iotal deaths among children younger than 5 years in 2021 (thousands)	Excess deaths due to COVID-19 in 2020 (thousands)	Excess deaths due to COVID-19 in 2021 (thousands)	Excess mortality rate due to COVID-19, 2020-21 (deaths per
	Mortality rate in 2021 (deaths per 1000)	Annualised rate of change, 2000-21	Females	Males	Females	Males	Both sexes					1000)
(Continued from previous page)	previous page)											
Austria	3·1	-2·9%	0.04	0.08	84·1	79·2	81.7	88·8	0·3	6	4	0-58
	(2·7 to 3·5)	(-3·5 to -2·2)	(0.04 to 0.04)	(0.08 to 0.08)	(83·9 to 84·2)	(79·1 to 79·4)	(81·5 to 81·8)	(87·7 to 89·9)	(0·2 to 0·3)	(5 to 7)	(3 to 5)	(0-44 to 0-72)
Belgium	3·7	-2·3%	0.05	0.08	84·2	79·3	81.8	111-0	0.4	17	2	0.85
	(3·0 to 4·4)	(-3·3 to -1·4)	(0.05 to 0.05)	(0.08 to 0.08)	(84·0 to 84·4)	(79·1 to 79·5)	(81.6 to 81.9)	(110-0 to 112-0)	(0.3 to 0.5)	(16 to 18)	(1 to 3)	(0.76 to 0.93)
Cyprus	2·4 (2·0 to 2·9)	-5.0% (-5.9 to -4.1)	0.04 (0.03 to 0.04)	0.07 (0.06 to 0.08)	83·2 (82·5 to 83·9)	79·2 (78·2 to 80·1)	81·2 (80·4 to 82·0)	9·2 (8·4 to 10·1)	0.0 (0.0 to 0.0)	0 (0 to 1)	$\frac{1}{(0 \text{ to } 1)}$	0.30 (-0.24 to 0.76)
Denmark	3.6	-2·1%	0.04	0.07	83·5	79·5	81.5	56·7	0·2	0	2	0.23
	(3.2 to 4.1)	(-2·7 to -1·4)	(0.04 to 0.05)	(0.07 to 0.07)	(83·3 to 83·7)	(79·3 to 79·7)	(81.3 to 81.7)	(55·8 to 57·7)	(0·2 to 0·3)	(0 to 1)	(2 to 3)	(0.14 to 0.34)
Finland	2·2	-3·1%	0.04	0.09	84·9	79·5	82·2	57∙1	0·1	1	2	0.30
	(1·9 to 2·6)	(-3·9 to -2·4)	(0.04 to 0.04)	(0.09 to 0.09)	(84·7 to 85·2)	(79·2 to 79·7)	(82·0 to 82·4)	(56∙1 to 58•1)	(0·1 to 0·1)	(0 to 2)	(2 to 3)	(0.16 to 0.43)
France	4.0	-1·4%	0.04	0.09	85·5	79·6	82·6	642·0	2·8	65	28	0.74
	(3.6 to 4.5)	(-1·9 to -0·9)	(0.04 to 0.04)	(0.09 to 0.09)	(85·4 to 85·6)	(79·5 to 79·7)	(82·5 to 82·7)	(639·0 to 646·0)	(2·5 to 3·1)	(61 to 68)	(24 to 32)	(0.68 to 0.79)
Germany	3-5 (3·3 to 3·8)	-2.0% (-2.3 to -1.6)	0.05 (0.05 to 0.05)	0.09 (0.09 to 0.09)	83.4 (83.3 to 83.5)	78·5 (78·5 to 78·6)	81.0 (80.9 to 81.0)	1010-0 (1000-0 to 1010-0)	2.8 (2.6 to 3.0)	38 (34 to 44)	63 (57 to 69)	0.60 (0.54 to 0.66)
Greece	3·9	-2·2%	0.05	0·11	82.8	77·2	80.0	144·0	0.3	5	15	0.95
	(3·4 to 4·5)	(-2·9 to -1·5)	(0.05 to 0.05)	(0·11 to 0·11)	(82.6 to 83.0)	(77·0 to 77·5)	(79.8 to 80.2)	(142·0 to 146·0)	(0.3 to 0.4)	(3 to 6)	(14 to 16)	(0.82 to 1.06)
Iceland	2·4	-2·3%	0.04	0.07	84·9	82·3	83·6	2·3	0.0	0	0	-0.02
	(2·0 to 2·9)	(-3·3 to -1·2)	(0.04 to 0.04)	(0.07 to 0.07)	(84·2 to 85·5)	(81·6 to 83·0)	(82·9 to 84·3)	(2·2 to 2·4)	(0.0 to 0.0)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 0)	(-0.25 to 0.22)
Ireland	3·4 (2·9 to 3·8)	-3·5% (-4·2 to -2·8)	0.04 (0.04 to 0.04)	0·07 (0·07 to 0·07)	84·5 (84·2 to 84·7)	80.8 (80.5 to 81.0)	82·6 (82·4 to 82·8)	32·2 (31·6 to 32·9)	0·2 (0·2 to 0·2)	0 (0 to 1)	$\frac{1}{(0 \text{ to } 1)}$	0.12 (0.02 to 0.21)
Israel	2·3	-5·1%	0.04	0.07	85·1	81·2	83.2	50·1	0.4	2	3	0.29
	(2·0 to 2·7)	(-5·8 to -4·3)	(0.03 to 0.04)	(0.07 to 0.07)	(84·9 to 85·3)	(80·9 to 81·5)	(82·9 to 83·4)	(49·0 to 51·1)	(0.4 to 0.5)	(2 to 3)	(3 to 4)	(0.24 to 0.34)
Italy	2·9	-3.0%	0.04	0.07	84·9	80·3	82·7	699.0	1·2	98	62	1·38
	(2·6 to 3·3)	(-3.6 to -2.4)	(0.04 to 0.04)	(0.07 to 0.07)	(84·8 to 85·0)	(80·2 to 80·4)	(82·6 to 82·7)	(695.0 to 702.0)	(1·0 to 1·3)	(95 to 101)	(59 to 66)	(1·34 to 1·44)
Luxembourg	3∙5	-1.0%	0.04	0.07	84·9	80-4	82·6	4·5	0.0	0	0	0.31
	(2·9 to 4·2)	(-1.9 to -0.1)	(0.04 to 0.04)	(0.06 to 0.07)	(84·4 to 85·4)	(79-8 to 81-0)	(82·0 to 83·2)	(4·3 to 4·8)	(0.0 to 0.0)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 0)	(0.09 to 0.54)
Malta	5·3	-1.7%	0.04	0.07	84·1	81·3	82.7	4.0	0.0	0	0	0.62
	(4·2 to 6·6)	(-2.9 to -0.5)	(0.04 to 0.04)	(0.07 to 0.08)	(83·4 to 84·7)	(80·6 to 82·0)	(81.9 to 83.3)	(3.8 to 4.3)	(0.0 to 0.0)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 0)	(0.32 to 0.95)
Monaco	3.8	-1.0%	0.07	0·12	81·4	76·3	78·8	0.6	0.0	0	0	1·33
	(3.7 to 3.9)	(-2.2 to 0.2)	(0.05 to 0.08)	(0·10 to 0·14)	(79·8 to 83·2)	(74·7 to 77·8)	(77·2 to 80·4)	(0.5 to 0.7)	(0.0 to 0.0)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 0)	(0·51 to 2·17)
Netherlands	3.8	-2·4%	0.05	0.06	83·2	79.8	81.5	170.0	0.7	15	15	0.92
	(3.5 to 4.2)	(-2·9 to -1·8)	(0.04 to 0.05)	(0.06 to 0.07)	(83·1 to 83·4)	(79.6 to 79.9)	(81.4 to 81.7)	(168.0 to 172.0)	(0.6 to 0.7)	(13 to 16)	(14to17)	(0.83 to 0.99)
Norway	2·1 (1·8 to 2·4)	-3·9% (-4·6 to -3·2)	0-04 (0-04 to 0-04)	0.06 (0.06 to 0.06)	84·9 (84·7 to 85·1)	81.7 (81.5 to 81.8)	83·3 (83·1 to 83·4)	41·9 (41·3 to 42·6)	0.1 (0.1 to 0.1)	0 (-1 to 0)	$\begin{array}{c}1\\(0\ \mathrm{to}\ 1)\end{array}$	0.06 (0.00 to 0.10)
Portugal	2·9	-4·4%	0.04	0.10	84·4	78-5	81.5	123.0	0.2	11	10	1.05
	(2·6 to 3·3)	(-5·0 to -3·8)	(0.04 to 0.04)	(0.10 to 0.10)	(84·3 to 84·6)	(78-3 to 78-7)	(81.4 to 81.7)	(122.0 to 124.0)	(0.2 to 0.3)	(10 to 12)	(9 to 11)	(0.95 to 1.14)
San Marino	1:7 (1:1 to 2:3)	-5·3% (-7·3 to -3·4)	0.03 (0.03 +0.04)	0.06 (0.04 to 0.08)	88:1 (01:0 + C:38)	84.4 (81.4 to 87.1)	86.2 (83.3 to 80.0)	0.3 (c.0.4.0.0)	0.0	0	0	0.78 (0.01 to 1.98)

	Under-5 mortality	llity	Probability of death betwe ages 15 and 59 years, 2021	Probability of death between ages 15 and 59 years, 2021	Life expectancy	Life expectancy at birth in 2021 (years)	(years)	Total deaths in 2021 (thousands)	Total deaths among children younger than 5 years in 2021 (thousands)	Excess deaths due to COVID-19 in 2020 (thousands)	Excess deaths due to COVID-19 in 2021 (thousands)	Excess mortality rate due to COVID-19, 2020–21 (deaths per
	Mortality rate in 2021 (deaths per 1000)	Annualised rate of change, 2000-21	Females	Males	Females	Males	Both sexes					1000)
(Continued from previous page)	previous page)											
Spain	3.0	-2·9%	0.04	0.08	85·7	79-9	82·9	445·0	1.0	72	22	1.03
	(2.7 to 3.3)	(-3·3 to -2·4)	(0.04 to 0.04)	(0.07 to 0.08)	(85·6 to 85·8)	(79-8 to 80-0)	(82·8 to 82·9)	(442·0 to 448·0)	(0.9 to 1.1)	(69 to 74)	(18 to 25)	(0.97 to 1.09)
Sweden	2·3	-2.6%	0.04	0.06	85.0	82·0	83·5	92·0	0·3	9	1	0·50
	(2·0 to 2·5)	(-3.2 to -2.0)	(0.03 to 0.04)	(0.05 to 0.06)	(84.1 to 85.9)	(80·9 to 83·0)	(82·8 to 84·2)	(86·0 to 98·7)	(0·2 to 0·3)	(8 to 9)	(-1 to 4)	(0·38 to 0·61)
Switzerland	3·7	-2·4%	0.03	0.05	86.4	82·5	84·5	69·7	0·3	9	3	0.69
	(3·3 to 4·2)	(-3·0 to -1·7)	(0.03 to 0.03)	(0.05 to 0.05)	(86.2 to 86.6)	(82·3 to 82·7)	(84·3 to 84·7)	(68·7 to 70·7)	(0·3 to 0·4)	(8 to 9)	(2 to 4)	(0.61 to 0.76)
UK	4·2 (3·8 to 4·6)	-2·3% (-2·9 to -1·7)	0.06 (0.06 to 0.06)	0·10 (0·10 to 0·10)	82·4 (82·3 to 82·5)	78·2 (78·1 to 78·3)	80·3 (80·2 to 80·3)	686.0 (683.0 to 690.0)		82 (80 to 85)	55 (51 to 58)	1.02 (0.99 to 1.06)
Latin America and Caribbean	16-5 (13-4 to 20-2)	-3·5% (-4·5 to -2·5)	0.13 (0.12 to 0.13)	0.23 (0.22 to 0.24)	75-9 (75-2 to 76-6)	68.9 (68.1 to 69.7)	72·3 (71·5 to 73·0)	4980-0 (4770-0 to 5200-0)	155-0 (125-0 to 190-0)	922 (847 to 1010)	1390 (1280 to 1520)	1.99 (1.85 to 2.15)
Andean Latin	16·7	-4.8%	0.13	0·22	74·3	68-3	71.1	565·0	20·6	220	246	3·79
America	(13·1 to 20·8)	(-6.0 to -3.6)	(0.11 to 0.14)	(0·20 to 0·24)	(72·9 to 75·5)	(66-9 to 69-6)	(69.8 to 72.4)	(514·0 to 621·0)	(16·2 to 25·7)	(209 to 231)	(233 to 258)	(3·59 to 3·97)
Bolivia	27·9	-4·5%	0.19	0.28	68·8	63.8	66-2	121·0	6.8	40	53	4·19
	(23·5 to 32·7)	(-5·4 to -3·6)	(0.16 to 0.22)	(0.25 to 0.32)	(66·7 to 70·5)	(61.9 to 65.6)	(64-1 to 67-9)	(106·0 to 140·0)	(5.7 to 8.0)	(33 to 46)	(46 to 59)	(3·58 to 4·72)
Ecuador	13·7	-4·3%	0.10	0·19	77-1	71.0	74.0	124·0	4:4	50	38	2·58
	(10·5 to 17·9)	(-5·7 to -2·9)	(0.09 to 0.12)	(0·16 to 0·22)	(75-5 to 78-7)	(69.0 to 73.1)	(72.1 to 75.7)	(107·0 to 143·0)	(3:4 to 5:8)	(43 to 58)	(28 to 46)	(2·10 to 3·02)
Peru	14·0	-5·2%	0·12	0·21	74·9	68.8	71.6	320·0	9.4	130	155	4·27
	(9·5 to 19·1)	(-7·0 to -3·6)	(0·11 to 0·14)	(0·19 to 0·24)	(73·4 to 76·3)	(67.3 to 70.1)	(70.2 to 73.0)	(289·0 to 357·0)	(6.4 to 12.8)	(129 to 131)	(154 to 156)	(4·24 to 4·30)
Caribbean	40-8	-1·1%	0.15	0.23	72·5	66·9	69·6	488.0	32·5	21	107	1.48
	(33-9 to 48-8)	(-2·0 to -0·3)	(0.13 to 0.17)	(0.20 to 0.25)	(70·7 to 74·1)	(64·9 to 68·7)	(67·7 to 71·3)	(440.0 to 541.0)	(26·9 to 39·0)	(-7 to 48)	(60 to 155)	(0.60 to 2.32)
Antigua and	9.3	-1.9%	0.09	0·14	77.1	73.0	75.0	0.7	0.0	0	0	-0.12
Barbuda	(8.0 to 10.7)	(-2.8 to -0.8)	(0.09 to 0.10)	(0·13 to 0·14)	(76.7 to 77.3)	(72.7 to 73.3)	(74.8 to 75.1)	(0.7 to 0.7)	(0.0 to 0.0)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 0)	(-0.55 to 0.28)
The Bahamas	10·2 (7·8 to 13·5)	-2·2% (-3·5 to -0·6)	0.16 (0.14 to 0.19)	0·29 (0·25 to 0·33)	73·6 (71·7 to 75·4)	66·1 (63·7 to 68·2)	69.8 (67.5 to 71.8)	3.8 (3.3 to 4.4)	0.0 (0.0 to 0.0)	$\begin{array}{c}1\\(0\mathrm{to}1)\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c}1\\(1\ \mathrm{to}\ 1)\end{array}$	2·33 (1·56 to 2·88)
Barbados	11·7 (8·2 to 16·3)	-1·1% (-2·6 to 0·5)	0.10 (0.08 to 0.12)	0·14 (0·11 to 0·17)	77.6 (75.5 to 79.7)	74·4 (71·8 to 76·8)	76-0 (73-7 to 78-3)	3.3 (2.8 to 3.9)	0.1 (0.1 to 0.1)	0 (-1 to 0)	0 (0 to 0)	-1.03 (-1.86 to -0.23)
Belize	14·4	-3·5%	0.13	0·21	76·1	70·5	73·2	2·3	0.0	0	0	0.72
	(11·9 to 17·5)	(-4·5 to -2·4)	(0.12 to 0.14)	(0·19 to 0·23)	(74·9 to 77·3)	(69·0 to 72·3)	(71·8 to 74·7)	(2·1 to 2·6)	(0.0 to 0.0)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 1)	(0.46 to 0.96)
Bermuda	3.8	-1.9%	0.06	0.13	83·3	75.6	79.3	0.7	0.5	0	0	1.23
	(3·2 to 4·5)	(-3.0 to -0.7)	(0.05 to 0.07)	(0.11 to 0.14)	(81·5 to 84·7)	(73.9 to 77.1)	(77.5 to 80.8)	(0.7 to 0.9)	(0.4 to 0.5)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 0)	(0.53 to 1.90)
Cuba	4.6	-3.0%	0.10	0·19	77·3	70-9	73·9	165.0	0.0	1	55	2·65
	(3.9 to 5.3)	(-3.7 to -2.2)	(0.09 to 0.11)	(0·17 to 0·20)	(76·3 to 78·3)	(69-9 to 72-1)	(73·0 to 74·9)	(151.0 to 178.0)	(0.0 to 0.0)	(-4 to 7)	(45 to 65)	(1·96 to 3·40)
Dominica	27.6	1.8%	0·12	0.21	73·3	67.4	70.2	0.8	5·3	0	0	1.24
	(20·2 to 37·1)	(0·1 to 3·3)	(0·10 to 0·15)	(0.17 to 0.26)	(70·8 to 75·5)	(64.4 to 70.3)	(67.4 to 72.7)	(0.6 to 1.0)	(4·3 to 6·4)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 0)	(0.44 to 2.38)
Dominican	24·9	-2.4%	0.10	0·20	77·3	70·5	73·7	73·0	0.0	1	9	0·48
Republic	(20·2 to 30·1)	(-3.4 to -1.4)	(0.09 to 0.12)	(0·17 to 0·23)	(75·5 to 78·9)	(68·3 to 72·5)	(71·8 to 75·5)	(64·1 to 82·9)	(0.0 to 0.0)	(-10 to 13)	(-5 to 20)	(-0·62 to 1·53)

			ages 15 and 59 years, 2021	ages 15 and 59 years, 2021				2021 (thousands)	among children younger than 5 years in 2021 (thousands)	deaths due to COVID-19 in 2020 (thousands)	due to COVID-19 in 2021 (thousands)	mortality rate due to COVID-19, 2020–21 (deaths per
	Mortality rate in 2021 (deaths per 1000)	Annualised rate of change, 2000–21	Females	Males	Females	Males	Both sexes					1000)
(Continued from previous page)	previous page)											
Grenada	12·6	-1·4%	0.14	0.23	72·9	67.3	69·9	1·1	0.3	0	0	1·54
	(10·1 to 15·6)	(-2·3 to -0·4)	(0.12 to 0.18)	(0.19 to 0.30)	(70·5 to 74·9)	(64.1 to 69.7)	(66·9 to 72·2)	(0·9 to 1·4)	(0.3 to 0.4)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 1)	(0·58 to 3·10)
Guyana	22·7	-2·7%	0·22	0.37	68·6	61·1	64·6	8.6	24·0	1	2	2·37
	(17·0 to 29·7)	(-4·2 to -1·2)	(0·17 to 0·28)	(0.29 to 0.46)	(65·0 to 72·1)	(57·0 to 65·4)	(60·6 to 68·6)	(6.4 to 11.6)	(19·9 to 28·8)	(0 to 2)	(1 to 5)	(0·77 to 4·53)
Haiti	70.6	-1.9%	0.28	0-34	61.5	58·8	60·1	131.0	0.5	14	26	1.67
	(59.2 to 84.1)	(-2.9 to -1.0)	(0.23 to 0.35)	(0-26 to 0-43)	(58.2 to 64.6)	(54·9 to 62·5)	(56·5 to 63·6)	(104.0 to 166.0)	(0.4 to 0.7)	(5 to 27)	(10 to 53)	(0.65 to 3.23)
Jamaica	15-0	-1-8%	0.12	0.16	76.4	72.0	74·1	24·2	0.1	0	5	0.90
	(11-0 to 20-1)	(-3·5 to 0·0)	(0.10 to 0.15)	(0.13 to 0.20)	(73.7 to 78.9)	(69.1 to 75.1)	(71·3 to 76·9)	(19·5 to 29·2)	(0.1 to 0.1)	(-2 to 1)	(3 to 7)	(0.25 to 1.61)
Puerto Rico	6-4	-2.7%	0.06	0.16	84·5	76·6	80·6	34·1	0.0	2	2	0.64
	(5-4 to 7-7)	(-3.6 to -1.7)	(0.05 to 0.07)	(0.13 to 0.18)	(82·8 to 86·4)	(74·4 to 79·1)	(78·5 to 82·8)	(29·1 to 39·3)	(0.0 to 0.0)	(-1 to 4)	(-1 to 5)	(-0.21 to 1.28)
Saint Kitts and	15·9	-1.6%	0.10	0.21	75-5	68-5	71.8	0.5	0.0	0	0	0.76
Nevis	(12·5 to 20·4)	(-2.9 to -0.4)	(0.09 to 0.12)	(0.18 to 0.24)	(73-9 to 77-1)	(66-7 to 70-2)	(70.1 to 73.5)	(0.5 to 0.6)	(0.0 to 0.0)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 0)	(0.30 to 1.13)
Saint Lucia	15·6	-1.0%	0·11	0.20	76-5	69.7	72·9	1·9	0.0	0	0	1·45
	(11·2 to 21·2)	(-2.7 to 0.6)	(0·09 to 0·14)	(0.16 to 0.25)	(73-8 to 78-9)	(66.4 to 72.7)	(69·7 to 75·6)	(1·6 to 2·5)	(0.0 to 0.0)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 1)	(0·48 to 2·74)
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	13.0 (9.6 to 17.2)	-3.1% (-4.7 to -1.6)	0.14 (0.12 to 0.16)	0.22 (0.20 to 0.24)	75·2 (73·7 to 76·6)	69.7 (68.0 to 71.3)	72·2 (70·5 to 73·7)	1·2 (1·0 to 1·3)	0.2 (0.2 to 0.3)	0 (0 to 0)	0 (0 to 0)	0.62 (0.20 to 1.11)
Suriname	24·8 (18·9 to 32·0)	-2·3% (-3·7 to -0·8)	0·14 (0·12 to 0·18)	0.25 (0.21 to 0.31)	74.2 (70.9 to 76.7)	67.5 (63.4 to 70.7)	70.8 (66.9 to 73.6)	5·4 (4·3 to 7·2)	0.0 (0.0 to 0.1)	0 (0 to 0)	$\frac{1}{(0 \text{ to } 3)}$	0.79 (0.03 to 2.25)
Trinidad and	13·6	-3·2%	0·14	0.25	75.0	67.6	71.0	16·7	0.2	1	4	2.00
Tobago	(10·2 to 18·0)	(-4·7 to -1·7)	(0·11 to 0·17)	(0.20 to 0.31)	(72.0 to 78.0)	(64.1 to 71.2)	(67.7 to 74.4)	(12·8 to 21·4)	(0.2 to 0.3)	(0 to 2)	(2 to 8)	(0.74 to 3.74)
Virgin Islands	5·9	-3·1%	0.08	0.21	82·3	71·3	76·6	0·9	0.0	0	0	1·49
	(4·8 to 7·3)	(-3·9 to -2·2)	(0.06 to 0.10)	(0.17 to 0.26)	(79·4 to 84·6)	(67·7 to 74·5)	(73·1 to 79·5)	(0·7 to 1·2)	(0.0 to 0.0)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 0)	(0·45 to 3·33)
Central Latin America	15.4 (11.9 to 19.7)	-3·1% (-4·5 to -1·9)	0·13 (0·12 to 0·13)	0.24 (0.23 to 0.25)	75.7 (74.9 to 76.5)	68·3 (67·3 to 69·3)	71.9 (70.9 to 72.8)	2080.0 (1970.0 to 2200.0)	60.4 (46.7 to 77.3)	497 (446 to 545)	610 (538 to 688)	2·21 (2·00 to 2·43)
Colombia	11·9	-3.8%	0.08	0.16	79·7	72.6	76·1	354·0	8.1	49	105	1.70
	(8·6 to 16·3)	(-5.4 to -2.1)	(0.08 to 0.10)	(0.15 to 0.18)	(78·2 to 81·2)	(70.8 to 74.5)	(74·5 to 77·8)	(314·0 to 398·0)	(5.8 to 11.0)	(37 to 62)	(78 to 127)	(1.28 to 2.08)
Costa Rica	9-4	-1.4%	0.08	0.17	81.2	74·3	77.7	30.7	0.5	1	6	0.74
	(8-2 to 10-7)	(-2.0 to -0.7)	(0.08 to 0.08)	(0.17 to 0.18)	(80.8 to 81·5)	(73·9 to 74·6)	(77.3 to 78.1)	(29.9 to 31.5)	(0.5 to 0.6)	(0 to 3)	(3 to 8)	(0.30 to 1.10)
El Salvador	9·5	-5·3%	0.12	0.28	77·2	67.9	72.7	52·0	1·1	6	11	1.40
	(7·1 to 12·5)	(-6·8 to -3·9)	(0·10 to 0·14)	(0·24 to 0·32)	(75·4 to 79·1)	(65.4 to 70.4)	(70.6 to 74.9)	(44·8 to 59·9)	(0·8 to 1·5)	(5 to 7)	(9 to 13)	(1.19 to 1.63)
Guatemala	25·5	-3·2%	0.15	0.27	72·7	66·2	69.4	113·0	7.6	20	32	1.78
	(20·0 to 32·6)	(-4·4 to -1·9)	(0.14 to 0.17)	(0.24 to 0.29)	(71·3 to 74·1)	(64·4to 67·9)	(67.8 to 71.0)	(102·0 to 125·0)	(6.0 to 9.8)	(16 to 23)	(27 to 37)	(1.46 to 2.06)
Honduras	15·0	-4·1%	0.18	0.25	70.7	66·4	68-5	72·9	3·3	12	20	1.65
	(12·2 to 18·2)	(-5·3 to -3·1)	(0.15 to 0.22)	(0.21 to 0.30)	(68.4 to 72.6)	(64·3 to 68·2)	(66-3 to 70-3)	(64·5 to 84·7)	(2·7 to 4·0)	(10 to 14)	(16 to 26)	(1.35 to 2.06)
Mexico	14·8 (11·6 to 18·9)	-3·2% (-4·5 to -2·0)	0·14 (0·14 to 0·14)	0.27 (0.27 to 0.27)	74·7 (74·4 to 74·9)	67.4 (67.0 to 67.7)	70.9 (70.6 to 71.2)	1120-0 (1110-0 to 1120-0)	28·1 (22·0 to 36·0)	335 (302 to 362)	341 (291 to 390)	2.61 (2.36 to 2.84)

	Under-5 mortality	lity	Probability of death betwe ages 15 and 59 years, 2021	Probability of death between ages 15 and 59 years, 2021	Life expectancy	Life expectancy at birth in 2021 (years)	(years)	Total deaths in 2021 (thousands)	Total deaths among children younger than 5 years in 2021 (thousands)	Excess deaths due to COVID-19 in 2020 (thousands)	Excess deaths due to COVID-19 in 2021 (thousands)	Excess mortality rate due to COVID-19, 2020–21 (deaths per
	Mortality rate in 2021 (deaths per 1000)	Annualised rate of change, 2000–21	Females	Males	Females	Males	Both sexes					1000)
(Continued from previous page)	previous page)											
Nicaragua	13·8	-4.6%	0·11	0·21	76.8	69·9	73·3	38·3	1.8	14	16	2·21
	(10·3 to 18·0)	(-6.0 to -3.1)	(0·10 to 0·12)	(0·19 to 0·23)	(75.6 to 77.9)	(68·5 to 71·2)	(72·0 to 74·4)	(35·0 to 42·2)	(1.3 to 2.3)	(12 to 15)	(14 to 18)	(1·99 to 2·42)
Panama	14·1	-2·3%	0.08	0·14	81·4	75·5	78·3	23·9	1.0	3	3	0.81
	(11·0 to 17·8)	(-3·5 to -1·0)	(0.06 to 0.09)	(0·11 to 0·16)	(79·5 to 83·5)	(73·1 to 78·2)	(76·2 to 80·8)	(19·7 to 27·9)	(0.8 to 1.3)	(1 to 4)	(1 to 5)	(0.33 to 1.20)
Venezuela	19.7	-0.8%	0·13	0·28	74·6	65·1	69·7	276·0	8.9	58	77	2·22
	(14.8 to 25.8)	(-2.2 to 0.5)	(0·11 to 0·16)	(0·23 to 0·32)	(72·3 to 76·9)	(62·2 to 68·1)	(67·0 to 72·3)	(231·0 to 326·0)	(6.6 to 11.6)	(52 to 64)	(68 to 87)	(2·00 to 2·43)
Tropical Latin America	12.0 (9.9 to 14.6)	-4.8% (-5.9 to -3.7)	0.12 (0.12 to 0.12)	0.22 (0.22 to 0.23)	77.3 (77.1 to 77.6)	70.2 (69.9 to 70.4)	73·7 (73·4 to 73·9)	1850.0 (1830.0 to 1870.0)	41.4 (33.8 to 50.3)	184 (170 to 197)	426 (408 to 444)	1·35 (1·29 to 1·41)
Brazil	11.9 (9.8 to 14.4)	-4.9% (-6.0 to -3.8)	0.12 (0.12 to 0.12)	0.22 (0.22 to 0.23)	77.4 (77.2 to 77.6)	70.2 (69.9 to 70.4)	73·7 (73·5 to 73·9)	1800.0 (1780.0 to 1810.0)	39.5 (32.4 to 47.8)	183 (169 to 197)	411 (393 to 429)	1.36 (1.29 to 1.42)
Paraguay	14·7	-3.0%	0·11	0.21	75.9	69.0	72·2	50·7	1·9	1	15	1·11
	(10·5 to 19·6)	(-4.5 to -1.5)	(0·10 to 0·14)	(0.18 to 0.25)	(73.8 to 77.6)	(66.5 to 71.1)	(69·9 to 74·2)	(43·7 to 59·3)	(1·4 to 2·5)	(0 to 1)	(14 to 16)	(1·04 to 1·18)
North Africa and Middle East	20.2 (17.4 to 23.3)	-4.8% (-5.5 to -4.1)	0-12 (0-11 to 0-13)	0.19 (0.18 to 0.21)	73·7 (72·6 to 74·7)	68-9 (67-8 to 70-1)	71.1 (70.0 to 72.2)	4050.0 (3730.0 to 4390.0)	243-0 (208-0 to 280-0)	679 (583 to 753)	934 (797 to 1060)	1·33 (1·14 to 1·49)
Afghanistan	48.7	-4.7%	0-33	0·42	60.7	55·9	58.2	272.0	58-0	43	50	1.01
	(40.5 to 58·4)	(-5.7 to -3.8)	(0-27 to 0-39)	(0·37 to 0·47)	(58·5 to 62·8)	(54·0 to 57·9)	(56.3 to 60.3)	(241.0 to 305.0)	(48-1 to 69-8)	(32 to 57)	(40 to 59)	(0.78 to 1.24)
Algeria	16·9	-4·1%	0.10	0.15	75.4	72.1	73.6	273·0	15·5	53	79	1·56
	(13·4 to 21·0)	(-5·4 to -2·9)	(0.09 to 0.11)	(0.13 to 0.17)	(74.3 to 76.4)	(70.6 to 73.6)	(72.3 to 74.9)	(243·0 to 306·0)	(12·2 to 19·3)	(51 to 54)	(62 to 95)	(1·35 to 1·75)
Bahrain	5.7 (4.8 to 6.7)	-3·5% (-4·4 to -2·7)	0.09 (0.08 to 0.10)	0·13 (0·11 to 0·14)	75·1 (74·1 to 76·0)	72·2 (71·1 to 73·3)	73·3 (72·3 to 74·4)	6·3 (5·6 to 7·0)	0·1 (0·1 to 0·1)	$\begin{array}{c}1\\(1\mathrm{to}1)\end{array}$	2 (1 to 2)	0.91 (0.75 to 1.03)
Egypt	12·8	-6.0%	0·14	0·24	70·2	66·9	68-4	712·0	33·1	89	152	1.20
	(10·5 to 15·7)	(-7.1 to -4.8)	(0·12 to 0·17)	(0·20 to 0·27)	(68·7 to 71·6)	(65·0 to 68·7)	(66-7 to 70-0)	(612·0 to 823·0)	(27·1 to 40·7)	(58 to 121)	(98 to 196)	(0.81 to 1.55)
Iran	5·3 (4·4 to 6·2)	-9.7% (-10.7 to -8.6)	0.09 (0.08 to 0.09)	0.17 (0.16 to 0.18)	77.2 (76.8 to 77.6)	71.9 (71.5 to 72.3)	74·4 (74·1 to 74·6)	569.0 (556.0 to 582.0)	5.6 (4.7 to 6.7)	158 (153 to 162)	205 (198 to 210)	2·12 (2·07 to 2·16)
Iraq	18.8	-4·3%	0·13	0.21	73·5	67.5	70.2	233.0	15·7	60	50	1.65
	(14·8 to 23·7)	(-5·4 to -3·0)	(0·10 to 0·16)	(0.17 to 0.26)	(71·6 to 75·4)	(65.6 to 70.0)	(68.3 to 72.5)	(193.0 to 269.0)	(12·4 to 19·9)	(50 to 70)	(35 to 62)	(1.33 to 1.94)
Jordan	11·5	-3.9%	0.08	0·13	77.6	74·1	75·7	45·5	2·5	9	15	1.01
	(9·4 to 14·1)	(-4.9 to -2.8)	(0.07 to 0.09)	(0·11 to 0·15)	(76.1 to 78.9)	(72·4 to 75·9)	(74·1 to 77·3)	(39·2 to 52·3)	(2·0 to 3·0)	(6 to 11)	(11 to 18)	(0.70 to 1.22)
Kuwait	8.1	-1.7%	0.04	0.09	85·1	78.1	80.7	12·1	0.4	2	2	0.48
	(6·6 to 9·7)	(-2.6 to -0.7)	(0.03 to 0.04)	(0.07 to 0.10)	(84·0 to 86·2)	(76.3 to 80.0)	(79.2 to 82·3)	(10·4 to 13·9)	(0.3 to 0.5)	(2 to 3)	(1 to 3)	(0.32 to 0.62)
Lebanon	7.7	-4.9%	0.08	0.16	78·4	72·2	75.2	49·6	0.6	8	18	2.86
	(5.4 to 10.9)	(-6.5 to -3.2)	(0.07 to 0.09)	(0.14 to 0.17)	(77·4 to 79·3)	(70·9 to 73·3)	(74.0 to 76.2)	(45·6 to 54·6)	(0.4 to 0.9)	(7 to 9)	(16 to 19)	(2.59 to 3.17)
Libya	21·6	-0.7%	0·13	0.20	73·4	68·7	70.8	46·3	1.8	6	10	1·24
	(16·9 to 27·0)	(-1.9 to 0.5)	(0·11 to 0·16)	(0.17 to 0.24)	(70·9 to 75·4)	(66·0 to 71·1)	(68·2 to 73·1)	(38·9 to 55·7)	(1·4 to 2·2)	(5 to 7)	(8 to 12)	(0·99 to 1·48)
Morocco	14.8	-5.9%	0.13	0.16	73·9	70·9	72·3	286.0	9·5	52	46	1·41
	(12·1 to 17·8)	(-6.9 to -4.8)	(0.10 to 0.16)	(0.13 to 0.19)	(72·2 to 75·8)	(69·4 to 72·9)	(70·7 to 74·3)	(241.0 to 318.0)	(7·7 to 11·4)	(41 to 62)	(36 to 57)	(1·15 to 1·68)

			ages 15 and 59 years, 2021) years, 2021	-	-		2021 (thousands)	among children younger than 5 years in 2021 (thousands)	deaths due to COVID-19 in 2020 (thousands)	coversion due to due to COVID-19 in 2021 (thousands)	mortality rate due to COVID-19, 2020-21 (deaths per 1000)
	Mortality rate in 2021 (deaths per 1000)	Annualised rate of change, 2000–21	Females	Males	Females	Males	Both sexes					、
ontinued from	(Continued from previous page)											
Oman	9.1	-2.5%	0.09	0.16	76·3	70·5	72.7	17.0	0.7	3	6	1.05
	(8.0 to 10.2)	(-3.1 to -1.8)	(0.08 to 0.10)	(0.15 to 0.18)	(75·1 to 77·4)	(69·1 to 71·7)	(71.4 to 73.9)	(15.3 to 19.0)	(0.6 to 0.8)	(3 to 4)	(5 to 6)	(0.98 to 1.11)
Palestine	10.8	-4.6%	0.08	0.15	76.2	71·5	73.8	19·5	1.3	1	4	0.50
	(8.6 to 13·9)	(-5.8 to -3.4)	(0.07 to 0.09)	(0.13 to 0.17)	(75.2 to 77.2)	(70·3 to 72·8)	(72.6 to 74.9)	(17·5 to 21·6)	(1.0 to 1.7)	(0 to 2)	(3 to 5)	(0.34 to 0.66)
Qatar	3.6 (2.9 to 4.6)	-5·2% (-6·3 to -4·2)	0.05 (0.04 to 0.06)	0.09 (0.07 to 0.11)	79.2 (77.6 to 80.7)	76·1 (74·2 to 77·9)	77.2 (75.4 to 78.9)	5·1 (4·2 to 6·0)	0.1 (0.1 to 0.2)	$\begin{array}{c}1\\(1\mathrm{to}1)\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c}1\\(1\ \mathrm{to}\ 1)\end{array}$	0-31 (0-23 to 0-37)
Saudi Arabia	4·2	-8.2%	0·14	0.19	75·1	71.8	73·1	156.0	2·0	15	12	0.38
	(3·2 to 5·3)	(-9.7 to -6.8)	(0·11 to 0·17)	(0.16 to 0.23)	(72·9 to 77·2)	(69.9 to 73.6)	(71·1 to 75·0)	(129.0 to 187.0)	(1·5 to 2·5)	(12 to 18)	(8 to 17)	(0·29 to 0·46)
Sudan	36·8	-5.0%	0.16	0.22	70.1	66·3	68-0	246·0	42·5	37	48	1.08
	(29·5 to 45·0)	(-6.1 to -4.0)	(0.13 to 0.20)	(0.17 to 0.27)	(67.2 to 72.7)	(63·1 to 69·3)	(64-9 to 70-8)	(200·0 to 300·0)	(33·9 to 52·1)	(27 to 46)	(26 to 72)	(0.69 to 1.50)
Syria	10·0	-2·9%	0·10	0·19	74·7	70.1	72·4	104·0	2·0	7	16	0.53
	(8·0 to 12·4)	(-3·9 to -1·8)	(0·08 to 0·13)	(0·15 to 0·23)	(72·5 to 76·6)	(67.5 to 72.4)	(69·9 to 74·6)	(85·4 to 128·0)	(1·6 to 2·5)	(5 to 8)	(11 to 22)	(0.38 to 0.69)
Tunisia	10·3	-5·2%	0.09	0·17	77·1	70.8	73·7	103·0	1.7	8	34	1.87
	(8·4 to 12·5)	(-6·2 to -4·1)	(0.07 to 0.11)	(0·14 to 0·21)	(75·1 to 79·0)	(68·5 to 73·1)	(71·5 to 75·9)	(84·9 to 124·0)	(1.4 to 2.1)	(-1 to 15)	(26 to 42)	(1.14 to 2.54)
Türkiye	11·1	-6·3%	0.07	0·14	78·3	72·3	75·2	654·0	11·4	111	144	1.62
	(9·1 to 13·4)	(-7·3 to -5·3)	(0.06 to 0.08)	(0·12 to 0·17)	(77·0 to 79·5)	(70·7 to 74·0)	(73·7 to 76·7)	(566·0 to 744·0)	(9·3 to 13·7)	(83 to 135)	(107 to 172)	(1.21 to 1.87)
United Arab	4.8	-4.2%	0.06	0.09	71.5	77.5	75.0	20·1	0·4	-2	4	0.21
Emirates	(4·1 to 5·7)	(-5.1 to -3·5)	(0.05 to 0.07)	(0.07 to 0.10)	(70.8 to 72.3)	(75.7 to 79.6)	(73.6 to 76.6)	(15·9 to 23·7)	(0·3 to 0·4)	(-7 to 2)	(0 to 5)	(-0.24 to 0.61)
Yemen	38·9	-4·1%	0.18	0.29	68-5	62·4	65·3	216·0	37.8	19	37	0.85
	(32·0 to 46·5)	(-5·1 to -3·2)	(0.14 to 0.23)	(0.24 to 0.35)	(65-5 to 70-9)	(59·4 to 65·2)	(62·2 to 67·9)	(181·0 to 263·0)	(30·9 to 45·3)	(15 to 22)	(15 to 65)	(0·50 to 1·29)
South Asia	37·1 (31·4 to 44·2)	-3.6% (-4.5 to -2.7)	0.15 (0.14 to 0.17)	0.23 (0.21 to 0.25)	70-8 (69-8 to 71-8)	66.4 (65.4 to 67.4)	68-5 (67-6 to 69-3)	14 800-0 (14 000-0 to 15 600-0)	1180-0 (995-0 to 1410-0)	1610 (1500 to 1710)	2830 (2710 to 2960)	1.28 (1.24 to 1.32)
Bangladesh	28.0 (22·5 to 34·6)	-5·3% (-6·4 to -4·2)	0.11 (0.09 to 0.13)	0.16 (0.14 to 0.19)	74·1 (72·0 to 76·1)	70.6 (68.3 to 72.8)	72·3 (70·0 to 74·3)	1100-0 (929-0 to 1280-0)	79.2 (63.4 to 98.0)	152 (127 to 208)	180 (154 to 219)	1.07 (0.92 to 1.37)
Bhutan	29·3	-5.2%	0.10	0.13	74.9	72·7	73·7	4∙4	0.4	0	0	0.09
	(22·8 to 36·6)	(-6.4 to -3.9)	(0.08 to 0.13)	(0.10 to 0.16)	(72.6 to 77.3)	(70·2 to 75·2)	(71·3 to 76·2)	(3·7 to 5·2)	(0.3 to 0.5)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 0)	(0.07 to 0.11)
India	33·1 (26·9 to 40·8)	-4.0% (-5.2 to -2.8)	0:15 (0:14 to 0:17)	0.23 (0.21 to 0.25)	71·2 (70·2 to 72·4)	66·6 (65·4 to 67·7)	68·7 (67.8 to 69·6)	11 700-0 (11100-0 to 12 500-0)	730.0 (590.0 to 902.0)	1170 (1100 to 1240)	2270 (2160 to 2370)	1.29 (1.26 to 1.33)
Nepal	28·4	-5.1%	0.15	0·24	70.8	66.1	68-4	252.0	18·2	29	62	1.47
	(22·0 to 36·4)	(-6.3 to -3.8)	(0.13 to 0.18)	(0·21 to 0·27)	(68.8 to 72·4)	(64.1 to 67.8)	(66-4 to 70-1)	(224.0 to 290.0)	(14·0 to 23·4)	(22 to 32)	(58 to 70)	(1.39 to 1.59)
Pakistan	56·3 (46·2 to 68·0)	-2.2% (-3.2 to -1.2)	0:19 (0·15 to 0·24)	0.25 (0.20 to 0.30)	66-4 (63-8 to 68-8)	63.8 (61·3 to 66·1)	65.0 (63.1 to 66.9)	1720-0 (1520-0 to 1940-0)	353·0 (288·0 to 428·0)	254 (236 to 271)	311 (258 to 385)	1.28 (1.15 to 1.48)

	Under-5 mortainty	Â	Probability of death between ages 15 and 59 years, 2021	death between I years, 2021	Life expectancy	Life expectancy at birth in 2021 (years)	(years)	Total deaths in 2021 (thousands)	Total deaths among children younger than 5 years in 2021 (thousands)	Excess deaths due to COVID-19 in 2020 (thousands)	Excess deaths due to COVID-19 in 2021 (thousands)	Excess mortality rate due to COVID-19, 2020–21 (deaths per 1000)
	Mortality rate in 2021 (deaths per 1000)	Annualised rate of change, 2000-21	Females	Males	Females	Males	Both sexes					
(Continued from previous page)	orevious page)											
Southeast Asia, east Asia, and Oceania	14·6 (12·6 to 17·0)	-5·1% (-5·8 to -4·4)	0.08 (0.07 to 0.09)	0.15 (0.13 to 0.17)	78.6 (77·2 to 80·0)	72·5 (70·9 to 74·1)	75.4 (74-1 to 76.6)	17 800-0 (15 900-0 to 19 900-0)	352-0 (302-0 to 411-0)	165 (-39 to 534)	869 (424 to 1490)	0-24 (0-09 to 0-44)
East Asia	7:3 (6:2 to 8·6)	-7.9% (-8.9 to -6.9)	0.06 (0.04 to 0.07)	0.12 (0.09 to 0.15)	80.7 (78.9 to 82.5)	74.8 (72.7 to 77.0)	77.6 (76.0 to 79.1)	12100-0 (10400-0to 14000-0)	90.0 (76.2 to 107.0)	55 (-6 to 292)	12 (-14 to 72)	0.02 (-0.01 to 0.12)
China	7.2 (6-1 to 8-6)	-7.7% (-8.5 to -6.8)	0.05 (0.04 to 0.07)	0.12 (0.09 to 0.14)	80.7 (78.9 to 82.6)	74·9 (72·7 to 77·1)	77.6 (76.0 to 79.2)	11 700-0 (9980-0 to 13 600-0)	86.1 (72.3 to 102.0)	59 (3 to 283)	11 (-2 to 55)	0.02 (0.00 to 0.12)
North Korea	10-5 (7-8 to 13-9)	-10.9% (-15.4 to -7.3)	0.12 (0.09 to 0.15)	0.20 (0.16 to 0.25)	76·2 (73·6 to 78·5)	70·1 (67·8 to 72·5)	73·3 (70·7 to 75·7)	242.0 (202.0 to 288.0)	3·1 (2·3 to 4·1)	1 (0 to 5)	0 (0 to 1)	0.02 (0.00 to 0.12)
Taiwan (province of China)	4.6 (4.1 to 5.2)	-2.7% (-3.4 to -2.1)	0.05 (0.05 to 0.05)	0.12 (0.12 to 0.12)	84·6 (84·4 to 84·8)	78·1 (77·9 to 78·2)	81.3 (81.1 to 81.4)	184.0 (182.0 to 186.0)	0.7 (0.7 to 0.8)	-6 (-15 to 4)	1 (-18 to 16)	-0.11 (-0.69 to 0.43)
Oceania	47·1	-1·2%	0.21	0·29	66·6	62·5	64·4	108·0	19.8	1	16	0.69
	(38·9 to 56·1)	(-2·2 to -0·2)	(0.18 to 0.26)	(0·24 to 0·35)	(64·2 to 69·0)	(59·4 to 65·6)	(61·6 to 67·1)	(89·4 to 131·0)	(16.3 to 23.7)	(0 to 3)	(4 to 34)	(0.17 to 1.47)
American	12·1	-0·9%	0.16	0·23	72.8	69.3	71.0	0·4	0.0	0	0	0.00
Samoa	(9·4 to 15·5)	(-2·3 to 0·4)	(0.13 to 0.19)	(0·19 to 0·27)	(70.6 to 74.9)	(67.0 to 71.2)	(68.7 to 72.9)	(0·4 to 0·5)	(0.0 to 0.0)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 0)	(0.00 to 0.00)
Cook Islands	5·4	-4·4%	0.08	0·18	79-6	72·9	76·1	0·2	0.0	0	0	0.00
	(5·4 to 5·5)	(-5·4 to -3·4)	(0.07 to 0.10)	(0·15 to 0·22)	(77-6 to 81-6)	(70·9 to 74·7)	(74·2 to 78·0)	(0·1 to 0·2)	(0.0 to 0.0)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 0)	(0.00 to 0.00)
Federated States of Micronesia	15·4 (12·2 to 19·1)	-4·1% (-5·2 to -2·9)	0.21 (0.16 to 0.27)	0.32 (0.26 to 0.40)	69.7 (66.6 to 72.4)	64·5 (61·1 to 67·5)	67.0 (63.6 to 69.9)	0.8 (0.7 to 1.0)	0.0 (0.0 to 0.0)	0 (0 to 0)	0 (0 to 0)	0-00 (0-00 to 0-00)
Fiji	19·3	-1.4%	0.21	0.31	68.8	63.8	66.1	9·4	0·3	0	2	1.08
	(14·6 to 25·2)	(-2.9 to 0.3)	(0.16 to 0.26)	(0.23 to 0.38)	(65.8 to 71.9)	(60.4 to 67.4)	(62.9 to 69.6)	(7·2 to 12·0)	(0·3 to 0·5)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 4)	(0.27 to 2.36)
Guam	12·0	0·1%	0·11	0.21	82·9	73·5	77-9	1.2	0.0	0	0	1.08
	(9·6 to 14·9)	(-1·0 to 1·3)	(0·10 to 0·12)	(0.19 to 0.23)	(81·2 to 84·7)	(71·7 to 75·5)	(76-2 to 79-8)	(1.0 to 1.3)	(0.0 to 0.0)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 0)	(0.65 to 1.48)
Kiribati	36·4	-2.6%	0·22	0·36	67.0	61·1	64·1	1.0	0·1	0	0	0.00
	(29·6 to 44·7)	(-3.6 to -1.5)	(0·17 to 0·28)	(0·30 to 0·44)	(64.1 to 69.5)	(57·8 to 64·0)	(60·9 to 66·8)	(0.8 to 1.2)	(0·1 to 0·1)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 0)	(0.00 to 0.00)
Marshall	19·9	-3·1%	0.26	0·34	66·8	63·4	65.0	0.4	0.0	0	0	0.00
Islands	(15·3 to 26·2)	(-4·4 to -1·7)	(0.21 to 0.33)	(0·28 to 0·41)	(63·5 to 69·6)	(59·8 to 66·5)	(61.5 to 68.1)	(0.4 to 0.6)	(0.0 to 0.0)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 0)	(0.00 to 0.00)
Nauru	24·5	-3·1%	0.28	0.43	65·7	59·2	62·3	0·1	0.0	0	0	0.00
	(18·2 to 33·0)	(-4·5 to -1·6)	(0.22 to 0.34)	(0.37 to 0.51)	(62·3 to 68·7)	(55·8 to 62·4)	(58·8 to 65·4)	(0·1 to 0·1)	(0.0 to 0.0)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 0)	(0.00 to 0.00)
Niue	51·1	2.8%	0.15	0.23	69.2	65.1	67.1	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.00
	(51·0 to 52·5)	(1.8 to 3.7)	(0.12 to 0.18)	(0.19 to 0.29)	(67.6 to 71.1)	(62.9 to 66.8)	(65.1 to 69.0)	(0.0 to 0.0)	(0.0 to 0.0)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 0)	(0.00 to 0.00)
Northern	6.2	-0.7%	0.13	0.22	75.0	69.5	72.0	0.4	0.0	0	0	0.38
Mariana Islands	(5.0 to 7.4)	(-1.6 to 0.1)	(0.11 to 0.15)	(0.18 to 0.25)	(73.8 to 77.1)	(68.1 to 71.9)	(70.7 to 74.2)	(0.3 to 0.4)	(0.0 to 0.0)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 0)	(-0.75 to 1.39)
Palau	16·9	-1.5%	0.15	0.28	70.5	67.7	68.7	0.2	0.0	0	0	0.00
	(13·9 to 20·8)	(-2.7 to -0.4)	(0.12 to 0.19)	(0.23 to 0.33)	(68.2 to 72.6)	(64.9 to 70.5)	(66.1 to 71.1)	(0·2 to 0·2)	(0.0 to 0.0)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 0)	(0.00 to 0.00)

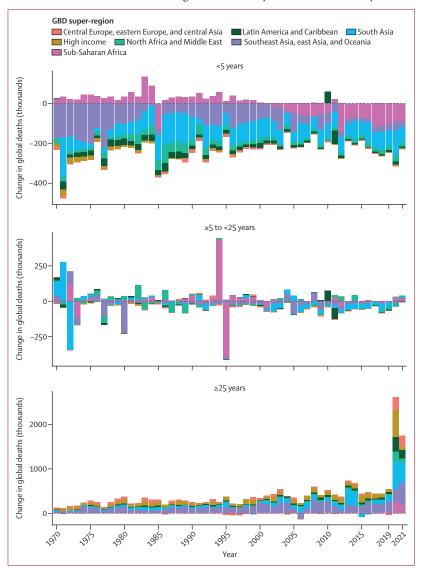
		Î	r rubauinty of teatriperve ages 15 and 59 years, 2021	death between 9 years, 2021			(clay)	iotal geatus in 2021 (thousands)	iotal deatris among children younger than 5 years in 2021 (thousands)	Excess deaths due to COVID-19 in 2020 (thousands)	Excess deaths due to COVID-19 in 2021 (thousands)	Excess mortality rate due to COVID-19, 2020-21 (deaths per
	Mortality rate in 2021 (deaths per 1000)	Annualised rate of change, 2000–21	Females	Males	Females	Males	Both sexes					1000
(Continued from previous page)	previous page)											
Papua New	52·7	-1·4%	0-22	0·29	65·5	61·9	63·5	80.7	17·6	1	13	0.75
Guinea	(43·5 to 62·8)	(-2·5 to -0·4)	(0-18 to 0-27)	(0·23 to 0·37)	(62·8 to 68·3)	(58·4 to 65·4)	(60·3 to 66·7)	(65.2 to 99.6)	(14·5 to 21·1)	(0 to 2)	(3 to 29)	(0.18 to 1.62)
Samoa	13·0	-2·4%	0.17	0·22	71·9	69·6	70·7	1∙4	0·1	0	0	0.00
	(10·1 to 16·6)	(-3·8 to -0·9)	(0.14 to 0.21)	(0·18 to 0·27)	(69·5 to 74·2)	(67·2 to 71·5)	(68·3 to 72·8)	(1·2 to 1·6)	(0·1 to 0·1)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 0)	(0.00 to 0.00)
Solomon	19-5	-2·7%	0-23	0·33	68·4	63.7	65·9	4·6	0.4	0	0	0.00
Islands	(15-6 to 24-2)	(-3·9 to -1·5)	(0-18 to 0-29)	(0·27 to 0·41)	(65·2 to 71·1)	(60.3 to 66.5)	(62·6 to 68·7)	(3·7 to 5·7)	(0.3 to 0.5)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 0)	(0.00 to 0.00)
Tokelau	64·0	5·3%	0·17	0·19	67.8	67·1	67·5	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.00
	(64·0 to 64·0)	(4·1 to 6·3)	(0·14 to 0·20)	(0·15 to 0·24)	(65.6 to 70.0)	(65·1 to 69·0)	(65·3 to 69·5)	(0.0 to 0.0)	(0.0 to 0.0)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 0)	(0.00 to 0.00)
Tonga	11·7	-2.8%	0·13	0·20	75·7	70·6	73·1	0.7	0.0	0	0	0.00
	(9·0 to 14·9)	(-4.2 to -1.4)	(0·10 to 0·16)	(0·16 to 0·25)	(72·9 to 78·2)	(67·9 to 73·1)	(70·4 to 75·6)	(0.6 to 0.8)	(0.0 to 0.0)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 0)	(0.00 to 0.00)
Tuvalu	17·3	-5.4%	0.19	0·29	70.6	65-8	68.0	0.1	0.0	0	0	0.00
	(13·2 to 22·5)	(-6.8 to -4.0)	(0.15 to 0.24)	(0·23 to 0·35)	(67.8 to 73.2)	(62-7 to 68-7)	(65.7 to 70.1)	(0.1 to 0.1)	(0.0 to 0.0)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 0)	(0.00 to 0.00)
Vanuatu	20.7	-2·5%	0-20	0·35	69·4	62·5	65·7	2·3	0·2	0	0	0·41
	(16.3 to 26.6)	(-3·8 to -1·2)	(0-17 to 0-24)	(0·30 to 0·41)	(67·3 to 71·3)	(59·9 to 64·8)	(63·3 to 67·8)	(1·9 to 2·7)	(0·1 to 0·2)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 1)	(0·10 to 0·87)
Southeast Asia	21.5 (18.2 to 25.4)	-3.9% (-4.7 to -3.1)	0.12 (0.11 to 0.14)	0.22 (0.19 to 0.25)	74·3 (72·7 to 75·8)	67.9 (66.1 to 69.7)	71.0 (69.4 to 72.5)	5510.0 (4870.0 to 6180.0)	243.0 (205.0 to 287.0)	109 (-33 to 304)	841 (428 to 1410)	0.70 (0.29 to 1.26)
Cambodia	30.7	-5·3%	0.15	0·25	71.0	65·2	68·2	129·0	11-0	0	14	0.40
	(25.5 to 37.4)	(-6·2 to -4·3)	(0.12 to 0.19)	(0·20 to 0·31)	(68.2 to 73.6)	(62·3 to 68·2)	(65·3 to 71·0)	(104·0 to 156·0)	(9-1 to 13-4)	(0 to 0)	(4 to 27)	(0.12 to 0.79)
Indonesia	24·1 (19·5 to 29·5)	-3.8% (-4.9 to -2.8)	0·14 (0·11 to 0·18)	0.21 (0.16 to 0.27)	72.0 (69.6 to 74.3)	67.3 (64.4 to 70.3)	69-5 (67-3 to 71-9)	2200-0 (1790-0 to 2630-0)	107.0 (86.1 to 130.0)	133 (47 to 271)	364 (124 to 717)	0.94 (0.32 to 1.87)
Laos	40·2	-5·2%	0·15	0·23	70·4	65·4	67.8	51.0	7.0	0	5	0·36
	(31·3 to 50·3)	(-6·4 to -3·9)	(0·12 to 0·19)	(0·19 to 0·29)	(67·4 to 73·2)	(62·2 to 68·7)	(64·6 to 70·9)	(40.9 to 62.3)	(5.4 to 8.8)	(0 to 0)	(2 to 11)	(0·12 to 0·78)
Malaysia	6.2	-1.8%	0.11	0·20	75·7	70.4	72·9	224·0	3.0	-15	37	0-34
	(5.6 to 7.0)	(-2.4 to -1.2)	(0.11 to 0.12)	(0·19 to 0·22)	(75·2 to 76·2)	(69.5 to 71.1)	(72·1 to 73·4)	(214·0 to 240·0)	(2.7 to 3.4)	(-27 to -6)	(19 to 52)	(-0-05 to 0-70)
Maldives	12·5 (10·1 to 15·6)	-4·4% (-5·6 to -3·2)	0.05 (0.04 to 0.06)	0.08 (0.06 to 0.10)	81·2 (79·7 to 82·6)	78·1 (76·1 to 80·0)	79-4 (77-6 to 81-1)	1.6 (1.4 to 1.9)	0·1 (0·1 to 0·1)	0 (0 to 0)	0 (0 to 0)	0.28 (0.05 to 0.56)
Mauritius	12·6	-1·5%	0.11	0·21	76·9	70.1	73·4	13·2	0·2	0	2	0.44
	(10·5 to 14·3)	(-2·4 to -0·7)	(0.10 to 0.12)	(0·19 to 0·22)	(76·1 to 78·1)	(69.1 to 71.6)	(72·5 to 74·8)	(11·9 to 14·3)	(0·1 to 0·2)	(-1 to 0)	(0 to 3)	(-0.38 to 1.04)
Myanmar	39·2	-4.8%	0.14	0.26	71·2	64·1	67.6	511.0	42·1	17	66	0.82
	(31·7 to 49·3)	(-5.9 to -3.7)	(0.12 to 0.18)	(0.21 to 0.32)	(68·7 to 73·5)	(61·3 to 66·9)	(64.9 to 70.2)	(423.0 to 620.0)	(33·9 to 53·2)	(6 to 34)	(21 to 134)	(0.27 to 1.65)
Philippines	21.0	-2.6%	0.15	0.28	72·2	64∙8	68·3	880.0	47.6	-17	229	0·94
	(17.3 to 25.3)	(-3.7 to -1.5)	(0.13 to 0.18)	(0.24 to 0.32)	(70·6 to 73·8)	(63∙0 to 66·7)	(66·9 to 69·5)	(799.0 to 968.0)	(39.3 to 57.6)	(-19 to -16)	(227 to 230)	(0·93 to 0·95)
Seychelles	13·3	-0.0%	0.11	0.20	76·5	70.8	73·4	0.9	0.0	0	0	0-06
	(10·8 to 16·4)	(-1.1 to 1.1)	(0.09 to 0.12)	(0.18 to 0.21)	(75·5 to 77·4)	(69.9 to 71.7)	(72·5 to 74·3)	(0.8 to 0.9)	(0.0 to 0.0)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 0)	(-0-31 to 0-36)
Sri Lanka	6-0	-4·9%	0.07	0.16	79.7	73·4	76·6	158·0	1.8	-10	18	0.17
	(4-6 to 7-7)	(-6·1 to -3·6)	(0.04 to 0.09)	(0.11 to 0.21)	(76.8 to 83.1)	(69·6 to 78·1)	(73·2 to 80·5)	(110·0 to 209·0)	(1.4 to 2.3)	(-54 to 23)	(-19 to 48)	(-1.60 to 1.58)

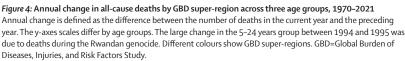
		È.	Probability of death betwe ages 15 and 59 years, 2021	death between) years, 2021	Life expectancy	Life expectancy at birth in 2021 (years)	(years)	Total deaths in 2021 (thousands)	Total deaths among children younger than 5 years in 2021 (thousands)	Excess deaths due to COVID-19 in 2020 (thousands)	Excess deaths due to COVID-19 in 2021 (thousands)	Excess mortality rate due to COVID-19, 2020-21 (deaths per
	Mortality rate in 2021 (deaths per 1000)	Annualised rate of change, 2000-21	Females	Males	Females	Males	Both sexes					(0001
(Continued from previous page)	orevious page)											
Thailand	7.4	-4·2%	0.09	0·21	80·3	72.4	76·3	626.0	4.0	1	62	0.44
	(6.5 to 8.3)	(-5·1 to -3·2)	(0.07 to 0.11)	(0·17 to 0·25)	(77·8 to 82·6)	(69.1 to 75.8)	(73·5 to 79·1)	(499.0 to 766.0)	(3·5 to 4·5)	(0 to 2)	(20 to 117)	(0.14 to 0.83)
Timor-Leste	35·2	-4·1%	0·16	0·21	70·5	66·9	68·6	9-5	1·4	0	1	0.45
	(29·0 to 42·7)	(-5·1 to -3·1)	(0·12 to 0·19)	(0·17 to 0·26)	(68·2 to 72·8)	(64·2 to 69·6)	(66·1 to 71·0)	(7-9 to 11-4)	(1·2 to 1·7)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 2)	(0.14 to 0.88)
Viet Nam	11·1	-4·4%	0.08	0·19	78·3	69·9	74.0	701.0	17·5	1	44	0.23
	(8·7 to 14·3)	(-5·6 to -3·2)	(0.06 to 0.10)	(0·16 to 0·24)	(76·5 to 80·3)	(68·0 to 72·0)	(72.1 to 76.1)	(587.0 to 813.0)	(13·7 to 22·5)	(0 to 1)	(14 to 90)	(0.07 to 0.47)
Sub-Saharan Africa	70-7 (59-7 to 84-0)	-3·5% (-4·3 to -2·7)	0-24 (0-22 to 0-26)	0-34 (0-32 to 0-37)	64·1 (62·4 to 65·5)	58.7 (56.8 to 60.3)	61·3 (59·5 to 62·7)	9430.0 (8620.0 to 10 500.0)	2630-0 (2210-0 to 3140-0)	805 (747 to 864)	1600 (1480 to 1720)	1·13 (1·05 to 1·19)
Central sub- Saharan Africa	58·3 (49·7 to 68·9)	-4.6% (-5.4 to -3.8)	0.25 (0.22 to 0.29)	0.37 (0.33 to 0.41)	63.8 (61.5 to 66.0)	58·4 (56·1 to 60·5)	61.0 (58.7 to 63.1)	1090.0 (953.0 to 1250.0)	259.0 (220.0 to 307.0)	94 (84 to 104)	174 (150 to 202)	1.04 (0.91 to 1.17)
Angola	54·7	-5·3%	0.27	0-37	63.7	58·4	61.0	250.0	65·3	15	40	0.92
	(45·7 to 65·1)	(-6·3 to -4·5)	(0.22 to 0.32)	(0-32 to 0-43)	(60.8 to 66.6)	(55·6 to 61·1)	(58·2 to 63·7)	(208.0 to 296.0)	(54·3 to 78·0)	(13 to 18)	(29 to 51)	(0.71 to 1.10)
Central African	110-0	-2·4%	0·39	0·57	55·2	48·2	51·4	73·7	20·6	9	9	1.47
Republic	(89-2 to 136-0)	(-3·4 to -1·3)	(0·33 to 0·47)	(0·50 to 0·65)	(51·2 to 58·6)	(44·5 to 51·7)	(47·6 to 54·9)	(60·8 to 89·4)	(16·6 to 25·8)	(6 to 12)	(6 to 14)	(0.98 to 2.15)
Congo	39·2	-4·6%	0·31	0.35	63·1	60·6	61.8	46·3	5.0	5	8	1·25
(Brazzaville)	(32·4 to 47·3)	(-5·7 to -3·6)	(0·25 to 0·37)	(0.29 to 0.42)	(60·4 to 65·6)	(58·1 to 62·9)	(59.2 to 64.2)	(39·6 to 54·4)	(4.2 to 6.1)	(4 to 6)	(5 to 10)	(0·93 to 1·49)
Democratic Republic of the Congo	57.8 (48.3 to 71.4)	-4.6% (-5.5 to -3.6)	0.23 (0.19 to 0.28)	0.35 (0.30 to 0.40)	64·5 (62·3 to 67·0)	59-0 (56-6 to 61-4)	61.6 (59.3 to 64.1)	698.0 (595.0 to 802.0)	165.0 (137.0 to 204.0)	61 (55 to 67)	112 (96 to 135)	1.02 (0.91 to 1.16)
Equatorial	46·3	-4.6%	0.29	0.37	63.7	59·3	61.5	10·5	1.8	1	2	1·12
Guinea	(34·6 to 62·3)	(-6.0 to -3.1)	(0.22 to 0.38)	(0.30 to 0.45)	(58.9 to 67.7)	(55·3 to 62·9)	(57·2 to 65·3)	(8·2 to 13·6)	(1·3 to 2·4)	(1 to 2)	(1 to 3)	(0·73 to 1·55)
Gabon	32·5	-3·7%	0·23	0·35	67.3	60.9	63·9	15·5	1.4	2	3	1.49
	(23·6 to 44·5)	(-5·1 to -2·1)	(0·19 to 0·29)	(0·29 to 0·41)	(64.0 to 70.2)	(57.8 to 63.6)	(60·6 to 66·7)	(12·9 to 18·7)	(1.0 to 1.9)	(2 to 2)	(2 to 4)	(1.22 to 1.69)
Eastern sub- Saharan Africa	57.9 (47.4 to 71.6)	-4.0% (-5.0 to -3.0)	0.24 (0.22 to 0.26)	0.36 (0.33 to 0.38)	64·5 (62·9 to 66·0)	58·9 (57·2 to 60·4)	61.5 (59.8 to 63.0)	3330.0 (3040.0 to 3700.0)	787.0 (640.0 to 978.0)	282 (259 to 305)	662 (594 to 712)	1.17 (1.07 to 1.25)
Burundi	63.9	-4·3%	0.22	0.32	64·9	60.0	62.2	97.4	29.6	4	11	0.66
	(50.0 to 82.0)	(-5·4 to -3·1)	(0.19 to 0.26)	(0.27 to 0.36)	(62·6 to 67·2)	(57:7 to 62·3)	(59·9 to 64·4)	(84.8 to 112.0)	(23.0 to 38.3)	(4 to 5)	(10 to 12)	(0.60 to 0.70)
Comoros	48.0	-3.7%	0.18	0·24	68.2	64.8	66·5	5.9	0.8	0	1	0.94
	(39.0 to 58.9)	(-4.7 to -2.6)	(0.14 to 0.22)	(0·20 to 0·28)	(65.8 to 70.2)	(62·5 to 66·9)	(64·2 to 68·5)	(5.1 to 6.8)	(0.7 to 1.0)	(0 to 0)	(1 to 1)	(0.86 to 1.01)
Djibouti	37·2	-4·1%	0.23	0-31	67.0	62.3	64·3	9.3	1.1	1	2	1.38
	(30·1 to 45·6)	(-5·1 to -3·0)	(0.18 to 0.29)	(0-26 to 0-38)	(63.4 to 70.0)	(59.0 to 65.1)	(60·9 to 67·2)	(7·5 to 11·6)	(0·9 to 1·4)	(1 to 2)	(1 to 3)	(0.98 to 1.72)
Eritrea	45·5	-3·5%	0.25	0.38	64.8	58·7	61.7	50.8	8.8	1	7	0.52
	(34·4 to 60·3)	(-4·9 to -2·2)	(0.20 to 0.31)	(0.32 to 0.46)	(61.5 to 67.8)	(55·2 to 61·7)	(58·3 to 64·7)	(41·6 to 62·3)	(6·6 to 11·7)	(1 to 2)	(5 to 7)	(0·44 to 0·60)
Ethiopia	52·2	-4.8%	0·19	0.28	67.5	62.0	64·5	737.0	180·0	72	157	1·14
	(41·8 to 65·1)	(-5.8 to -3.7)	(0·17 to 0·22)	(0.25 to 0.32)	(65.7 to 69.2)	(60.3 to 63.7)	(63·1 to 65·8)	(678.0 to 805.0)	(143·0 to 225·0)	(67 to 78)	(143 to 170)	(1·04 to 1·23)

								(thousands)	younger than 5 years in 2021 (thousands)	to COVID-19 in 2020 (thousands)	COVID-19 in 2021 (thousands)	due to COVID-19, 2020-21 (deaths per 1000)
	Mortality rate in 2021 (deaths per 1000)	Annualised rate of change, 2000–21	Females	Males	Females	Males	Both sexes					Ĩ
(Continued from previous page)	previous page)											
Kenya	36·6	-4.0%	0.22	0.35	67.2	61.0	63·9	357.0	43.7	56	86	1·49
	(29·7 to 44·7)	(-5.1 to -3.0)	(0.20 to 0.26)	(0.31 to 0.39)	(65.2 to 68.9)	(59.4 to 62.6)	(62·5 to 65·2)	(326.0 to 390.0)	(35.3 to 53·5)	(51 to 61)	(77 to 94)	(1·34 to 1·60)
Madagascar	57.6	-3·1%	0.25	0·31	63·9	60·5	62·1	206·0	48·9	24	33	1·11
	(46.2 to 72.4)	(-4·2 to -2·0)	(0.20 to 0.30)	(0·27 to 0·37)	(61·7 to 66·2)	(58·2 to 63·0)	(59·9 to 64·5)	(177·0 to 237·0)	(39·0 to 62·0)	(22 to 26)	(28 to 37)	(0·97 to 1·21)
Malawi	52·1	-5.4%	0.31	0.46	62·1	55·8	58·7	173·0	29·6	8	43	1∙49
	(43·0 to 62·7)	(-6.4 to -4.5)	(0.27 to 0.36)	(0.41 to 0.50)	(59·5 to 64·5)	(53·7 to 57·7)	(56·7 to 60·6)	(154·0 to 196·0)	(24·3 to 35·8)	(7 to 9)	(38 to 48)	(1·31 to 1·64)
Mozambique	62·2	-4·5%	0.33	0·50	59·9	53·4	56-4	307·0	68·5	9	54	1·11
	(49·4 to 79·3)	(-5·7 to -3·3)	(0.28 to 0.38)	(0·45 to 0·56)	(57·4 to 62·4)	(51·0 to 55·5)	(54-0 to 58-6)	(268·0 to 350·0)	(54·0 to 88·1)	(5 to 13)	(42 to 64)	(0·94 to 1·25)
Rwanda	41·4	-5.9%	0·21	0·30	67·5	62·3	65.0	92·1	15·1	2	20	0.88
	(33·7 to 49·8)	(-6.9 to -4.9)	(0·17 to 0·24)	(0·26 to 0·34)	(65·2 to 69·7)	(60·0 to 64·3)	(62.7 to 67.1)	(79·4 to 107·0)	(12·3 to 18·3)	(2 to 3)	(16 to 22)	(0.72 to 0.97)
Somalia	92·3	-2.6%	0.36	0·53	56·9	50·7	53·6	238·0	86.0	25	41	1.26
	(75·9 to 112·0)	(-3.5 to -1.6)	(0.30 to 0.43)	(0·45 to 0·61)	(53·6 to 59·9)	(47·1 to 54·0)	(50·1 to 56·9)	(197·0 to 288·0)	(70.2 to 106.0)	(20 to 29)	(30 to 54)	(0.96 to 1.57)
South Sudan	129-0 (103-0 to 159-0)	-0.8% (-1.8 to 0.3)	0.28 (0.22 to 0.35)	0.40 (0.33 to 0.48)	58.1 (53.6 to 62.0)	52.6 (47.9 to 56.7)	55-0 (50-5 to 59-1)	115-0 (92-3 to 144-0)	47.5 (37.6 to 59.9)	10 (8 to 11)	12 (9 to 16)	0.96 (0.75 to 1·14)
Tanzania	52·4	-4.2%	0.23	0.31	65-9	61.3	63·5	440.0	101.0	38	89	1.17
	(42·4 to 65·6)	(-5.2 to -3.1)	(0.19 to 0.26)	(0.28 to 0.35)	(63-8 to 67-8)	(59·2 to 63·1)	(61·4 to 65·3)	(390.0 to 498.0)	(78.6 to 131.0)	(35 to 42)	(80 to 95)	(1.07 to 1.24)
Uganda	64·6	-3·6%	0.23	0.38	64·9	57.8	61.2	329·0	98·2	16	58	0.92
	(50·6 to 83·0)	(-4·8 to -2·4)	(0.19 to 0.27)	(0.32 to 0.43)	(62·2 to 67·3)	(55.3 to 60.3)	(58.7 to 63.7)	(283·0 to 382·0)	(79·1 to 123·0)	(11 to 18)	(36 to 70)	(0.67 to 1.08)
Zambia	46·1	-5.4%	0.33	0.47	61.4	55-8	58·3	175.0	27·9	14	49	1·75
	(36·5 to 58·1)	(-6.5 to -4 [.] 2)	(0.28 to 0.38)	(0.40 to 0.53)	(58.4 to 64 [.] 2)	(53-0 to 58-6)	(55·4 to 61·0)	(145.0 to 207.0)	(21·9 to 35·4)	(13 to 16)	(36 to 63)	(1·35 to 2·13)
Southern sub- Saharan Africa	43.6 (36.2 to 53.2)	-2.8% (-3.7 to -1.8)	0·31 (0·30 to 0·33)	0·47 (0·45 to 0·49)	63.0 (61.8 to 63·9)	55·9 (54·7 to 57·0)	59·3 (58·2 to 60·3)	1040·0 (989·0 to 1090·0)	71.4 (59.0 to 87.7)	155 (152 to 158)	297 (281 to 311)	3·01 (2·90 to 3·10)
Botswana	40·6	-2.8%	0.32	0·45	62·9	57.0	59·7	28·1	2.0	1	10	2·54
	(30·3 to 53·9)	(-4.1 to -1.4)	(0.27 to 0.36)	(0·40 to 0·51)	(60·9 to 65·0)	(55.0 to 58.9)	(58·0 to 61·6)	(24·7 to 31·3)	(1.5 to 2.6)	(1 to 1)	(7 to 12)	(1·90 to 3·06)
Eswatini	42·1	-3·9%	0.46	0.66	56·1	49·5	52·5	17·6	1·2	2	6	3·91
	(33·4 to 53·8)	(-5·0 to -2·7)	(0.39 to 0.54)	(0.59 to 0.73)	(53·0 to 59·2)	(46·9 to 52·2)	(49·6 to 55·5)	(14·6 to 20·9)	(1·0 to 1·6)	(2 to 3)	(4 to 7)	(2·97 to 4·57)
Lesotho	78.8	-1.0%	0.53	0.73	52·1	45·3	48·5	37·9	3∙4	3	11	4·47
	(64·6 to 94·5)	(-2.0 to -0.1)	(0.46 to 0.60)	(0.67 to 0.78)	(49·7 to 54·6)	(43·5 to 47·2)	(46·5 to 50·5)	(33·0 to 42·9)	(2·7 to 4·1)	(3 to 3)	(9 to 13)	(3·79 to 5·14)
Namibia	33.4	-3·3%	0.29	0.47	64·0	56·5	60·1	26.8	1·9	2	9	2·33
	(26.1 to 43.0)	(-4·4 to -2·0)	(0.25 to 0.35)	(0.41 to 0.53)	(61·3 to 66·5)	(53·8 to 58·9)	(57·4 to 62·5)	(22.9 to 31.4)	(1·5 to 2·5)	(2 to 2)	(7 to 10)	(2·00 to 2·65)
South Africa	38.6	-3·3%	0.28	0.44	64·8	57.4	61.0	733.0	38.4	130	204	3·12
	(31.9 to 47.1)	(-4·2 to -2·3)	(0.27 to 0.30)	(0.42 to 0.46)	(64·0 to 65·5)	(56.6 to 58.3)	(60.3 to 61.6)	(712.0 to 754.0)	(31.6 to 47.1)	(130 to 130)	(204 to 204)	(3·12 to 3·12)
Zimbabwe	52·7	-1.9%	0·41	0-56	58.0	52·2	55·0	193.0	24·6	16	57	2·56
	(43·6 to 64·5)	(-2.9 to -0.9)	(0·36 to 0·47)	(0-51 to 0-62)	(55.5 to 60.4)	(49·7 to 54·5)	(52·5 to 57·3)	(167.0 to 222.0)	(20·2 to 30·2)	(14 to 18)	(45 to 67)	(2·14 to 2·93)
Western sub- Saharan Africa	86·3 (73·5 to 101·0)	-3·2% (-3·9 to -2·5)	0.21 (0.18 to 0.23)	0.29 (0.26 to 0.32)	64·5 (62·5 to 66·3)	59-9 (57-6 to 61-9)	62.1 (59.9 to 63.8)	3970.0 (3580.0 to 4510.0)	1510-0 (1280-0 to 1780-0)	274 (248 to 299)	468 (422 to 511)	0.81 (0.75 to 0.86)
Benin	77·3	-2.9%	0.19	0.29	65.9	60.1	62.9	105-0	39.6	4	13	0.67
	(62·8 to 95·2)	(-3.9 to -1.9)	(0.16 to 0.22)	(0.26 to 0.34)	(63·5 to 68·0)	(57.8 to 62.1)	(60.5 to 65.0)	(92-8 to 120-0)	(32.0 to 49.1)	(3 to 5)	(11 to 14)	(0.60 to 0.75)

Mortality rate Annual in 2021 tate of in 2021 tate of in 2021 tate of (deaths change per 1000) 2000-2 Continued from previous page) 2006-2 Burkina Faso 95-5 -3.0% Burkina Faso 95-5 -3.0% Cabo Verde 15-0 -4.0 tc (11-3 to 19-7) (-7.3 tc Cameroon 65-5 -3.2% Cameroon 65-5 -3.2% Chad 11.3.0 -3.3%	ised						(thousands)	younger than 5 years in 2021 (thousands)	to COVID-19 in 2020 (thousands)	CUVID-19 IN 2021 (thousands)	COVID-19, 2020–21 (deaths per
	2000-21	Females	Males	Females	Males	Both sexes					(2001
na Faso 95-5 (77-9 to 117-0) Verde 15-0 (11-3 to 19-7) roon 65-5 112-0											
Verde 15.0 (11.3 to 19.7) roon 65.5 112.0	-3.0% (-4.0 to -2.0)	0-21 (0-18 to 0-25)	0-33 (0-29 to 0-37)	63.0 (60.7 to 65.1)	57·4 (54·9 to 59·6)	60·1 (57·6 to 62·3)	218·0 (192·0 to 249·0)	87.8 (71-1 to 109-0)	15 (14 to 16)	25 (19 to 28)	0.95 (0.82 to 1.04)
roon 65.5 (54.3 to 77.6) 112.0			(0.17 to 0.25)	77.8 77.8 (75.8 to 79.8)	(51-3-2-3-2-5) 69-0 (66-8 to 71-2)	73.2 71.1 to 75.4)	(0.1 0.1 (0.1 to 0.2)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 0)	(0.23 to 0.64)
112.0			0.36 (0.31 to 0.42)	63-6 (60-6 to 66-1)	58·5 (55·7 to 60·8)	60.8 (58.0 to 63.2)	261.0 (225.0 to 308.0)	67.6 (55.6 to 80.4)	16 (14 to 17)	46 (39 to 51)	1.03 (0.91 to 1.14)
(94·6 to 134·0)	-2·3%	0.25	0·33	60·5	56·5	58·3	182·0	92·9	14	12	0.80
	(-3·2 to -1·4)	(0.20 to 0.30)	(0·28 to 0·39)	(56·9 to 63·5)	(52·5 to 59·8)	(54·5 to 61·5)	(153·0 to 220·0)	(77·9 to 112·0)	(11 to 16)	(9 to 14)	(0.63 to 0.90)
			0.31 (0.26 to 0.36)	65-8 (63-1 to 68-4)	60.3 (57.6 to 62.7)	62.7 (59.9 to 65.1)	209·0 (181·0 to 244·0)	64.4 (54.3 to 76.1)	19 (17 to 20)	24 (21 to 28)	0.80 (0.71 to 0.88)
The Gambia 44·2 -4·0	-4.0%	0·24	0·34	65·9	60·9	63·2	17·6	42.0	2	3	1·16
(35·3 to 55·4) (-5·	(-5.1 to -2.9)	(0·19 to 0·28)	(0·29 to 0·39)	(63·4 to 68·2)	(58·5 to 63·2)	(60·9 to 65·5)	(15·2 to 20·3)	(32.3 to 53.9)	(2 to 3)	(2 to 3)	(1·01 to 1·33)
		0-21 (0-18 to 0-25)	0·31 (0·27 to 0·36)	67·4 (65·0 to 69·6)	61·7 (59·5 to 63·9)	64·6 (62·3 to 66·7)	250·0 (215·0 to 289·0)	42·6 (35·3 to 51·5)	18 (16 to 20)	40 (32 to 48)	0.93 (0.80 to 1.05)
Guinea 86.8 -3.4	-3.4%	0.25	0.32	62·2	58·2	60·1	127.0	4.4	14	19	1·37
(72.7 to 104.0) (-4:	(-4.3 to -2.5)	(0.20 to 0.30)	(0.27 to 0.38)	(58·9 to 65·1)	(54·6 to 61·2)	(56·6 to 63·0)	(107.0 to 152.0)	(3.6 to 5.4)	(12 to 17)	(13 to 23)	(1·07 to 1·64)
Guinea-Bissau 61.8 –4.6	-4.6%	0·31	0·45	61·3	55·1	58·1	18·4	10·9	3	3	1·45
(50.9 to 75.1) (-5.	(-5.6 to -3.6)	(0·25 to 0·37)	(0·38 to 0·53)	(58·8 to 63·8)	(52·4 to 57·7)	(55·6 to 60·7)	(15·8 to 21·2)	(8·4 to 14·4)	(3 to 3)	(1 to 4)	(1·07 to 1·77)
Liberia 66.9 -4.5%	o –3·1)	0.23	0·28	64·1	61·6	62·7	39·5	101.0	3	4	0.88
(51.7 to 87.8) (-5.7 to		(0.19 to 0.29)	(0·24 to 0·34)	(60·1 to 67·4)	(57·7 to 64·8)	(58·9 to 66·0)	(32·2 to 49·3)	(83.9 to 124.0)	(3 to 4)	(4 to 5)	(0.77 to 1.00)
Mali 97.7 -3.3	-3·3%	0.25	0·32	61·1	57·3	59·1	234.0	4·6	21	36	1.28
(81.4 to 118.0) (-4:	(-4·1 to -2·3)	(0.22 to 0.30)	(0·28 to 0·36)	(58·8 to 63·2)	(55·1 to 59·2)	(56·8 to 61·0)	(208.0 to 265.0)	(3·8 to 5·5)	(18 to 23)	(33 to 40)	(1.17 to 1.36)
Mauritania 33.7 -4.3	-4·3%	0·17	0·19	70.1	68·4	69·2	25·0	100·0	3	3	0.82
(28.3 to 40.2) (-5:	(-5·2 to -3·4)	(0·13 to 0·21)	(0·15 to 0·23)	(67.4 to 72.5)	(65·6 to 71·0)	(66·5 to 71·7)	(21·0 to 30·1)	(80·9 to 124·0)	(3 to 4)	(2 to 4)	(0.66 to 0.93)
Niger 88.7 –4.4	-4.4%	0·21	0.28	63·5	60·1	61·8	206·0	787.0	13	17	0.66
(72.1 to 110.0) (–5.	(-5.3 to -3.4)	(0·17 to 0·26)	(0.23 to 0.33)	(60·0 to 66·6)	(56·3 to 63·4)	(58·1 to 65·0)	(170·0 to 253·0)	(662.0 to 938.0)	(12 to 15)	(13 to 20)	(0.56 to 0.74)
Nigeria 96.3 –3.1 (81.8 to 114.0) (–3.4	-3·1% (-3·9 to -2·2)	0.19 (0.15 to 0.24)	0.25 (0.21 to 0.31)	65.0 (62.2 to 67.4)	60.7 (58.0 to 63.1)	62.8 (60.8 to 64·6)	1820·0 (1650·0 to 2030·0)	0·1 (0·1 to 0·1)	106 (96 to 116)	186 (167 to 210)	0.67 (0.62 to 0.73)
São Tomé and 17-8 –7-1	-7.1%	0·15	0·20	72·2	68·6	70·4	1·1	19·3	0	0	0·51
Príncipe (13·5 to 23·2) (–8·	(-8.4 to -5.7)	(0·12 to 0·19)	(0·17 to 0·24)	(70·1 to 74·1)	(66·5 to 70·3)	(68·3 to 72·1)	(1·0 to 1·3)	(16·1 to 23·0)	(0 to 0)	(0 to 0)	(0·47 to 0·55)
Senegal 40·5 -5·2	-5·2%	0.19	0·27	68.2	63·7	65·9	111.0	28·9	12	22	1·15
(33·9 to 47·9) (-6·	(-6·0 to -4·3)	(0.16 to 0.23)	(0·23 to 0·31)	(65.8 to 70.2)	(61·4 to 65·8)	(63·5 to 67·9)	(96.4 to 130.0)	(22·8 to 36·4)	(10 to 14)	(19 to 25)	(0·97 to 1·26)
Sierra Leone 97.2 -3.5	-3.9%	0.24	0·29	62·1	59·2	60·6	79·5	3·4	6	6	0.75
(77:3 to 121:0) (-5:	(-5.0 to -2.8)	(0.19 to 0.29)	(0·24 to 0·34)	(58·2 to 65·5)	(54·9 to 62·8)	(56·5 to 64·1)	(65·3 to 97·7)	(2·7 to 4·2)	(5 to 7)	(5 to 7)	(0.67 to 0.83)
Togo 56-7 –3-7	-3.7%	0.21	0.33	66.0	60·2	63·1	62.8	13.8	3	8	0.72
(45-7 to 70-8) (–4-	(-4.8 to -2.6)	(0.18 to 0.26)	(0.28 to 0.39)	(62.7 to 69.0)	(56·6 to 63·2)	(59·6 to 66·2)	(51.4 to 77·5)	(11·1 to 17·4)	(3 to 4)	(6 to 9)	(0.57 to 0.82)

All-cause mortality rates differed between sexes, and the extent of this difference varied across age groups and by location. Female mortality was generally lower than male mortality in all age groups, with substantial heterogeneity across countries and territories (figure 3). The highest variability in the ratio of male to female mortality rates across countries and territories was found in the 15–39 age groups; although little change in the mortality sex ratio has been observed between locations over time, the ratio generally increased between 1970 and 2021, indicating that the gap between male and female mortality has been increasing, generally driven by mortality rates among females decreasing at a faster rate than among males. Globally in 2021, the mortality rate for





males aged 15–39 years was 65.9% (95% UI 56.8–74.7) higher than for females. The widening gap between males and females was also observed for nearly all age groups aged 40 years and older. In the neonatal age groups, the ratio of male to female mortality rates declined slightly over time towards 1, while the variability among countries and territories remained similar. Individuals aged 40 years and older had a consistent pattern of an increasing ratio of male to female mortality rates over time, with increased variability observed among those aged 65 years and older across countries and territories from 1970 to 2000, followed by little change in variability from 2000 to 2021.

Despite declines in age-standardised all-cause mortality rates during the study period, the global number of deaths due to all causes combined increased from 44.0 million (95% UI 40.3-47.7) in 1950 to 50.3 million (49.3–51.4) in 2000 and 57.0 million (54.9–59.6) in 2019, largely reflecting a growing population and changing age structures. Global deaths further increased to 63.1 million (60.6-65.9) in 2020 and 67.9 million (65.0-70.8) in 2021, a notable spike attributable to the COVID-19 pandemic (table 1). Since 1970, the number of global deaths in the 25 years and older age group had increased steadily, until an unprecedented increase in 2020-21 (figure 4). This increase was observed across all GBD super-regions, with the exception of central Europe, eastern Europe, and central Asia, from 2000 to 2019. In contrast, deaths in children under 5 years declined over the entire study period, including during the COVID-19 pandemic period, with death counts of 20.0 million (17·2-23·0) in 1950, 9·21 million (8·73-9·73) in 2000, 5.21 million (4.50-6.01) in 2019, 4.89 million (4.19-5.71) in 2020, and 4.66 million (3.98–5.50) in 2021 (appendix 2 table S1). Initially, most of this decline could be attributed to declines in both U5MR and the under-5 population in southeast Asia, east Asia, and Oceania (especially China) until a tapering off around the year 2000. After this, the share of the decline attributed to sub-Saharan Africa began to increase, and this pattern continued during 2021 (figure 4). The largest number of under-5 deaths was observed in south Asia and sub-Saharan Africa during the pandemic, with south Asia accounting for 25.7% (24.1–27.2) of all deaths in children under 5 years in 2020 and 25.3% (24.0-26.6) in 2021, and sub-Saharan Africa accounting for 55.5% (53.2-57.7) in 2020 and 56.3% (54.1-58.4) in 2021. The number of global deaths in the intermediate age group (ages 5-24 years) demonstrates large yearly variability with no clear patterns, since deaths in this age group were heavily impacted by mortality shocks such as the Rwandan genocide in 1994 and natural disasters such as the earthquake in Haiti in 2010. Deaths in this age group increased slightly during 2020 and 2021 in most superregions, but these increases were minimal compared with previous years, and in comparison to the increase observed in ages 25 years and older.

Historically, global life expectancy at birth has increased steadily; between 1950 and 2021, global life expectancy at birth increased by 22.7 years (95% UI 20.8 to 24.8), from 49.0 years (46.7 to 51.3) to 71.7 years (70.9 to 72.5; table 1; appendix 2 table S4). Life expectancy improved for females from 51.6 years (49.4 to 53.8) in 1950 to 76.0 years (75.2 to 76.7) in 2019 and for males from 46.7 years (44.3 to 49.2) in 1950 to 70.8 years (69.9 to 71.7) in 2019 (figure 5). At the super-region level, the largest increases in life expectancy occurred in south Asia and north Africa and the Middle East, while at the national level, some of the largest increases were in South Korea and Iran (appendix 2 table S4). During this time period, the smallest gains in life expectancy occurred in the central Europe, eastern Europe, and central Asia and high-income superregions and, at the national level, in Ukraine and Lesotho. Increasing life expectancy was generally consistent across all super-regions over the entire period, with the exception of mortality shocks in several locations, stagnation in sub-Saharan Africa during the HIV/AIDS epidemic, and slow progress in central Europe, eastern Europe, and central Asia before the mid-2000s. In 2020 and 2021, however, these trends reversed. Between 2019 and 2021, global life expectancy declined by 1.6 years (1.0 to 2.2); all super-regions had decreases in life expectancy during this period, ranging from a 3.7 year (3.4 to 4.1) decline in Latin America and the Caribbean to a 0.3 year (-1.9 to 1.3) decline in southeast Asia, east Asia, and Oceania (appendix 2 table S4). An increase in life expectancy during this period was only observed in 32 (15.7%) of 204 countries and territories.

Excess mortality due to the COVID-19 pandemic

We estimated 5.89 million (95% UI 5.48-6.44) excess deaths globally attributable to the COVID-19 pandemic in 2020 and 9.97 million (9.26-10.9) excess deaths in 2021 (table 1). The GBD super-regions with the highest all-age excess mortality rates in 2020 and 2021 combined were central Europe, eastern Europe, and central Asia (269.7 excess deaths per 100000 population [250.0-289.6]) and Latin America and the Caribbean (199.0 [184.7-215.4]). The super-regions with the lowest all-age excess mortality rates during this time period were southeast Asia, east Asia, and Oceania (23.8 [8.9-44.1]) and high-income (90.2 [87.2-93.2]; appendix 2 figure S2). At the national level, in 2020 and 2021 combined, all-age excess mortality rates were highest in Bulgaria (520.8 [382.0-630.0]) and Lesotho (447.0 [379.3-514.0]), the highest rate in 2020 was in Peru ($413 \cdot 4 [410 \cdot 3 - 416 \cdot 1]$), and the highest rate in 2021 was in Bulgaria (697.5 [532.4-830.5]; appendix 2 figure S2). For seven countries and territories (Taiwan [province of China], Mongolia, Japan, New Zealand, Iceland, Antigua and Barbuda, and Barbados), the all-age excess mortality rate for 2020 and 2021 combined was negative, indicating that fewer deaths occurred in these locations during the

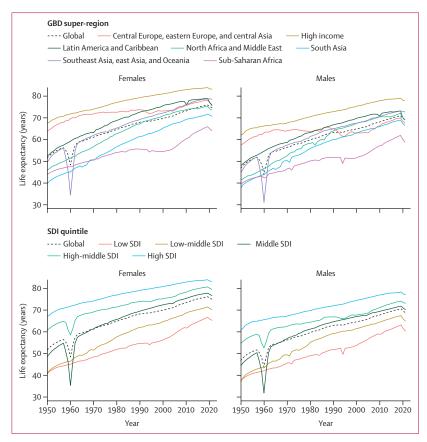


Figure 5: Life expectancy at birth across GBD super-regions and SDI quintiles in females and males, 1950–2021 The different colours represent GBD super-regions in the top row and SDI quintiles in the bottom row. The decline in life expectancy in 1960 for the southeast Asia, east Asia, and Oceania super-region was due to famine. GBD=Global Burden of Diseases, Injuries, and Risk Factors Study. SDI=Socio-demographic Index.

first 2 years of the pandemic than what would be expected based on past trends. In 2020, 20 countries and territories had negative excess mortality, while in 2021, only New Zealand and Barbados had negative excess mortality (table 1).

Additionally, we computed age-standardised excess mortality rates to compare the impact of the pandemic across countries and territories while controlling for different population age structures. Age-standardised rates and all-age rates differed substantially, with the highest age-standardised excess mortality rates observed in nations in sub-Saharan Africa, Latin America, and the Middle East (figure 6). The lowest age-standardised rates were found in some countries and territories in the Caribbean, east Asia, and Oceania, and some highincome nations. There was substantial variability within all super-regions. The countries or territories with the highest age-standardised rates during 2020 and 2021 combined were Eswatini (992.5 age-standardised excess deaths per 100 000 population [95% UI 745 · 5 to 1173 · 2]), Lesotho (874.3 [734.7 to 1009.4]), and Somalia $(715 \cdot 6 [549 \cdot 3 \text{ to } 912 \cdot 7])$; the nations with the lowest rates were Barbados (-61.5 [-111.6 to -13.1]), Mongolia

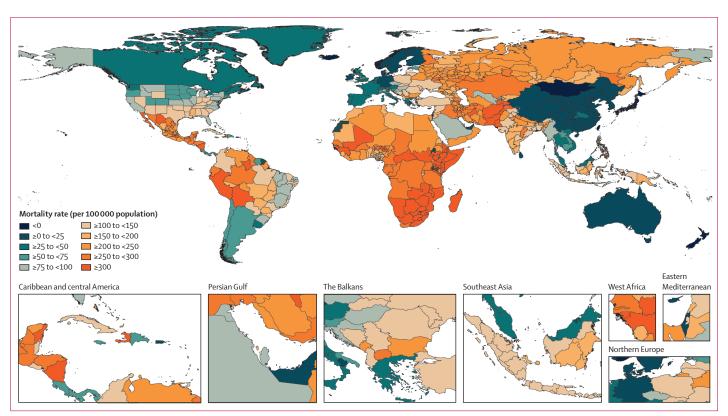


Figure 6: Global distribution of age-standardised excess mortality rates due to the COVID-19 pandemic, 2020 and 2021 combined Mortality rates are expressed as the number of deaths per 100 000 population. Excess mortality rates are negative in countries and territories where fewer deaths occurred than predicted.

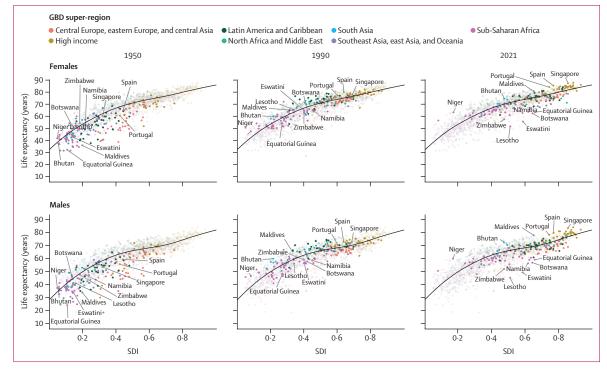


Figure 7: National life expectancy at birth versus SDI, and expected life expectancy based on SDI, in females and males in 1950, 1990, and 2021 Life expectancy at birth is shown for 204 countries and territories coloured by GBD super-region. Transparent points in all plots show every fifth year between 1950 and 2015, and 2021 in the first two columns. The black line represents the expected life expectancy at birth based on SDI, and the shaded area corresponds to 95% uncertainty intervals. GBD=Global Burden of Diseases, Injuries, and Risk Factors Study. SDI=Socio-demographic Index.

(-32.9 [-209.6 to 131.0]), and Antigua and Barbuda (-13.7 [-55.5 to 27.9]).

Estimated mortality versus expected mortality based on SDI

Between 1950 and 2021, longer life expectancies at birth were generally associated with higher SDI levels (figure 7; table 2). For females in 2021, the super-regions with the largest proportion of nations with a life expectancy higher than expected based on SDI were high-income (31 of 36 nations), south Asia (three of five nations), and Latin America and the Caribbean (16 of 33 nations), while central Europe, eastern Europe, and central Asia (23 of 29 nations), sub-Saharan Africa (35 of 46 nations), and north Africa and the Middle East (14 of 21 nations) had the highest proportion of nations with a lower life expectancy than expected based on SDI. For males in 2021, the GBD super-regions with the largest proportion of nations with a life expectancy greater than expected based on SDI were high-income (31 of 36 nations), south Asia (three of five nations), and north Africa and the Middle East (11 of 21 nations); the super-regions with the highest proportion of nations displaying a life expectancy lower than expected based on SDI were central Europe, eastern Europe, and central Asia (24 of 29 nations), sub-Saharan Africa (34 of 46 nations), and southeast Asia, east Asia, and Oceania (24 of 34 nations). Between 1950 and 2021, an increase in both life expectancy at birth and SDI was observed in all countries and territories. For females in 2021, the five countries or territories with the largest positive difference between estimated life expectancy and expected life expectancy based on SDI were Somalia (13.9 years), Niger (10.0 years), Spain (6.5 years), Portugal (6.0 years), and Singapore $(5 \cdot 6 \text{ years})$; the five countries or territories with the largest negative difference were Lesotho (-19.6 years), Eswatini (-17.9 years), Botswana (-12.8 years), Equatorial Guinea (-12.5 years), and Zimbabwe (-12.5 years; table 3). For males in 2021, the five countries or territories with the largest positive difference between estimated life expectancy and expected life expectancy based on SDI were Somalia ($12 \cdot 2$ years), Niger ($10 \cdot 6$ years), the Maldives (8.4 years), Bhutan (7.1 years), and Singapore (6.7 years); the five countries or territories with the largest negative difference were Lesotho ($-21 \cdot 2$ years), Eswatini (-18.7 years), Zimbabwe (-13.4 years), South Africa (-12.8 years), and Botswana (-12.4 years; table 4).

In 2020 and 2021 combined, lower age-standardised excess mortality rates due to the COVID-19 pandemic were broadly associated with higher SDI levels, but the association was not consistently strong (figure 8). The GBD super-regions with the largest proportion of countries and territories with an excess mortality rate higher than expected based on SDI were central Europe, eastern Europe, and central Asia (26 of 29 nations), Latin America and the Caribbean (21 of 33 nations), and

	1950			1990			2000			2010			2021		
	Estimated life expectancy	Estimated Expected Difference life life expectancy expectancy	Difference	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference	Estimated Expected life life expectancy expectancy		Difference	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference	Estimated life Expected expectancy life expectanc	Expected life expectancy	Difference
Global	49.0	63.4	-14·3	65.5	. 69.5	-4.0	67.2	70.7	-3.4	70.5	71.7	-1.2	71.7	72.9	-1.2
Low SDI	38.6	45.7	-7.0	53.1	54.0	-1.0	54.9	56.2	-1.2	60.2	60.2	0.1	62.6	64.9	-2.3
Low-middle SDI	38.8	50.1	-11.3	9.09	61.1	-0.5	63.0	64.1	-1.1	66·5	67.0	-0-5	67.4	6.69	-2·5
Middle SDI	46.2	55.5	-9.2	67.0		-1.3	9.69	6.69	-0.3	72.3	71-4	1.0	73·2	73·1	0.2
High-middle SDI	57.6	65.1	-7.5	70.4	71.0	-0.6	71.4	72.3	6.0-	74.7	73.9	0.8	76.2	75.7	0.5
High SDI	63·9	71.0	-7.1	75.6	75.7	-0.1	77·8	77.2	0.5	80.0	78.6	1.5	80·2	6.67	0.4
SDI=Socio-demographic Index.	ohic Index.														
Table 2: Life expectancy (estimated, expected based on SDI, and the	tancy (estimat	ed, expected b	ased on SDI,	and their diffe	rence), global	ly and by SDI	quintile, for	heir difference), globally and by SDI quintile, for 1950, 1990, 2000, 2010, and 2021	000, 2010, a	nd 2021					

Global General Europe																2021
Eurone	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference	1									
	51.6	65-6	-14-0	68.1	72.2	-4-1	69.8		-3.7	73-3	74.8	-1.6	74-8		-1.4	0.67
	63.8	72.2	-8-4	73-8	75-5	-1-7	73·2	76.6	e.e.	75.7	78.0	-2·2	75-5	5.67	6- 3.8	0.77
Central Asia	51.9	68.6	-16.7	71.6	73-1	-1.5	71-0	73-9	-2.9	73-6	75-4	-1.7	74·3	76.2	-1.9	0.68
Armenia	52.2	69.4	-17.3	73-9	72.8	1.1	74-9	73.9	1.1	77.1	75-9	1.2	78.6	77-3	1.3	0.70
Azerbaijan 3	39.2	9.79	-28.4	70.6	74·3	-3.7	70.6	73·9	-3.3	73·0	75.8	-2.7	73-4	0.77	-3.6	0.69
Georgia	57.0	73·0	-16.0	73.7	75-9	-2.2	74.0	75·2	-1.3	6.77	76-4	1.4	75.8	78.1	-2.3	0.73
Kazakhstan (61.3	69.2	6.7-	72.6	74-1	-1.5	70.5	75.6	-5.2	73·0	76.7	-3.7	73·9	ĿLL	-3.8	0.73
Kyrgyzstan	51.9	0.69	-17.1	6·0/	72.0	-1.1	71-4	72.8	-1.5	73·8	73.1	<i>L</i> ∙0	76.1	74-7	1.4	0.60
Mongolia	39.9	61.6	-21.7	65.5	70.1	-4.5	67.0	72.2	-5.2	71.1	73.7	-2.6	74.6	75·0	-0-4	0.62
Tajikistan 4	40.6	62.0	-21.3	68.6	70.1	-1.4	0.69	9.69	∠·0-	71.7	71.0	0.7	72.1	72.4	£.0-	0.54
Turkmenistan 4	48·8	68.3	-19.6	69.3	73-4	-4.2	70.0	73·4	-3.4	73.1	75.1	-2.0	71.5	76-7	-5.2	0.68
Uzbekistan	52.1	65.3	-13.2	72.7	71-5	1.2	71.5	73·1	-1.7	73-4	74.8	-1.4	75.1	75.6	-0-5	0.66
Central Europe	58.9	70.6	-11.8	74.6	75.4	8·0-	76-4	77-1	L·0−	0.67	78·8	0.2	78.3	80.1	-1.8	0.80
Albania	50.2	64.4	-14·3	75.7	73·3	2.4	78.4	74.0	4.4	80.4	75.9	4·5	78.7	77-3	1.4	0.71
Bosnia and ⁴ Herzegovina	47.5	60.6	-13.2	76.2	72.7	3.5	78·0	74.5	3.5	79.8	76.6	3.3	78·3	77.8	0.4	0.72
	58.9	6.69	-11.0	73·5	75.4	-1.9	73-7	76.6	-2.9	75.9	78.0	-2.1	73.7	79-3	-5.5	0.77
Croatia	52.9	70.2	-17.4	75.7	76.3	9.0-	78.1	77-3	0.8	80.0	78.9	1.1	80.3	80.3	0.0	0.80
Czechia	68.1	73·7	-5.6	75.6	26.6	6.0-	78-4	79.3	-0.8	80.9	80.6	0.3	80.9	81.2	-0-4	0.83
Hungary (62.4	71.5	-9.2	73.8	75.8	-1.9	76.1	77-5	-1.5	78.5	79.1	9.0-	78·0	79-9	-2.0	0-79
Montenegro 6	66.4	9.69	-3.2	78.3	76.4	1.8	76.7	76-4	0.3	L-17	78·5	∠·0-	76.0	80.1	-4.1	0.80
North Z Macedonia	49·3	67.6	-18.4	72·6	74·5	-2.0	73.7	75-5	-1.8	75.4	77-3	-1.9	74.2	78.6	-4.4	0.75
Poland	59.6	71.2	-11.5	75.6	75-1	0.5	78.0	77.3	0.8	80.5	79.1	1:5	7.97	80.6	6.0-	0.81
Romania (6.09	67.1	-6.3	73·0	75.0	-1.9	74.7	76.2	-1.5	77-5	77.8	£.0-	76-8	79-3	-2.5	0.77
Serbia 4	49.9	70.4	-20.5	73-0	75·2	-2·3	73·8	76.0	-2.2	76-7	78·3	-1.6	76.7	80.1	-3.4	0.79
	64.4	72.2	-7.8	75.6	75-9	-0.3	77-9	78·1	-0.2	9.62	79.8	-0.1	78·3	80.6	-2·3	0.81
Slovenia	59.5	73·3	-13.8	78.0	78.0	0.1	80.0	9.62	0.4	83.0	80.9	2.0	84.0	81.7	2.3	0.84
Eastern Europe (69.5	73·1	-3.6	74.6	76.2	-1.5	72.9	77.1	-4.2	75.1	78.8	-3.7	74.9	80.4	-5.6	0.80
	70.6	70.6	-0.1	75.8	75.0	0.8	74-7	76-2	-1.5	76.6	78.1	-1.5	76.0	79-8	-3.8	0.78
	70.0	73·3	-3.3	75.0	76-4	-1.4	76.2	78·3	-2.1	80.8	80.3	0.5	81.2	81.7	-0-5	0.84
Latvia	72.0	73.6	-1.6	74-7	76.6	-1.9	76.0	78.0	-2.0	78.1	80.3	-2.1	78.1	81.2	-3·1	0·83
Lithuania (68.7	71·5	-2.8	76.1	76.3	-0.2	77.5	L-11	-0.2	78.7	80.1	-1.4	78-9	82.2	-3·3	0.86
Moldova	56.5	6.69	-13.4	71-5	74·5	-3.0	72·5	75.0	-2.5	74-7	76-3	-1.6	76-4	78·0	-1.6	0.73
	69.5	73·3	-0. 8.	74-5	76.3	-1.8	72·5	77-4	-4.9	74·8	79.1	-4·3	74·3	80.6	-6.3	0.81
	70·8	73·0	-2.2	74·8	75.6	8·0-	73·5	76-3	-2.8	75-4	77-7	-2·3	75.7	78-9	-3:3	0.76
High income (67.7	74-0	-6.3	79-4	78.6	0.8	81.2	79-9	1.3	83.1	80.8	2.4	83·3	82.0	1.3	0.85
	71-9	73·6	-1.7	7.9.7	78.0	1.7	82.1	79-4	2.6	84.0	80.4	3.5	85.3	81·7	3.6	0.85
Australia	72·0	73·3	-1·3	80.0	77.8	2.1	82·3	79-3	3·1	84·2	80.4	8. €	85.6	81·7	3.9	0.84

																1707
	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference	1
(Continued from previous page)	previous page)															
New Zealand	71.5	74-5	-3.0	78.4	78.6	-0.2	80.8	79.8	1.1	82.8	80.6	2.2	84.1	81.9	2.2	0.85
High-income Asia Pacific	59.6	71.5	-11.9	80.9	79.3	1.7	84.1	80.8	ŝ	86.2	81.7	4·5	87.8	82 <i>.</i> 7	5.1	0.88
Brunei	49·5	65.6	-16.1	73·1	76.2	0·C-	75.2	<i>T-</i> 77	-2.5	77-1	79.4	-2.3	78.3	80.6	-2.3	0.81
Japan	63·5	72.8	6-0.5	82.3	6.67	2.4	85.1	81.1	4.0	86.7	81.7	5.0	88.1	82.5	5.6	0.87
Singapore	60.5	62.6	-2.1	78.2	76.7	1.5	81.7	79.3	2.4	85.0	81.2	3.7	87.7	82.0	5.6	0.86
South Korea	46.5	61.6	-15.1	75-9	76.8	6.0-	79.7	79.8	0.0-	84.0	81.7	2.2	86.0	83.0	3.1	0.89
High-income North America	71.1	74.8	-3.7	79.1	79.1	0.0	7.67	80.1	-0-4	81.4	81.2	0.1	80.4	82.4	-1.9	0.86
Canada	20.9	75·0	-4.1	80.6	9.62	1.0	81.8	80.8	1.1	83·6	81.7	1.8	84.1	82.7	1.4	0.87
Greenland	52.2	73.6	-21.3	67.5	78.0	-10.5	71.1	78·3	-7.2	74.9	80.4	-5.6	76.9	81-4	-4.5	0.83
NSA	71.2	74.8	-3.7	79.0	79.1	-0.1	79.5	80.1	9.0-	81.1	81.1	0.0	80.0	82.4	-2.3	0.86
Southern Latin America	64.0	70.2	-6.3	76.3	74.0	2.3	78·4	75·5	0. O	9.62	76.6	3·1	6.67	78·5	1.4	0.74
Argentina	6.99	70.6	-3.7	76.0	74.0	2.0	6· <i>L</i> /	75.5	2.4	0.67	76-3	2.7	79.1	78.1	0.9	0.72
Chile	55.2	0.69	-13.8	76.7	74.0	2.7	79.8	75.9	3.9	81.3	77-3	4.1	81.9	79.3	2.6	0.77
Uruguay	70.2	70.4	-0.2	76.9	73·9	3·0	78.6	75.1	3·5	80.0	76.2	3.9	79-4	<i>L-17</i>	1.7	0.72
Western Europe	69.2	74.0	-4.8	79.5	78·5	1.1	81·5	79.8	1.8	83·6	80.8	2.8	84.2	81.9	2.3	0.85
Andorra	6.77	74·5	3·3	82·3	78.9	3.4	83·5	9.67	4.0	84·8	81.6	3.2	85.7	82.5	3.2	0.87
Austria	68.6	74-4	-5.8	0.67	78.6	0·3	81.3	6·6/	1.4	83·2	81.1	2.2	84·1	82.0	2.0	0.85
Belgium	6.89	73.7	-4.9	79-3	78.3	1.0	81.0	79.67	1.4	82.8	80.8	2·0	84.2	82.0	2.2	0.85
Cyprus	61.7	69-4	-7.7	76-3	75·8	0.5	78·1	78·5	-0-4	81.3	80.6	0·7	83·2	81.4	1.8	0.84
Denmark	71.9	75-4	-3.4	6.77	80.3	-2·3	79.3	81.6	-2.2	81.6	82.4	-0.8	83·5	83.3	0.2	06.0
Finland	68.1	73-4	-5.4	79.4	78·8	0.6	81.5	79-9	1.6	83·7	81.1	2.6	84.9	82.2	2.7	0.86
France	8.69	72.7	-2.9	81.1	78.0	3.1	82.7	79-4	Э.Э	84.6	80.4	4·1	85.5	81.6	3.9	0.84
Germany	70.2	75·5	-5.3	78.6	80.8	-2.2	81.2	81.9	L-0-	82.8	82.8	0.0	83·4	83.6	-0.2	06.0
Greece	6.07	71.7	6.0-	79-4	76-4	3·0	80.8	78.1	2.7	82·7	79-4	3·3	82.8	79-9	2.9	0.79
Iceland	74.0	73·4	9.0	80.2	79.1	1.1	82.1	80.4	1.7	83·4	81.6	1.9	84.9	82.7	2.2	0.88
Ireland	67.2	73-9	-6.6	9· <i>1</i> /	L-77	-0.1	79.3	79.6	-0.2	82.9	81.2	1.6	84·5	82.7	1.8	0.87
Israel	72.7	71.7	1.0	78.8	77-4	1.4	80.6	78.6	2.0	83·4	79-4	4.0	85.1	80.6	4·5	0.81
Italy	68.9	72.2	C:C-	80.3	77.3	3·0	82.4	78.6	ë 8	84.4	9.62	4.8	84.9	80.4	4·5	0.81
Luxembourg	68.2	75.6	-7.4	78.7	9.67	8·0-	81.4	80.9	0.4	83·4	82.0	1.4	84.9	83·0	1.9	0.88
Malta	67.4	6-79	-0.5	78.7	75.9	2.9	81.1	77-4	3.7	83·3	78·8	4·5	84.1	80.3	3.8	0.80
Monaco	68.1	76-8	-8-7	81.0	81.7	L·0-	81.4	82·5	-1.1	81.7	83.1	-1.4	81-4	83.7	-2.3	0.91
Netherlands	72.9	75·8	-2.9	80.1	80.1	0.0	80.7	81.2	9.0-	82.8	82.2	0.6	83.2	83.1	0.1	0.89
Norway	73-7	75-9	-2.2	80.1	80.1	0.0	81.6	81.7	-0.2	83.4	82.8	0.6	84.9	83.9	1.0	0.92
Portugal	6.09	68.1	-7.2	9.77	74-4	3.2	80.1	76.0	4.1	83.1	77-3	5.9	84.4	78.5	0.9	0.74
San Marino	76.2	75·5	0.7	82.4	80.8	1.6	84·5	82.2	2.3	87.6	82.8	4.8	88.1	83.0	5.1	0.89
Spain	64·5	0.69	-4.5	80.4	75·4	5.1	82·9	0.77	5.9	85·0	78·3	6.7	85.7	79.3	6.5	0.77
Sweden	72.7	75·5	-2.8	80.8	79.8	1.0	82.2	81.4	0 Ö	83·8	82.2	1.6	85.0	83·1	1.9	0.89

	1950			1990			2000			2010			2021			SDI, 2021
	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference													
ontinued from	(Continued from previous page)															
Switzerland	71-1	78.6	-7.5	81.2	82.4	-1.2	83.1	83.0	0.2	85.0	83.7	1:3	86.4	84.4	1.9	0.93
NK	71.3	74-7	-3.4	78.4	78·5	0.0-	80.1	6-62	0.1	82·5	80.9	1.6	82.4	82.2	0.2	0.86
England	71.8	74.7	-2.9	78.6	78·5	0.2	80·3	6.67	0.3	82.8	80.9	1.8	82.6	82.2	0.4	0.86
Northern Ireland	68.7	73.7	-5.1	77-2	77·8	-0.6	9.62	79-4	0.2	81.8	80.4	1.4	82.3	81.6	0·7	0.84
Scotland	68.0	74-4	-6.4	76.7	78.5	-1.7	78.6	79-9	-1.4	80.8	80.9	-0.1	80.8	82·0	-1.2	0.85
Wales	71.1	73.9	-2.8	78·5	77-4	1.1	7.97	78.9	0.8	81.9	6.67	2.0	81.1	81.4	6.0-	0.83
Latin America and Caribbean	52-4	59.6	-7.3	72.7	71-4	1.4	75-8	72.8	3.0	76.1	74·3	1.8	75-9	75.6	0.3	0.65
Andean Latin America	42·5	60.6	-18.1	70.6	71.4	8·0-	74.8	72.7	2.1	77-3	74-1	3.2	74.3	75-9	-1.6	0.65
Bolivia	38.2	57.5	-19.3	62.4	68.3	-5.9	67.4	70.8	-3.4	71.0	72.7	-1.6	68.8	74-5	-5.8	0.60
Ecuador	51.2	62.9	-11.7	74.2	72.0	2.1	76.6	72.8	3.7	77-5	74.1	3.4	77.1	76.2	1.0	0.66
Peru	41.2	9.09	-19.4	72.0	71.7	0.3	76.8	73.0	8. 8	79.7	74.5	5:1	74.9	76.0	-1.1	0.66
Caribbean	57.0	62.9	-5.9	8.69	72.0	-2.2	72.1	73.1	-1.0	56-4	74·5	-18.1	72·5	75.5	-3.0	0.64
Antigua and Barbuda	60.3	62.9	-2.6	77-4	74.8	2.5	76.8	76.0	0.7	78.0	77-4	9.0	77.1	78.6	-1.6	0.75
The Bahamas	60.1	70.4	-10.3	74.5	77.0	-2.5	74-4	78.3	-3.9	76.3	79-4	-3.1	73.6	80.4	-6.8	0.81
Barbados	56.5	67.9	-11-4	76.1	75-9	0.2	76.7	76.6	0.2	77.2	77.5	E-0-	9.77	78.5	-0.8	0.75
Belize	56.6	60.0	-3.4	75.6	68.3	7.3	73·3	71-4	1.9	76-2	73·3	2.9	76.1	74-7	1.4	0.61
Bermuda	66-5	68.1	-1.6	77-4	77.0	0.4	80.8	78.1	2.6	84.9	79-9	5.0	83·3	80.9	2.4	0.82
Cuba	6.89	65.8	3.0	76.7	73·3	3.4	79.2	73-4	5.7	80.4	74.8	5.6	77-3	76-3	1.0	0.67
Dominica	49.7	65.8	-16.1	74.7	73·3	1.4	75-4	75.6	-0.2	75.7	77.1	-1.4	73·3	78·5	-5.1	0.75
Dominican Republic	56.3	50.2	6.1	73·4	0.69	4.4	76.9	71.2	5.7	6-92	73.6	3.4	77-3	75.0	2.3	0.62
Grenada	58.9	56.1	2.8	72.6	0.69	3.6	76.5	72.7	о. Ю	75.9	74.8	1.1	72.9	76-3	-3·3	0.67
Guyana	52.9	60.3	-7.4	66.5	6.69	-3:3	67.8	72.4	-4.5	9.69	73-9	-4.2	68.6	75.8	-7.2	0.65
Haiti	41-4	53·1	-11.7	54·1	62.0	6.7-	56.6	65.3	-8.6	27.6	67.6	-40.1	61·5	69.4	-7-9	0.45
Jamaica	58.6	65.0	-6.4	76.5	72·5	4.0	76.8	74·3	2.5	79-4	75·5	3.9	76-4	76.7	€·0-	0.68
Puerto Rico	62.9	67.1	-4.2	78·2	76-0	2.1	80·2	77-4	2.8	83·2	78-9	4:3	84·5	81.1	3.4	0.83
Saint Kitts and Nevis	60.2	63·5	-3.3	69.2	73-9	-4.6	73·5	75.6	-2.2	75.7	L-17	-2.0	75.5	78·9	-3:4	0.75
Saint Lucia	53.6	59.6	-6.1	72·5	71.2	1.3	76.2	73.9	2.4	79.4	75-4	4.0	76.5	76.3	0.2	0.67
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	53·3	58.6	-5.3	71.8	70.4	1.4	73·5	72.5	1.0	75.1	74.0	1:1	75.2	75.5	-0.2	0.64
Suriname	61.2	59.6	1.5	71.1	71·5	-0.5	73·0	72.8	0.1	75.6	74-4	1.2	74.2	75.5	-1.2	0.63
Trinidad and Tobago	59.2	66.6	-7.4	71.9	75.1	-3.2	73·0	76.4	-3.4	76.8	78.1	-1·3	75.0	79.3	-4.2	0.77

																1707
	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference	1												
(Continued from previous page)	previous page)															
Virgin Islands	64.8	69.2	-4.4	75.4	75-9	-0.5	0.77	77-4	-0.5	80.6	79.9	0.7	82.3	80.9	1:3	0.82
Central Latin America	51.0	60.0	6.8-	73·5	70.8	2.7	76-7	72·5	4·2	78.5	74-0	4·5	75.7	75.6	0.1	0.64
Colombia	56.0	59.6	-3.7	75.0	70.8	4.1	78.4	72.4	6.0	81.2	74.0	7.2	79.7	75.9	ë 8	0.66
Costa Rica	57.4	62.0	-4.6	79-3	72·5	6.7	80.5	74.0	6.5	82.3	75.4	7.0	81.2	77-3	3.9	0.70
El Salvador	46.2	53·5	-7.3	74-4	65.8	8·5	78.5	69.2	9.2	7.9.7	71.5	8·1	77.2	73-4	8. 8.	0.56
Guatemala	41.8	54.3	-12.4	65.4	62.3	3:1	70.3	66.1	4.2	73.6	70.1	3·5	72.7	72.4	0.4	0.54
Honduras	40.5	53.1	-12.6	71.0	63.2	7.8	70.7	9.99	4.1	71.8	9.69	2.1	70.7	71.9	-1.2	0.51
Mexico	49.7	9.09	-10.9	73.2	71.5	1.7	76-4	73·3	3.1	L-17	74-4	3.3	74.7	76.2	-1.5	0.66
Nicaragua	49.5	55.0	-5.5	77.0	64.1	12.9	80.1	6.79	12.2	9.62	70.2	9.4	76.8	72.2	4.6	0.52
Panama	63.2	63.8	9.0-	78.9	72.8	6.1	80.9	74-1	6.8	82·0	75.1	6.9	81.4	77-3	4·1	0.71
Venezuela	57.1	62.9	-5.8	75.2	71.9	з;Э	78.7	73·4	5.2	80.1	74-4	5.7	74.6	74.8	-0.2	0.60
Tropical Latin America	55.4	57·9	-2.5	73.2	71-4	1.9	76.0	72.7	Э.Э	78.2	74.4	3.7	77-3	75.8	1.6	0.65
Brazil	55.4	57-9	-2.5	73·1	71-4	1.7	76.0	72.7	3.3	78.2	74-4	3.7	77-4	75.8	1.6	0.65
Paraguay	59.8	59.6	0.2	77.2	70.4	6.7	6.77	72.4	5.5	78.2	74.0	4.2	75.9	75.8	0.1	0.64
North Africa and Middle East	45-8	53·5	-7.7	67-2	69.0	-1.8	71.1	72.0	6.0-	73-9	73-9	0.0-	73-7	76-0	-2.3	0.66
Afghanistan	38.0	45.6	-7.6	52·5	51.9	0.6	54.1	52.3	1.8	59.8	57.5	2.3	60.7	63·5	-2.8	0.34
Algeria	44.5	49.3	-4.8	71.2	6.69	1.3	74.0	72.7	1:3	76.0	74-5	1.5	75.4	76.0	-0.6	0.66
Bahrain	52.7	56.5	-3.8	70.5	74.0	-3·5	71.3	75.6	-4·3	75.0	77-3	-2.2	75.1	78-9	-3.9	0.75
Egypt	45.5	56.5	-11.0	63·7	68.1	-4.4	68.7	71.5	-2.9	69.3	71.2	-1.9	70.2	74·5	-4.4	0.61
Iran	43.7	51.9	-8.2	69.5	9.69	-0.1	75.0	73-4	1.5	78.1	75.5	2.6	77.2	77.1	0.1	0.70
Iraq	58.6	50.2	8.4	70·3	67.4	3.0	71.8	6.69	2.0	73.8	72.2	1.6	73·5	75.9	-2.4	0.66
Jordan	52.9	48.4	4·5	71.9	72.7	-0.8	72.2	74-1	-1.9	77.2	76.0	1.2	77.6	77.8	-0.3	0.73
Kuwait	67.2	62.6	4.6	77-3	76-4	6.0	80.2	77.7	2.5	82.8	79.8	3.1	85.1	81.7	3.3	0.85
Lebanon	55.8	59.3	-3.5	73-1	72.4	0.7	76.9	73-9	3.0	80.0	76.2	3.9	78.4	78·3	0.1	0.74
Libya	43.7	50.2	-6.5	74·5	72·5	2.0	76.2	75.5	0.7	74.9	L-17	-2.8	73-4	78.1	-4.8	0.73
Morocco	43.7	45.1	-1.4	68.3	65.0	3·3	71·3	6.79	3.4	73.1	70.4	2.7	73.9	73·3	0.6	0.56
Oman	42·9	48.4	-5.6	72.3	68.6	3.8	75.7	74.7	1.0	77.3	77-4	-0.1	76.3	79-3	-3.0	0.77
Palestine	46.2	49.3	-3·1	71.7	67.1	4·5	73·2	6.69	3.3	74.9	72.2	2.7	76.2	75.2	1.0	0.63
Qatar	62.5	58.6	3.9	72.7	75.8	-3.1	73.7	77-5	-3.9	75.6	9.62	-4.0	79.2	81.7	-2.5	0.85
Saudi Arabia	53·3	54.6	-1·3	69.4	72.7	-3·3	71.6	75.6	-4.1	73·5	78·3	-4.8	75.1	80.8	-5.7	0.82
Sudan	47.1	48.4	-1·3	59.2	9.09	-1.4	64.1	64.1	0.0-	68.8	68.8	0.0-	70.1	72.7	-2.6	0.54
Syria	54.6	51.1	3.5	70.7	68.6	2.1	72.8	71-5	1.2	75.6	74·3	1.3	74.7	75.1	-0.4	0.62
Tunisia	44.0	50.2	-6.2	74-4	70.2	4.1	6-92	73·3	3.6	78.9	75.1	3.8	77.1	76.6	0.5	0.68
Türkiye	50.0	57.2	-7.2	71.3	6.69	1.5	<i>77.</i> 6	72·5	5.1	9.67	74.8	4.7	78·3	77-4	6.0	0.71
United Arab Emirates	57-4	53.9	3.5	20.9	75.6	-4.7	72.5	78.9	-6.4	71.3	81.2	-10.0	71·5	81.9	-10.3	0.85
Yemen	32.0	44·1	-12.1	60.5	55.4	5.1	64.7	61.3	3.4	69.4	6.99	2.5	68.5	69.4	-1.0	0.45
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																2021
	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference										
(Continued from previous page)	orevious page)															
South Asia	39.6	52.7	-13·1	61.5	62.6	-1-0	65.4	66-4	-1.0	69-4	9.69	-0.3	70-8	73·3	-2.5	0-56
Bangladesh	43·3	46.5	€. C-	60.2	56.5	3.7	67.1	61.3	5.8	71.1	65.6	5.6	74-1	71.2	2.9	0.49
Bhutan	38.0	40.9	-2.9	60.2	55.4	4.8	65.6	61.3	4·3	72.5	67.1	5.4	74.9	70.4	4.5	0.47
India	38.6	53.5	-14.9	61.7	63.2	-1.5	65.6	6.99	-1·3	9.69	70.1	-0.4	71.2	73-9	-2.6	0.58
Nepal	40.8	45.6	-4.8	58.4	54·3	4.1	66.3	59.6	9.9	70.6	64.7	5.9	70.8	68.8	2.0	0.43
Pakistan	46.1	50.6	-4.5	62.9	62.0	6.0	62.9	65.8	-2.9	65.7	68.8	0·8-	66.4	71.5	-5.1	0.50
Southeast Asia, east Asia, and Oceania	49.6	54.6	-5.1	69.4	70.2	6.0-	72·3	73.0	L·0-	76.2	75.2	1.0	78.6	0.77	1.6	0.70
East Asia	50.6	53.9	с. С.	70.1	70.2	-0.2	73·3	73·3	0.0-	77.8	75.8	2.0	80.7	77.8	2.9	0.73
China	50.7	53·1	-2.4	6.69	6.69	0.1	73·4	72.8	9.0	77.8	75.5	2.3	80.7	<i>T-</i> 77	3·0	0.72
North Korea	41.2	62.9	-21.7	72.4	71.2	1.2	64.8	71.2	-6.3	73-4	72·5	6.0	76.2	73.6	2.6	0.57
Taiwan (province of China)	58.4	61.0	-2.6	77-3	76.3	1.0	79.8	78.8	1.0	83·0	81.1	1.9	84.6	82.7	1.9	0.87
Oceania	49.2	55.8	-6.6	64·5	66·6	-2.1	65.7	68·3	-2.7	9.99	0.69	-2.4	9.99	70.1	-3.4	0.47
American Samoa	63.2	70.8	9.7-	73.8	74.8	-1.1	73·0	75.5	-2.4	72.6	76.2	-3.5	72.8	77.3	-4.4	0.72
Cook Islands	46.7	63.5	-16.9	71-4	73-4	-2.0	75.6	75.4	0.3	78.8	77-4	1.4	9.62	79.6	0.0	0.78
Federated States of Micronesia	45·1	56.8	-11.7	65.6	6.69	-4.3	66.8	71.7	-4.9	68.6	73·0	-4.4	69.7	74.1	-4.5	0.59
Fiji	59.2	61.3	-2.1	1.69	72·5	-3.4	68·2	74.1	-6.0	69.2	75.0	-5.8	68.8	76.3	-7.5	0.68
Guam	70.1	73-4	€. U	75.8	76.6	-0·8	78.6	77.8	0.7	82.9	78.9	4.0	82.9	80.3	2.6	0.80
Kiribati	48.0	59.3	-11.2	61.5	67.6	-6.1	63·5	69.2	-5.7	65.1	70.6	-5.5	67.0	72.2	-5.2	0.53
Marshall Islands	53.6	56.5	-2.9	66.3	68.6	-2.3	6.59	70.2	-6.4	64.6	71.9	-7.3	66.8	73.6	-6.8	0.57
Nauru	54.5	6.99	-12.4	64·3	72.7	-8.4	61·5	72·0	-10.6	62.0	72.7	-10.6	65.7	75.1	-9.4	0.63
Niue	54.5	63·5	0.6-	71.9	74·0	-2.1	71.6	75.2	-3.6	72.7	76-7	-4.0	69.2	77.8	-8.6	0.73
Northern Mariana Islands	65.4	69.2	8. 6-	73·2	77·5	-4.4	75-3	78.8	-3.5	76.2	78.8	-2.5	75.0	79.6	-4.6	0.77
Palau	50.8	68.1	-17.3	68.6	76.2	-7.5	69.7	77.3	-7.5	69.5	77.8	-8-4	70-5	78.8	-8.3	0.75
Papua New Guinea	45.9	49·3	-3.5	62·8	62·0	0·0	64.4	64.7	€·0-	65.5	66.1	-0.6	65·5	68.1	-2.6	0.42
Samoa	58.0	60.3	-2.3	71.1	70.8	0.3	71.7	71-9	-0.2	72.0	73·1	-1.1	71.9	74-1	-2.2	0.59
Solomon Islands	48.6	51.9	÷	64.1	61.3	2.8	65.8	64.7	1.1	6.99	66.1	0 [.] 8	68.4	68.6	-0.2	0.43
Tokelau	58.2	61.0	-2.8	68.6	72.0	-3.4	70.3	73.6	-3.3	72.2	75.2	-3·0	67.8	76.7	6.8-	69.0
Tonga	62.9	58.9	9·9	73·1	71.0	2.1	73·9	72·8	1.1	74.6	73-9	0 ^{.8}	75.7	75.2	0.5	0.63
Tuvalu	49.2	58.6	-9-4	62·5	6.99	-4.4	63·5	70.2	-6.7	0.69	72.0	-3:1	70.6	73·7	-3·1	0.58
Vanuatu	49.9	53.9	-4.0	67.2	64.4	2.8	68.1	66·6	1.5	69.3	68.6	0.7	69.4	70.2	-0.8	0.47
Southeast Asia	47-2	56.1	6.8-	6.79	70.1	-2.1	70-5	72·5	-2.0	73·3	74.0	L·0-	74·3	75.8	-1.5	0.65

																2021
	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference													
(Continued from previous page)	previous page)															
Cambodia	45.4	53.5	-8.1	59.6	60.6	-1.0	62.4	63·5	-1:1	69.2	67.6	1.5	71.0	70-4	0.5	0.47
Indonesia	44.4	53.9	-9.4	65.4	9.69	-4·3	68.3	72.5	-4.2	70.8	74.0	-3.2	72.0	76.0	-4.0	0.66
Laos	41·0	48.9	6.7-	54.6	58.9	-4.4	0.09	62.9	-2.9	67.0	6.79	8.0-	70.4	71.0	9.0-	0.49
Malaysia	57.5	55.4	2.1	74·5	72·8	1.7	75.6	75.2	0.4	76-4	76.8	-0-5	75.7	78·3	-2.6	0.74
Maldives	36.4	53.9	-17.5	65.4	63.2	2.2	72.8	70.6	2.2	79.3	73.9	5.4	81.2	76.0	5.2	0.65
Mauritius	52.6	61.0	-8-4	74·1	72·8	1.2	75.5	74-5	6.0	77.8	76.0	1.8	76.9	L-17	8. -	0.72
Myanmar	35.8	49.3	-13.6	58.1	62.6	-4.5	61.4	65.6	-4·2	67.6	6.69	-2.2	71.2	72-4	-1.2	0.53
Philippines	58.8	63·5	-4.7	71.8	71.7	0.1	73·8	72.8	1.0	74.0	73.6	0.4	72.2	75.9	-3.7	0.65
Seychelles	62.9	65.6	-2.6	75·5	73.7	1.8	76.6	75.8	6.0	77.0	76.6	0.5	76.5	78.0	-1.5	0.73
Sri Lanka	54.1	63.2	-9.1	74.1	72.0	2.1	76.5	73.9	2.6	78.2	75-4	2.9	7.97	77.1	2.6	0.70
Thailand	53.9	56.8	-3.0	74.6	71-5	3.1	75.1	73-9	1:3	79.1	75.1	4.0	80.3	76.6	3.7	0.68
Timor-Leste	42.7	46.1	-3.4	59.7	58.6	1.1	65.8	63.8	2.0	70.3	6.99	3.4	70.5	69.4	1.1	0.44
Viet Nam	50.3	55.0	-4.7	73·2	67.4	5.8	76-4	71.0	5.4	77-4	73·3	4.1	78·3	75·0	3.4	0.63
Sub-Saharan Africa	43-9	50-6	-6-7	55.6	61.0	-5-4	54.5	63·2	-8-7	60.5	66.4	-5.8	64.1	6.69	-5.8	0-46
Central sub- Saharan Africa	44.0	50.2	-6.2	55·0	61.3	6.9-	54.6	62·6	-8.0	59.8	66.6	-6.8	63.8	70.8	0.7-	0.47
Angola	45·3	48.4	-3.1	52.2	59.3	-7.1	55.0	62.0	6.9-	62.3	66.4	-4.1	63.7	70.6	6.9-	0.45
Central African Republic	45.3	46.1	2.0-	50.3	55.4	-5.0	45.0	57-5	-12.5	50.4	60.0	9.6-	55.2	62·0	-6.7	0.31
Congo (Brazzaville)	39.3	51.5	-12.2	56.9	68.1	-11.2	53.4	6.69	-16.5	60.3	71·5	-11.3	63.1	74.0	-10.9	0.58
Democratic Republic of the Congo	44.2	49·8	-5.6	56.0	60.6	-4.6	55.3	58.9	9.6-	59.7	60.3	9.0-	64.5	66.6	-2.1	0.38
Equatorial Guinea	32.8	46.1	-13.3	54.5	59-3	-4.8	58.6	67.6	-9.1	62.1	73.3	-11.2	63.7	76.2	-12.5	0.66
Gabon	36.1	51.1	-15.0	64·3	9.69	-5.3	61.0	71.7	-10.7	64.7	73·1	-8.5	67.3	75.5	-8.2	0.63
Eastern sub- Saharan Africa	40.8	47·0	-6.2	53·1	56.8	-3.7	53.3	58.9	-5.7	61.7	63.2	-1.6	64.5	67.6	-3.1	0.41
Burundi	39.5	45.6	-6.1	51.2	54.6	-3.5	48.1	55.4	-7-3	61.1	57-2	3.9	64.9	60.6	4:3	0.29
Comoros	45.7	47·5	-1.8	59.6	60.0	6.0-	62.2	64.7	-2.5	66.7	6.79	-1.2	68.2	70-4	-2.3	0.48
Djibouti	60.4	51.5	6.8	63.7	63·8	-0.2	62.6	65.8	€. E-	64.7	68.3	-3.6	67.0	71.2	-4.2	0.49
Eritrea	41-4	42·5	-1.1	52.3	55-4	-3·1	58.8	62.0	-3.2	62.8	64.4	-1.6	64.8	67.4	-2.6	0.40
Ethiopia	36.2	40.9	-4.7	49.0	50.2	-1.2	52.9	52·3	0.6	64.9	58.6	6.3	67.5	65.0	2·5	0.36
Kenya	48.4	47·5	6.0	63·5	63·5	-0.1	56.0	66.4	-10.3	62.7	68·8	-6.0	67.2	72.2	-5.0	0.52
Madagascar	40-4	48.4	-8.0	57-4	60.0	-2.6	60.0	60.3	-0.3	62.8	62.3	0.5	63.9	67.1	-3.2	0.40
Malawi	38.8	48.9	-10.1	50.4	54.6	-4.2	46.3	56.5	-10.2	58.5	9.09	-2.1	62.1	66.1	-4.0	0.38
Mozambique	42.1	44.6	-2.5	53.2	51.9	1:0	54.7	54.3	0.0	56.0	57-5	-1.6	59.9	62.9	0. M	0.33
Rwanda	32·1	48·0	-15.9	51.8	59.6	-7.8	52.0	60·0	6.7-	65.9	64.4	, L	57·5	88.8		0.44

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	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference	
(Continued from previous page)	previous page)															
Somalia	45.0	41-4	3.6	50.9	40.3	10.6	53.2	40.9	12.3	53.6	42·0	11.6	56.9	43.0	13.9	0.08
South Sudan	50.3	48.4	1.9	54.8	54.6	0.1	57:3	56.5	6.0	60.1	59.3	0.8	58.1	60.0	-1.9	0.28
Tanzania	41.4	45.6	-4.2	56.7	58.6	-1.9	54·3	60.6	-6.4	62.2	64.7	-2.5	65.9	69.4	-3.6	0.45
Uganda	41·5	45.1	-3.6	50.8	53.1	-2.3	51.5	56.8	-5.3	62.0	63.2	-1.2	64.9	68.3	-3.5	0.42
Zambia	46.1	48.9	-2.7	52.5	61.6	-9.2	46.0	62.6	-16.6	59.1	6.99	L-7-7	61.4	71.7	-10.3	0.51
Southern sub- Saharan Africa	52.5	61.0	-8-4	67.4	71.5	-4.1	56.3	73-3	-16.9	57.8	74-4	-16.6	63.0	75.6	-12.7	0.64
Botswana	52.6	48.9	3.8	65.0	67.9	-2.9	50.1	71.9	-21.7	59.7	74.0	-14·3	62.9	75.6	-12.8	0.64
Eswatini	43·2	49.3	-6.2	65.1	67.1	-2.0	50.4	70.2	-19.9	49.7	72.2	-22·5	56.1	74.0	-17.9	0.59
Lesotho	52.9	50.6	2.2	65.9	63·8	2.1	51.2	67.1	-16.0	51.9	69.4	-17.5	52.1	71.7	-19.6	0.51
Namibia	53·4	55.4	-2.0	65.6	69.4	-3.8	56.1	71.5	-15.5	63.6	73·1	-9.5	64.0	75.0	-10.9	0.62
South Africa	52.4	62.9	-10.5	68.4	72.7	-4.2	59.2	74-3	-15.0	59.0	75-4	-16.3	64.8	76.6	-11.8	0.68
Zimbabwe	54.8	52.7	2.1	63·8	67.1	-3.	47·8	69.2	-21.4	53·5	6.79	-14.4	58.0	70.4	-12.5	0.47
Western sub- Saharan Africa	44-4	49.3	-4.9	55.7	59.6	6·E-	55.8	62·0	-6.2	6.09	65·6	-4.6	64·5	69.2	-4.7	0.45
Benin	41·5	46.1	-4.6	57·8	55.8	2.1	59.9	58.2	1.6	63.9	61.6	2.3	65.9	65.8	0.1	0.37
Burkina Faso	38.1	40.9	-2.8	52.4	48·4	4.0	53.8	51.9	1.9	59-8	55.8	4.1	63.0	60.3	2.7	0.29
Cabo Verde	50.3	48.9	1.4	72.4	59.6	12.8	73.9	65.0	0.6	9.77	9.69	7-9	77.8	72.5	5.2	0.53
Cameroon	44·2	48.9	-4.7	59.8	61·3	-1.5	55.8	64.4	-8.6	59.3	6.99	-7.6	63·6	70.6	-7.1	0.48
Chad	43.4	40.9	2.5	54.5	47.0	7.5	53.8	49.3	4.4	58.0	53·1	4.9	60.5	56.8	3.7	0.24
Côte d'Ivoire	47·5	47.0	0.4	58.4	60.0	-1.5	53.7	63·5	8.6-	59.4	65.0	-5.6	65.8	68·3	-2.5	0.43
The Gambia	54.8	47.5	7.3	61.9	57-2	4.7	62.7	61.0	1.8	64.8	64.4	0.4	65.9	9.76	-1.8	0.41
Ghana	48.7	57-2	-8.5	60.5	65.6	-5.0	60.7	68·3	-7.6	63.9	70.4	-6·5	67.4	73·3	-5.8	0.56
Guinea	41·5	41-4	0.0	51.9	52.7	6.0-	54.8	55-4	9.0-	59.1	58.6	0.5	62.2	63.8	-1.6	0.34
Guinea-Bissau	32.1	42.0	6.6-	52.2	54.6	-2.5	54.2	57-9	-3.7	58.8	60.6	-1.8	61.3	64.7	-3·4	0.35
Liberia	34.8	48.9	-14.0	50.7	56.8	-6.2	55.0	56.5	-1.4	61.2	60.0	1.2	64.1	64.7	-0.6	0.35
Mali	37·3	41·4	-4.1	50.1	48·0	2.2	53.1	51.1	2.1	59.0	54.6	4·3	61.1	59.6	1.5	0.27
Mauritania	49.5	52.3	-2.8	60.5	63·5	-3.0	64·2	66.4	-2.2	68.3	68·1	0.2	70.1	71.2	-1-1	0.50
Niger	42.2	40.3	1.8	48.1	44·1	4.0	52.3	46.1	6.2	61.3	49.3	12.0	63·5	53·5	10.0	0.17
Nigeria	45.7	50.2	-4·5	55.9	61.6	-5.7	55.9	63·5	L-7-7	61.2	67.6	-6.4	65.0	71-4	-6.4	0.50
São Tomé and Príncipe	35.0	52.3	-17·3	64.7	62.0	2.7	65.0	63.2	1.8	20.0	67.1	2.8	72.2	71-5	2.0	0.51
Senegal	46.5	46.1	0.4	60.4	56.8	3·5	61.9	60·3	1.6	67.1	63·2	3.9	68.2	9.76	9.0	0.41
Sierra Leone	40·3	47.0	-6.7	53.1	55.0	-1.9	52.7	55.8	-3·0	56.6	59.6	-3.0	62.1	65.0	-2.8	0.36
Togo	44·8	45.6	-0.8	59.4	59.3	0.1	58.4	61.6	-3.2	61.4	63·5	-2.1	66.0	9.76	-1.6	0.41
SDI=Socio-demographic Index. GBD=Global Burden of Diseases, Injuries, and Risk Factors Study	aphic Index. GBD.	i=Global Burden	of Diseases, Inju	iries, and Risk F	actors Study.											

	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference										
Global	46-7	61-4	-14.6	63.0	6.99	-3.9	64-8	67.9	-3:1	68.0	68.8	-0-8	0-69	6.69	6.0-	0.67
Central Europe, eastern Europe, and central Asia	57:3	6.99	9.6-	64.8	69.3	-4.5	62.9	70.3	-7.4	66.2	71.8	-5.6	67.4	73.4	-5-9	0.77
Central Asia	45.9	64.0	-18.1	64.0	9.79	-3.6	63.2	68.1	-4.9	66·3	69.2	-2.9	67-4	6.69	-2.4	0.68
Armenia	46.5	64.7	-18.3	67.3	67.4	-0.1	69.3	68.1	1.2	70.5	2.69	0.8	71.3	71.0	0.4	0.70
Azerbaijan	35.1	63.2	-28.1	62.7	68.4	-5.7	64.1	68.1	-4.0	67.2	69.5	-2·3	67.0	70.7	-3·6	0.69
Georgia	48.3	67-5	-19.2	65.2	69.7	-4.4	65.5	69.1	-3·6	67.7	70.1	-2.5	67.3	72.0	-4-7	0.73
Kazakhstan	52.5	64.6	-12.0	63.2	68.3	-5.1	59.4	69.4	-10.0	63.1	70.4	-7.3	65.3	71.5	-6.1	0.73
Kyrgyzstan	44.6	64.4	-19.8	62·5	66.8	-4·3	62.6	67.4	-4.8	65.2	67.6	-2.4	68-4	68.7	€·0-	0.60
Mongolia	36.8	57-7	-20.9	59.8	65.2	-5.5	9.09	6.99	-6.3	62.6	68.0	-5.4	65.7	68.9	-3.2	0.62
Tajikistan	39.3	58.0	-18.7	63.7	65.2	-1.6	64.7	64.9	-0.2	67.9	0.99	1.9	6.99	67.0	-0.1	0.54
Turkmenistan	44·3	63·8	-19.6	62.6	67·8	-5.2	62.3	67.8	-5.5	65.6	0.69	-3.4	64.3	70-4	-6.1	0.68
Uzbekistan	47·3	61.1	-13.8	66.1	66.4	E-0-3	65.7	67.6	-1.9	68.1	68.8	<i>L</i> ∙0−	6.69	69.4	0.5	0.66
Central Europe	54.6	65.7	-11-1	6.99	69.2	-2·3	69.1	70-8	-1.7	71.7	72.7	-1.0	71-3	74-4	-3·2	0.80
Albania	49.5	60.3	-10.8	69.8	67.7	2.1	71.9	68.2	3.7	75-7	2.69	6.1	73·6	71.0	2.6	0.71
Bosnia and Herzegovina	45.6	56.7	-11.2	20.6	67.3	S:S	72.7	68.6	4·1	74-3	70.3	4.0	72.6	71.6	6.0	0.72
Bulgaria	55.3	65.1	8.6-	66.6	69.2	-2.6	66.6	70.3	-3.7	68.7	71.8	-3·1	66.4	73.4	6.9-	0.77
Croatia	48.9	65.4	-16.5	68.1	70.0	-1.9	70.9	71.0	-0.1	73-7	73.0	Q.7	74-1	74.7	-0-5	0.80
Czechia	63.9	68.0	-4.1	67.6	70.3	-2.7	71.7	73-4	-1.7	74.6	75.1	-0-5	74-4	75.9	-1.5	0.83
Hungary	57-7	66.4	-8.7	65.2	69.5	-4-4	67·5	71.3	-3·8	70.8	73·2	-2.4	70·9	74·2	€. N·N-	0.79
Montenegro	64.7	64.9	-0.2	71.5	70.1	1.4	71.0	70.1	0·8	72.6	72.4	0.2	69.8	74-4	-4.7	0.80
North Macedonia	50.4	63.2	-12.8	68.3	68.6	€·0-	69.3	69.3	-0.1	71.3	71.0	6.0	69.2	72.6	-3.4	0.75
Poland	53.1	66.1	-13.0	9.99	0.69	-2.4	69.7	71.0	-1·3	72.1	73.2	-1.0	71.8	75.1	-3.2	0.81
Romania	57·8	62.8	0.2-	9.99	6.89	-2·3	67.7	6.69	-2.2	70.0	71.6	-1.6	69.2	73-4	-4.1	0-77
Serbia	46-3	65.6	-19.3	67:3	69.1	-1.8	68.6	69.8	-1.2	71.7	72.2	-0-4	71.7	74-4	-2.8	0.79
Slovakia	60.7	6.99	-6.2	66.7	2.69	-3.0	69.4	72.0	-2.6	71.9	74.0	-2.1	71.3	75.1	÷.	0.81
Slovenia	53·0	67.7	-14·7	70.1	71.8	-1.7	72.4	73.8	-1.4	76.3	75.5	0·7	9.77	76.5	1.1	0.84
Eastern Europe	61.7	67.6	-5-9	64·5	6.69	-5.4	60.4	70.8	-10.4	63·7	72.7	0.6-	65.8	74.9	0.6-	0.80
Belarus	63·8	65.7	-1.9	66.3	68.9	-2.6	63·3	6.69	-6.6	64.6	72.0	-7.3	66.0	74.0	-8.0	0.78
Estonia	62.1	67.7	-5.6	64.7	70.1	-5-4	65.6	72.2	-6.6	71.0	74.7	-3.7	72-4	76.5	-4·2	0.84
Latvia	64.6	6.79	÷.	64.4	70.3	-5.9	65.0	71.8	-6.8	68·0	74.7	-6.6	68.3	75.9	9.7-	0.83
Lithuania	62.2	66.4	-4·2	66.2	70.0		66.7	71.5	-4.8	67.5	74-4	-7.0	69.2	77.2	-8.0	0.86
Moldova	49.2	65.1	-15.9	64.6	68.6	-4.0	65.0	68.9	-3.9	65.6	70.0	-4.4	67.9	71.8	-3·9	0.73
Russia	6.09	67.7	-6.8	64.0	70.0	-6.0	59.3	71.1	-11.8	62.9	73·2	-10.3	65·5	75.1	9.6-	0.81
Ukraine	64.7	67-5	-2.8	65.7	69.4	-3.8	62.3	70.0	-7.7	65.7	71-5	-5.7	66.3	73.0	-6-7	0.76
High income	61.9	68.2	-6.3	72.7	72.6	0.2	75.2	74-2	1.0	77-7	75-3	2.4	6-77	77.0	6.0	0.85
Australasia	67·0	6.79	6.0-	73·6	71.8	1.8	76.8	73.6	3.2	9.62	74.9	4.7	81.2	76.5	4.6	0.85
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	NCET			066T			0007			OTO7			1707			2021,
	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference	1												
ntinued from	(Continued from previous page)															
New Zealand	68.6	67.6	1.0	72.6	72.6	-0.1	74.0	76.0	-2.0	75.1	0.67	-3·9	76.8	80.7	-4.0	0.85
High-income Asia Pacific	66.4	51.8	14.7	73.4	74-4	-1.0	75.3	6-92	-1.6	76.5	79.4	-2.8	77.8	81.8	-4.1	0.88
Brunei	61.4	48.6	12.7	6.69	9.69	0·3	71·5	72.8	-1.3	73.6	74.6	-1.0	75.1	74.9	0.2	0.81
Japan	67.4	59.9	7.5	74.2	76.2	-2.0	75-7	78.0	-2.3	76.5	79.9	-3.4	77.6	82.2	-4.6	0.87
Singapore	58.6	53.8	4.8	70.4	73.0	-2.6	73-4	76.8	-3.4	75.9	80.3	-4.4	77.0	83.6	-6.7	0.86
South Korea	57.7	30.1	27·5	70.5	68.0	2.5	74.0	72.6	1.4	76.5	77.2	L-0-	78.1	80.3	-2.1	0.89
High-income North America	68.8	65.5	ŝ	73.2	72.3	6.0	74-4	74-4	0.0	75-9	76.6	L-0-	77-4	74·8	2.6	0.86
Canada	68.9	66.6	2.3	73.8	74.1	6.0-	75·3	76.6	-1.3	76.5	79.2	-2.6	77.8	79.5	-1.8	0.87
Greenland	67.9	46.9	21.0	71.8	62.4	9.4	72.2	66·5	5.7	74.9	69.5	5.3	76.1	71-4	4.7	0.83
USA	68.8	65.5	з;З	73·2	72.1	1.1	74-4	74.2	0.3	75.7	76.3	9.0-	77-4	74·3	3·1	0.86
Southern Latin America	65.4	58.8	9.9	68.2	69.3	1.1	69.3	71-4	-2.1	70.3	73·5	-3.2	72.4	73·8	-1.4	0.74
Argentina	65.7	61·5	4.2	68.2	68.9	L-0-	69.3	70.5	-1.2	70.0	72.6	-2.6	72.0	73·0	-1.0	0.72
Chile	64.4	50.6	13.8	68.2	70·3	-2.1	69.7	74.1	-4.4	71.0	75.9	-5.0	73·4	76.1	-2.8	0.77
Uruguay	65.6	63.8	1.8	68.1	69.4	-1.3	0.69	6.07	-1.9	6.69	72.8	-2.9	71-5	72.0	9.0-	0.72
Western Europe	68.2	64·5	3.7	72.4	73·0	-0.6	74·0	75.6	-1.6	75.3	78.5	-3·2	76.8	79.4	-2.6	0.85
Andorra	68.6	71.2	-2.6	73·0	75.8	-2.8	73·8	77.2	-3.4	76.3	79.2	-2.8	77.6	80.7	-3:1	0.87
Austria	68.5	63.6	4.9	72.6	72-4	0.2	74·2	75·3	-1.1	75.7	6.77	-2.2	77.0	79.2	-2.3	0.85
Belgium	68.0	63·3	4.7	72.2	72.7	-0.5	73·8	74.7	-1.0	75·3	77·5	-2.2	77.0	79·3	-2.3	0.85
Cyprus	64.7	56.1	8.7	69.5	72.6	-3.1	72.4	74.1	-1.8	75.1	77.2	-2.1	76.1	79.2	-3:1	0.84
Denmark	69.2	69.5	-0.2	74.7	72·3	2.3	76.3	74·7	1.7	77-4	77-4	0.0	78.5	79.5	-1.0	06.0
Finland	67.8	60.7	7·1	72.7	71.2	1.6	74-2	74-4	-0.2	75.7	77.1	-1.4	77-2	79.5	-2.3	0.86
France	67:3	64·5	2.8	71.8	73.0	-1.2	73-6	75·3	-1.7	74-9	78·1	-3.2	76.3	9.62	-3.2	0.84
Germany	69.3	64.4	5.0	75.3	72·1	3.2	76-8	75.3	1.5	6.77	6·77	0.0	78-9	78·5	0.4	06.0
Greece	66.5	67.8	-1.2	70.1	74·7	-4.6	72·0	75.9	6·£-	73.6	77·8	-4.2	74·2	77-2	-3.0	0.79
Iceland	67.8	0.69	-1.2	73·2	75.9	-2.7	74·9	78·3	-3.4	76.3	80.0	-3.7	77-8	82·3	-4.6	0·88
Ireland	68.1	65.0	3·1	71·5	72.2	-0.8	73·8	74·0	-0.2	75·9	78·6	-2.6	77.8	80·8	0·8-	0.87
Israel	66.5	72.2	-5.7	71.1	75·5	-4.3	72.6	76.8	-4.2	73.6	80.1	-6.5	75.1	81.2	-6.1	0.81
Italy	6.99	65.2	1.7	71.0	73·7	-2.7	72.6	76.5	-3.9	73·8	79.3	-5.5	74-9	80.3	-5.4	0.81
Luxembourg	69.4	63·5	6.0	73·8	71.6	2.2	75·5	75.0	0.5	77.0	78·5	-1.5	78.1	80.4	-2.2	0.88
Malta	63.4	64.6	-1.2	69.7	74·1	-4.4	71.1	76.3	-5.1	72.7	0.67	-6.2	74·7	81.3	-6.6	0.80
Monaco	70.5	64.0	6.5	76.5	74.7	1.8	9.77	75.9	1.7	78.3	77-1	1.2	79.1	76-3	2.8	0.91
Netherlands	69.5	70.6	-1.1	74-4	73·8	0.6	75-9	75·5	0.4	77.2	78·8	-1.6	78·3	8.67	-1.5	0-89
Norway	69.7	70.6	-1.0	74-4	73·7	0·8	76-5	76.0	0.5	6.77	0.67	-1.0	79.3	81.7	-2.4	0.92
Portugal	63.6	55.9	7.7	68.5	70.6	-2.1	69·8	73·3	-3.5	71.0	77.0	-6.0	72.4	78·5	-6.1	0.74
San Marino	69.3	69.4	-0.1	75-3	76-6	-1.3	77.2	78-4	-1.3	6.77	80.5	-2.6	78.1	84.4	-6.2	0.89
Spain	64.4	59.6	4·8	69.2	73·3	-4.1	70.7	75-9	-5.2	72.2	78.9	-6.8	73-4	6.67	-6.6	0.77

																2021
	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference	1
ontinued from	(Continued from previous page)															
Sweden	69.3	70.3	-1.0	74.0	75.0	-1.0	76.1	77-5	-1.4	77.2	79.8	-2.7	78·3	82.0	-3.6	0.89
Switzerland	72.6	66.7	5.9	77-4	74·3	3.0	78.1	77-3	0.8	79.1	80.5	-1.4	80.0	82·5	-2.5	0.93
UK	68.7	6.99	1.8	72.4	72.9	-0-5	74·2	75-4	-1.2	75.5	78.5	-3.0	77.2	78·2	-1.0	0.86
England	68.7	67.1	1.6	72.4	73-1	8.0-	74.2	75.7	-1.5	75.5	78-9	-3.4	77.2	78.4	-1.2	0.86
Northern Ireland	68.0	66.3	1.7	71.6	71-4	0.2	73.6	74·8	-1:3	74-9	77·5	-2.6	76.3	78·3	-1-9	0.84
Scotland	68.5	6E.7	2.8	N.CT	71.1	c.1	C.N.T	5.57	0.0	75.5	26.2	8.0-	0.77	26.3	0.7	0.85
Wales	68·1	6.99	1.8	71.1	72.9	- 1- 9	73.0	75.0	-2.0	74.2	6.77	-3.6	76.1	78.7	-2.6	0.83
Latin America and Caribbean	55-7	47-9	7.8	66.3	66.7	-0-4	67-4	69-7	-2.3	68-4	70.7	-2.3	69.4	6.89	0-5	0.65
Andean Latin America	56.7	40.4	16.3	66.3	66.6	С.О-	67.3	71.1	-3.9	68.3	73.9	-5.6	2.69	68.3	1:3	0.65
Bolivia	53.7	36.3	17.4	63·8	60.4	3.5	65.9	65.4	0.5	67-3	69.4	-2.2	68.6	63.8	4.8	0.60
Ecuador	58.9	49.9	9.0	66.8	8.69	-3.0	67.4	71.4	-4.0	68.3	71.9	-3.6	6.69	71.0	-1.1	0.66
Peru	56.7	39.1	17.6	66.5	67.3	L-0-	67·5	73-1	-5.6	68.6	76-7	-8.1	69.8	68.8	1.0	0.66
Caribbean	58.9	52.8	6.1	66.8	66.0	0 ^{.0}	67.6	68.2	<i>L</i> ·0−	68.6	59.1	9.5	69.3	6.99	2.5	0.64
Antigua and Barbuda	58.9	54.8	4.1	68.8	70-5	-1.7	69.8	72.1	-2·3	71-1	73·3	-2.2	72.6	73·0	-0-4	0.75
The Bahamas	65.6	54.8	10.8	70.7	67.7	3·0	72.2	67.7	4.4	73.6	69.5	4·0	74.9	66.1	00 00	0.81
Barbados	63.4	51.0	12.4	69.7	71.3	-1.7	70.3	72.4	-2.1	71-3	74.7	-3.4	72-4	74-4	-2.0	0.75
Belize	56.1	53·3	2.8	63·8	71.7	-7·8	66.3	66.7	-0-5	67.7	71.0	-3.3	68.7	70.5	-1.8	0.61
Bermuda	63.6	61.4	2.2	70.7	69.3	1.4	72.0	74·1	-2.1	74.2	76.6	-2.4	75·5	75-6	-0.1	0.82
Cuba	61.6	65.0	-3·4	67.7	73·0	-5.3	67.8	74-9	-7.1	68·8	76.2	-7-4	70.0	70-9	6.0-	0.67
Dominica	61.6	45.6	16.0	67.7	69.1	-1.4	69.4	70.1	2.0-	70.8	70-4	0.4	72.4	67.4	4.9	0.75
Dominican Republic	46.0	53.5	-7.5	64.4	69.3	-4.9	66.1	70.6	-4.4	6-79	71.5	-3.6	68·9	70-5	-1.6	0.62
Grenada	52.2	54.6	-2.4	64.4	67.6	-3.2	67·3	67.7	-0-4	68·8	68.2	0.6	70.0	67·3	2.7	0.67
Guyana	56.4	49·5	6.9	65.1	60.3	4.8	67.0	62.2	4.9	68.1	63·3	4.8	69.5	61.1	8.4	0.65
Haiti	49.1	35.2	13.9	58.0	53.2	4.8	61.1	57.2	3.9	63.2	35.4	27.8	64.7	58.8	6.0	0.45
Jamaica	60.8	54.5	6·3	67.1	73·9	-6.7	68.4	72.7	-4·3	69.3	74.6	-5.2	70.4	72.0	-1.6	0.68
Puerto Rico		59.7	3.1	69.8	69.8	0.0	71.1	72.6	-1.5	73.0	75.8	-2.8	75.7	76.6	6.0-	0.83
Saint Kitts and Nevis	1 59·5	56.5	3·0	68.1	65.8	2.3	69.4	69.1	0·3	71-5	70.0	1.5	73·0	68·5	4.4	0.75
Saint Lucia	55.7	50.1	5.7	66.1	9.76	-1.5	68.1	70.2	-2.1	69.2	72.3	-3·1	70.0	69.7	0·3	0.67
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	54.7	50.4	4.3	65·6	68.2	-2.6	67.1	68.8	-1.6	68.2	71.1	-2.9	69.3	69.7	-0-4	0.64
Suriname	55.7	56.8	-1.1	66.4	66.3	0.1	67.4	67.0	0.3	68·5	69.2	2.0-	69.3	67.5	1.8	0.63
Trinidad and Tobago	62-3	56.6	5.7	0.69	67.0	2.0	70.1	68.0	2.2	72.0	70.6	1.4	73.4	67.6	5.8	0.77
Virgin Islands	64.6	58.8	5.8	69.7	69.2	0.5	71.1	70.1	1.1	74.2	71.5	2.7	75.5	71.3	4.2	0.82

Depended betwertendy expertancy expertancy expertancy expertancy Difference interaction Difference interactio					5												2021
The control of the contro of the contro of the control of the control of the control of th		Estimated life expectancy		Difference	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference	
561 682 76 693 71 708 36 682 756 44 694 633 557 533 23 559 632 730 730 730 730 733	ontinued from	previous page															
Syst Syst <th< td=""><td>ntral Latin nerica</td><td>56.1</td><td>48·5</td><td>7.6</td><td>65·9</td><td>6-79</td><td>-2.1</td><td>67.1</td><td>70-8</td><td>-3.6</td><td>68-2</td><td>72.6</td><td>-4.4</td><td>69.4</td><td>68.3</td><td>1.1</td><td>0.64</td></th<>	ntral Latin nerica	56.1	48·5	7.6	65·9	6-79	-2.1	67.1	70-8	-3.6	68-2	72.6	-4.4	69.4	68.3	1.1	0.64
980 554 76 671 773 683 773 693 773 753 710 733 710 733 710 733 710 733 710 733 710 733 710 733 710 733 710 733 710 733 710 733 710 733 710 733 710 733 710 733 710 733 710 733 710 713 710 713	Colombia	55-7	53.3	2.5	65.9	68·2	-2.4	67.0	70.5	-3.4	68.2	75.0	-6.8	69.7	72.6	-3.0	0.66
493 437 616 634 -33 646 633 -37 644 710 -45 673 773 773 773 773 773 <td>Costa Rica</td> <td>58.0</td> <td>55.4</td> <td>2.6</td> <td>67.1</td> <td>74.8</td> <td>2.7-</td> <td>68.2</td> <td>75.5</td> <td>-7.3</td> <td>69.2</td> <td>76.7</td> <td>-7.5</td> <td>71.0</td> <td>74·3</td> <td>-3:3</td> <td>0.70</td>	Costa Rica	58.0	55.4	2.6	67.1	74.8	2.7-	68.2	75.5	-7.3	69.2	76.7	-7.5	71.0	74·3	-3:3	0.70
993 414 79 933 601 -18 613 613 703 523 601 663 673 673 673 713 733 693 733 693 733 693 733 693 703 703 703	El Salvador	49.5	43.7	5.8	61.6	65.4	-3.8	64.6	68.3	-3.7	66.4	71.0	-4.5	67.8	6.79	-0.1	0.56
(9) (8) (11 (9) (6) <td>Guatemala</td> <td>50.3</td> <td>42.4</td> <td>7.9</td> <td>58.3</td> <td>60.1</td> <td>-1.8</td> <td>61.8</td> <td>64·3</td> <td>-2.4</td> <td>65.2</td> <td>67.5</td> <td>-2.2</td> <td>67.0</td> <td>66.2</td> <td>6.0</td> <td>0.54</td>	Guatemala	50.3	42.4	7.9	58.3	60.1	-1.8	61.8	64·3	-2.4	65.2	67.5	-2.2	67.0	66.2	6.0	0.54
567 668 99 664 682 17 717 400 685 714 -99 669 674 511 646 45 600 755 733 593 753 733 699 674 513 544 647 695 673 653 653 733 557 73 599 653 733 540 643 653 653 653 653 653 733 653 733 653 733	Honduras	49.1	38.0	11.1	59.2	66·5	-7.3	62·3	0.69	2-9-	64.9	70.0	-5.1	66.7	66.4	0.2	0.51
511 466 45 600 705 -105 634 732 -98 654 743 69 690 690 755 7.2 594 613 674 742 -68 673 575 7.0 755 7.0 755 7.0 755 7.0 755 7.0 755 7.0 755 7.0 755 7.0 755 7.0 755 7.0 755 7.0 7.0 753 7.0	Mexico	56.7	46.8	6.6	66.4	68·2	-1.7	67.7	71.7	-4.0	68·5	72·4	6.8-	6.69	67.4	2.5	0.66
99 94 03 674 742 68 755 72 690 755 65 710 755 7 159 543 741 667 693 753 683 714 793 693 703	Nicaragua	51.1	46.6	4·5	60.0	70.5	-10.5	63·4	73.2	8.6-	65.4	74·3	6.8-	6.99	6.69	-3.0	0.52
89 548 41 657 695 73 697 -19 663 714 -29 688 51 540 483 57 663 656 07 673 663 703	anama	59.8	59.4	0.3	67.4	74.2	-6.8	68.3	75.5	-7.2	0.69	75·5	-6.5	71.0	75·5	-4.5	0.71
640 683 573 667 773 687 715 685 703 723 695 702 72 570 431 59 656 737 -81 670 731 666 -14 685 703 695 702 72 17 190 656 737 -81 670 731 661 673 731 663 703 72 695 702 72 14 111 410 651 670 731 651 663 733 732 695 702 72 561 610 653 653 653 653 653 653 653 653 653 653 653 653 653 732 732 732 732 732 733 733 733 733 733 733 733 733 733 733 733 733 733 733 733 733 73	/enezuela	58.9	54.8	4·1	66·7	69.5	-2.8	67.8	69.7	-1.9	68·5	71-4	-2.9	68.8	65.1	3.7	0.60
340 481 59 663 673 673 686 -14 685 708 -23 695 702 72 357 573 -19 656 737 -81 670 731 -61 653 733 -63 673 695 703 -73 695 703 -73 695 703 723 695 600 10 412 385 27 644 653 733 -50 537 539 539 539 530 10 412 385 526 477 483 573 -51 639 639 733 730 733 731 733 731 733 731 733 731 733 <	opical Latin nerica	54.0	48·3	5.7	66.3	65.8	0.5	67.3	68.7	-1.5	68.5	6·0/	-2.4	69.5	70.2	9.0-	0.65
57 57 -19 656 737 -61 633 727 -45 695 695 693 and 495 413 82 644 638 66 67.4 -06 681 703 -22 693 693 693 451 411 40 651 686 -35 67.3 712 -39 686 703 -50 531 -51 533 531	Brazil	54.0	48.1	5.9	66.3	65.6	0.7	67.3	68·6	-1.4	68·5	70.8	-2.3	69.5	70.2	L-0-	0.65
and 413 812 644 638 66 674 -06 631 703 -22 693 693 n 412 385 27 47 323 573	araguay	55.7	57-7	-1.9	65.6	73.7	-8.1	67.0	73.1	-6.1	68.2	72.7	-4·5	69.5	0.69	0.6	0.64
an 412 365 27 478 525 -47 482 533 -50 537 591 -54 595 559 51 411 40 651 686 355 673 712 39 666 730 730 730 731 73 526 590 637 633 633 653 653 653 653 653 653 659 730 730 730 731 73 526 539 636 649 653 651 666 740 633 740 730 730 731 74 540 530 643 653 715 740 731 740 731 74 75 741 74 74 74 75 741 74 74 75 74 75 765 781 77 74 74 77 74 75 77 74 75 7	rth Africa and ddle East		41.3	8:2	64.4	63.8	9.0	66.8	67.4	9.0-	68.1	70.3	-2.2	8-69	68.9	0.8	0.66
451 411 40 651 686 -35 673 712 -39 686 749 -63 698 721 256 509 17 682 679 04 694 686 09 710 730 720 730 723 256 599 17 649 673 133 664 669 740 73 730 720 730 723 460 515 513 653 133 614 663 740 791 730 730 730 730 730 730 733 731 740 740 741 740 741 741 740 740 741 740 740 751 740 741 741 741 741 741 742 741 742 741 742 741 742 741 742 741 742 741 741 741 741 741 741 <t< td=""><td>Mghanistan</td><td>41-2</td><td>38.5</td><td>2.7</td><td>47.8</td><td>52.5</td><td>-4-7</td><td>48.2</td><td>53·3</td><td>-5.0</td><td>53-7</td><td>59.1</td><td>-5.4</td><td>59.5</td><td>55.9</td><td>3.6</td><td>0.34</td></t<>	Mghanistan	41-2	38.5	2.7	47.8	52.5	-4-7	48.2	53·3	-5.0	53-7	59.1	-5.4	59.5	55.9	3.6	0.34
226 509 17 682 679 04 694 686 09 710 730 20 731 730 731 730 731 730 731 730 731 731 730 731 731 730 731 731 731 731 731 731 731 731 731 731 731 731 731 731 731 731	Algeria	45.1	41.1	4.0	65.1	68.6	-3.5	67-3	71.2	-3.9	68.6	74.9	-6.3	8.69	72.1	-2.3	0.66
226 427 99 536 623 13 664 664 661 675 -13 686 669 478 357 121 649 653 -92 673 712 -34 693 740 -47 708 719 460 515 -55 630 645 -15 651 -15 651 712 -34 693 710 775 777 776 777 776 776 771 776 771 776 772 777 776 776 772 772 772 776 776 776 772 772 776 772 772 772 776 772 <td>ahrain</td> <td>52.6</td> <td>50.9</td> <td>1.7</td> <td>68.2</td> <td>67.9</td> <td>0.4</td> <td>69.4</td> <td>68.6</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>71.0</td> <td>73.0</td> <td>-2.0</td> <td>73·0</td> <td>72.2</td> <td>0.8</td> <td>0.75</td>	ahrain	52.6	50.9	1.7	68.2	67.9	0.4	69.4	68.6	0.0	71.0	73.0	-2.0	73·0	72.2	0.8	0.75
4/8 357 121 649 658 -09 678 712 -34 693 740 47 708 719 460 515 -55 630 645 -15 651 666 -16 669 685 -17 716 711 442 494 -52 673 721 -23 715 760 -45 740 791 775 776 771 716 741 554 514 723 711 681 743 656 57 761 772 722 723 460 516 656 -26 693 724 -57 716 772 720 792 772 723 460 516 666 -26 693 756 716 772 772 772 772 772 772 772 772 <	gypt	52.6	42.7	6.6	63·6	62.3	1.3	66.4	66.4	0.0	66.1	67.5	-1·3	68.6	6.99	1.7	0.61
460 515 630 645 -15 651 666 -16 669 685 -15 697 675 442 494 -52 673 721 -49 683 742 -59 698 775 777 716 741 554 514 40 670 659 11 681 743 -60 756 -58 721 765 781 460 402 58 571 713 -41 693 728 -57 717 716 731 741 460 386 20 656 216 651 653 728 756 756 734 705 734 705 470 386 51 651 651 651 651 660 757 720 687 734 705 442 386 526 713 650 711 706 75 761 75 761<	ran	47·8	35.7	12.1	64.9	65.8	6.0-	67.8	71.2	-3.4	69.3	74.0	-4.7	70·8	71.9	-1.0	0.70
442 494 -52 673 721 -49 683 742 -59 698 775 777 716 741 586 509 77 701 724 -23 715 760 -59 791 -51 765 781 554 514 670 659 111 681 743 -62 699 726 721 722 722 406 386 2.0 608 573 -241 693 728 -35 712 709 722 720 687 709 406 386 510 666 -26 687 694 707 709 709 709 709 709 709 709 709 709 709 709 709 700 700 701 700 701 709 709 709 709 709	raq	46.0	51.5	-5.5	63.0	64·5	-1.5	65.1	9.99	-1.6	6.99	68·5	-1.5	69.7	67.5	2.1	0.66
586 509 77 701 724 -23 715 760 -45 740 791 -51 765 781 554 514 67 679 679 756 -58 722 722 722 460 402 58 671 713 -41 693 728 -57 715 724 -09 720 687 406 386 2.0 60.8 65.8 -50 633 728 711 706 07 709 709 412 380 61 66.6 -26 687 694 -07 711 706 05 734 705 41 413 38 62.8 67.1 66.9 717 706 75 761 715 547 547 01 69.4 671 673 66.9 707 738 66.3 716 547 546 73 66.9 7	ordan	44·2	49.4	-5.2	67.3	72.1	-4-9	68.3	74·2	-5.9	69.8	77·5	L·L-	71.6	74·1	-2.5	0.73
554 514 40 670 659 11 681 743 62 699 756 -58 722 723 713 442 474 -32 666 0.7 69.4 691 72 723 718 715 442 474 -32 666 0.7 69.4 691 0.7 763 716 442 714 -32 667 0.7 692 722 <	uwait	58.6	50.9	7.7	70.1	72.4	-2·3	71·5	76.0	-4·5	74.0	79.1	-5.1	76.5	78·1	-1.6	0.85
460 402 58 671 713 -41 693 728 -35 715 724 -09 720 687 a 406 386 2.0 608 656 -58 656 715 -60 677 709 709 a 412 380 61 640 656 -26 687 694 -07 711 706 05 734 705 a 451 4113 38 628 672 -455 651 693 707 -38 691 715 709 705 715 abia 507 52.6 -19 67.2 693 713 705 716 715 716 715 716 442 474 -32 567 567 603 617 713 713 718 716 713 718 440 597 524 703 716 726 713 718	ebanon	55-4	51.4	4.0	67.0	65.9	1.1	68.1	74·3	-6.2	6.69	75.6	-5.8	72.2	72.2	0.0	0.74
0 406 386 2.0 6.0 6.7 7.0 7.1 7.6 6.0 6.7 7.0 44.2 38.0 6.1 64.0 66.6 -2.6 68.7 69.4 -0.7 7.1 7.06 0.5 7.34 705 e 45.1 41.3 3.8 62.8 67.2 -45 65.1 66.6 -2.7 69.4 -0.7 7.11 706 0.5 73.4 705 abia 547 547 0.1 69.5 67.1 66.9 707 -38 69.1 715 abia 507 526 687 0.9 71.3 69.0 72.2 703 1.9 75.5 76.1 442 47.4 -3.2 56.7 0.0 60.0 61.5 76.4 70.5 76.5 76.1 460 52.1 65.7 70.4 50.1 0.3 72.2 703 1.18 71.8 460 <t< td=""><td>ibya</td><td>46.0</td><td>40.2</td><td>5.8</td><td>67.1</td><td>71.3</td><td>-4.1</td><td>69.3</td><td>72.8</td><td>-3.5</td><td>71·5</td><td>72-4</td><td>6.0-</td><td>72.0</td><td>68.7</td><td>ю. С</td><td>0.73</td></t<>	ibya	46.0	40.2	5.8	67.1	71.3	-4.1	69.3	72.8	-3.5	71·5	72-4	6.0-	72.0	68.7	ю. С	0.73
442 380 61 640 666 -26 687 694 -07 711 706 05 734 705 - - 7 re 451 413 38 62.8 67.2 -45 65.1 66.8 -17 66.9 707 -38 691 715 - rabia 507 52.6 -19 695 687 0.9 713 690 23 73.8 72.6 12 765 761 rabia 507 52.6 -19 695 687 0.9 713 690 23 72.8 736 19 753 718 442 4/7 -52 640 673 690 615 703 703 703 703 703 708 71 460 397 63 654 701 -47 677 718 719 729 643 703 708 723 738	Aorocco	40.6	38.6	2.0	60.8	65.8	-5.0	63·4	69.2	-5.8	65.6	71.5	-6.0	67.7	6.07	-3.2	0.56
ne 451 413 38 628 672 -45 651 66.8 -17 66.9 707 -38 691 715 Avabia 547 547 0.1 695 687 0.9 713 690 2.3 73.8 72.6 1.2 75.5 761 Avabia 507 52.6 -1.9 67.3 66.6 0.7 69.4 69.1 0.3 72.2 70.3 1.9 75.3 71.8 442 474 -3.2 567 567 0.0 60.0 61.5 -1.5 64.4 72.9 46.3 73.3 66.3 46.9 52.1 -5.2 64.0 67.7 71.8 -41 69.0 70.3 66.3 70.1 46.0 337 63 65.4 70.1 -47 67.7 71.8 -41 69.0 70.3 70.8 2 633 73.3 53.4 59.4 70.4 10.4	Dman	44·2	38.0	6.1	64.0	66·6	-2.6	68.7	69.4	-0.7	71.1	70.6	0.5	73-4	70.5	2.9	0.77
547 547 0.1 695 687 0.9 713 690 23 73.8 726 1.2 765 761 vabia 507 52.6 -1.9 673 66.6 0.7 694 691 0.3 722 703 1.9 753 718 442 474 -32 567 567 0.0 60.0 615 -1.5 644 -22 673 663 46.9 521 -52 640 678 -38 664 70.4 -40 684 729 -45 690 701 -1 46.0 397 63 654 701 -47 677 718 -41 690 703 708 - 2 533 413 120 651 644 07 718 -41 690 703 708 - - 63 708 - 723 708 - - - - 708 - - 10 703 708 - - 63 703<	alestine	45.1	41·3	3.8	62.8	67.2	-4.5	65.1	66.8	-1.7	6.99	70.7	-3.8	69.1	71.5	-2.4	0.63
abia 507 526 -1-9 673 666 0.7 694 69.1 0.3 722 703 1.9 753 71.8 442 474 -32 567 567 0.0 60.0 61.5 -1.5 64.2 26 673 66.3 46.9 52.1 -5.2 64.0 67.8 -3.8 66.4 70.4 -4.0 68.4 72.9 -4.5 69.0 70.1 - 46.0 39.7 6.3 65.4 70.1 -4.7 677 71.8 -4.1 69.0 73.9 -4.9 70.3 70.8 - 533 41.3 12.0 65.1 64.4 0.7 671 69.3 -2.2 68.8 73.0 -4.2 71.1 72.3 - vab 49.9 533 -3.4 69.4 69.4 0.0 73.0 70.1 2.8 75.9 723 3.6 76.8 775 - s 30.6 29.7 9.9 51.4 57.1 -5.7 57.4 61.7 -4.4 67.5 66.3 -3.7 64.7 67.4 57.4)atar	54.7	54.7	0.1	69.5	68.7	6.0	71-3	0.69	2.3	73·8	72.6	1.2	76.5	76.1	0.4	0.85
442 474 -32 567 567 0.0 61.5 -1.5 64.2 66.4 -2.2 67.3 66.3 46.9 52.1 -5.2 64.0 67.8 -3.8 66.4 70.4 -40 68.4 72.9 -4.5 69.0 70.1 -1 46.0 39.7 6.3 65.4 70.1 -4.7 67.7 71.8 -41 69.0 70.3 70.8 - 533 41.3 12.0 65.1 64.4 0.7 51.8 -41 69.0 70.3 70.8 - val<	audi Arabia	50.7	52.6	-1.9	67.3	9.99	0·7	69.4	69.1	0.3	72.2	70.3	1.9	75·3	71.8	3.5	0.82
46.9 52.1 -5.2 64.0 67.8 -3.8 66.4 70.4 -40 68.4 72.9 -45 69.0 70.1 46.0 39.7 6.3 65.4 70.1 -4.7 67.7 71.8 -41 69.0 73.9 -4.9 70.3 70.8 53.3 41.3 12.0 65.1 64.4 0.7 51.1 69.3 -2.2 68.8 73.0 -4.2 71.1 72.3 vab 49.9 533 -3.4 69.4 0.0 73.0 70.1 2.8 75.9 74.2 71.1 72.3 sa 49.9 533 -3.4 69.4 0.0 73.0 70.1 2.8 75.9 75.3 77.3 sa 30.6 53.3 -3.4 69.4 0.0 73.0 70.1 2.8 75.9 77.3 77.3 sa 30.6 29.7 9.7 57.0 70.1 2.8 75.9 77.3 77.4 57.4 61.7 4.4 57.4 61.7 4.4 57.5 65.3<	iudan	44·2	47-4	-3.2	56.7	56.7	0.0	0.09	61·5	-1.5	64.2	66.4	-2.2	67.3	66.3	1.0	0.54
46.0 39.7 6.3 65.4 70.1 -4.7 67.7 71.8 -4.1 69.0 73.9 -4.9 70.3 70.8 53.3 41.3 12.0 65.1 64.4 0.7 67.1 69.3 -2.2 68.8 73.0 -4.2 71.1 72.3 vab 49.9 53.3 -3.4 69.4 0.0 73.0 70.1 2.8 75.9 -4.2 71.1 72.3 vab 49.9 53.3 -3.4 69.4 0.0 73.0 70.1 2.8 75.9 72.3 3.6 76.8 77.5 a 30.6 50.3 -0.0 73.0 70.1 2.8 75.9 72.3 3.6 76.8 77.5 a 30.6 20.7 9.0 51.4 67.1 -5.7 57.4 61.7 -4.4 65.5 66.3 -3.7 64.7 67.4 67.4 67.5 66.3 -3.7 64.7 67.4	iyria	46.9	52.1	-5.2	64.0	67.8	-3.8	66.4	70.4	-4.0	68.4	72.9	-4·5	0.69	70.1	-1.1	0.62
53:3 41:3 12:0 65:1 64:4 0.7 67:1 69:3 -2:2 68:8 73:0 -4:2 71:1 72:3 - vab 49:9 53:3 -3:4 69:4 0:0 73:0 70:1 2:8 75:9 72:3 3:6 76:8 77:5 - s 30:6 53:3 -3:4 69:4 0:0 73:0 70:1 2:8 75:9 72:3 3:6 76:8 77:5 - s 30:6 51:4 57:1 -5.7 57:4 61:7 -4:4 67:5 66:3 -3.7 64:7 67:4	unisia	46.0	39.7	6.3	65.4	70.1	-4.7	67.7	71.8	-4.1	0.69	73·9	-4.9	70.3	70.8	9.0-	0.68
Arab 49-9 53.3 -3.4 69.4 69.4 0.0 73.0 70.1 2.8 75.9 72.3 3.6 76.8 77.5 - s 39.6 29.7 9.9 51.4 57.1 -5.7 57.4 61.7 -4.4 62.5 66.3 -3.7 64.7 62.4	Türkiye	53.3	41·3	12.0	65.1	64.4	<i>L</i> ∙0	67.1	69.3	-2.2	68·8	73·0	-4·2	71.1	72·3	-1.1	0.71
39.6 29.7 9.9 51.4 57.1 -5.7 57.4 61.7 -4.4 62.5 66.3 -3.7 64.7 62.4	Jnited Arab Emirates	49.9	53.3	-3.4	69.4	69.4	0.0	73·0	70.1	2.8	75.9	72·3	3.6	76.8	77-5	8.0-	0.85
	Yemen	39.6	29.7	6.6	51.4	57-1	-5.7	57-4	61.7	-4.4	62.5	66.3	-3:7	64.7	62.4	2.3	0.45

Estimated life Estimated expectancy expectancy (Contrinued from previous page) expectancy South Asia 48.6 Bangladesh 42.2 Bhutan 36.3 India 49.5 Nepal 46.5 Southeast Asia, 50.7	ted Expected														
ntinued from previous p nth Asia 48.6 angladesh 42.2 hutan 36.3 ndia 49.5 lepal 41.2 akistan 46.5 Atheast Asia, 50.7		Difference :y	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference										
	age)	5	5 6	0	, ,	1.63	0.63	0	64.0	ξE Ο	d	L L Y	66.4	ç	0.56
	0.75	0.TT	0.00	F.FC	C.T-	T-70	03.0	5.0-	6.40	6.00	P-0-	1.10	4.00	5.T	00.0
	40.5	1.7	52.6	58.0	-5.4	57-4	63.6	-6.2	61.4	68.1	-6.7	66.1	70.6	-4.5	0.49
	37.0	-0.8	51-4	60.1	-8.7	57-4	65.5	-8.1	62.8	70.6	-7-9	65.6	72.7	-7.1	0.47
	36.4	13.1	59.2	60.0	-0.8	62.5	63.1	-0.5	65.2	65.9	9.0-	68.1	9.99	1.5	0.58
	37.0	4.1	50.3	57.6	-7.3	55.7	64.2	-8.5	9.09	67.9	-7.3	64.2	66.1	-1.9	0.43
	47.6	-1.1	58.0	62.2	-4.2	61.6	62.3	L·0−	64.2	64.4	-0.2	66.4	63.8	2.6	0.50
	44-8	5.9	65.4	64.9	0.5	67.5	67-4	1:0	69.1	70.4	-1:3	70.7	72.5	-1.8	0.70
East Asia 49.9	46.3	3.6	65.4	65.8	-0.4	67.7	68.4	∠·0	69-5	71.9	-2.3	71.6	74.8	-3·2	0.73
China 49.1	47-4	1.7	65.1	65.7	9.0-	67.4	68·5	-1.1	69.3	71.9	-2.6	71.5	74.9	-3·4	0.72
North Korea 58-9	18.5	40.4	66.1	66.8	L·0−	66.1	59.3	6.9	67.1	67.6	-0-4	6.79	70.1	-2.2	0.57
Taiwan 57.0 (province of China)	55.7	1.3	70.0	72.2	-2.1	72.7	74.1	-1.4	75.7	76.9	1.1	77.8	78.1	£.0-	0.87
Oceania 51.8	46.8	5.0	62.3	61.1	1.2	63.8	62.8	1.0	64.4	63.9	0.4	65.2	62·5	2.7	0.47
American 65.9 Samoa	60.8	5.0	68.8	67·4	1.4	69·3	68.1	1.2	6.69	68.6	1.2	71.0	69.3	1.7	0.72
Cook Islands 59-5	46.4	13.0	67.8	66.4	1.4	69.2	69.8	9.0-	71.1	72.1	-1·0	73·8	72·9	6.0	0.78
Federated 52-9 States of Micronesia	41.5	11.4	65.1	60·5	4.6	66.5	61.6	5.0	67·5	63.4	4.1	68.3	64.5	ŝ	0.59
Fiji 57-4	58.5	-1.1	67.1	63.9	ю. Ю	68.3	63·4	4.9	6.89	65.4	3.5	70.0	63.8	6.2	0.68
Guam 67.8	65.9	1.9	70.3	72.1	-1.8	71.6	75.8	-4.1	73.0	76.3	-3.4	74.7	73·5	1.1	0.80
Kiribati 55-4	44.0	11-4	63.2	56.4	6.8	64.6	57-3	7.2	65.7	59.2	6.5	6.99	61.1	5.8	0.53
Marshall 52.6 Islands	47·4	5.1	64.0	59.6	4.4	65.4	60.5	4.9	66.7	61·4	5.3	6.79	63·4	4·5	0.57
Nauru 62-5	57-5	5.0	67.3	58.1	9.2	66.8	55.0	11.8	67.3	55.6	11.6	0.69	59.2	9.8	0.63
Niue 59-5	51.3	8.2	68.2	65.8	2.4	69.1	65.4	3.7	70.4	6.99	3.5	71.6	65.1	6.5	0.73
Northern 64·6 Mariana Islands	62.2	2.4	71.3	70.1	1.2	72.7	71.1	1.6	72.7	71.0	1.8	73.8	69-5	4·3	0.77
Palau 63.6	46.9	16.7	6.69	63·6	6.3	71.0	65.4	5.5	71.6	65.9	5.7	72.7	67.7	5.0	0.75
Papua 45.1 New Guinea	44.4	0.8	58.0	60.3	-2.3	60.6	62.7	-2.1	61.8	63.7	-1.9	63.6	61.9	1.7	0.42
Samoa 56·4	55·5	6.0	65.9	65.9	-0.1	66.7	67.8	-1.1	67.6	69.3	-1.7	68.3	9.69	-1:3	0.59
Solomon 47.8 Islands	45.1	2.7	57-4	59.1	-1.7	60.6	61.1	-0-J	61.8	62.2	Ю-	64.0	63.7	0.4	0.43
Tokelau 57.0	55-7	1.3	66.8	6.99	-0.2	6.79	68.4	-0-5	69.1	70.2	-1.1	70-4	67.1	3.3	0.69
Tonga 55.1	59.2	-4.2	66.0	68.5	-2.5	67.4	68.1	L-0-	68.1	69.4	-1·3	69.1	70.6	-1.5	0.63
Tuvalu 54·7	37.8	16.9	62·5	57-2	5.3	65·4	57-5	7-9	66.8	63.8	3.0	68.0	65.8	2.2	0.58
Vanuatu 49-9	44.7	5.2	60.3	6.09	9.0-	62.3	61.7	9.0	64.0	62.8	1.2	65.4	62·5	2.9	0.47

Articles

Estimated Estimated life expectancyContinued from previous page)Southeast Asia52-2Cambodia49-5Indonesia49-9Laos44-6Malaysia57-0Mauritius57-0Myanmar45-1Philippines59-5Seychelles61-4Sri Lanka52-9Thailand52-9Thailand52-9Timor-Leste41-7	Expected life 40.8 41.4 41.4 33.2 51.8 51.8 51.8 51.8 51.8 51.8 51.8 51.8	Difference	Estimated					Difference	-				Franctod	Difference	1
Intinued from previous page) atheast Asia 52-2 ambodia 49-5 ndonesia 49-9 aos 44-6 Aalaysia 51-4 Aaldives 59-6 Mauritius 59-5 seychelles 61-4 si Lanka 59-2 fmaland 52-9 fmor-Leste 41-7			life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	חווופופווכפ	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy	Difference	Estimated life expectancy	Expected life expectancy		
	40.8 41.4 38.2 34.0 51.8 50.8 59.4 49.6 49.6 39.6 39.6 39.3														
	414 38.2 51.8 50.8 34.0 50.8 57.8 49.6 39.6 39.6 39.3	11.4	65.2	62.8	2.4	67.1	65.4	1.7	68.2	67.8	0.4	69.5	6.79	1.6	0.65
	38:2 34:8 51:8 34:0 50:8 57:8 49:6 39:6 39:6 39:6	8.1	56.7	55.2	1.6	59.5	57.8	1.6	63.2	63·5	-0.3	65.6	65.2	0.3	0.47
	34.8 51.8 34.0 50.8 55.8 49.6 39.6 39.6 39. 3	11.7	64.9	62 <i>.</i> 7	2.2	67.1	66.0	1.2	68.2	67.4	0.8	69.8	67:3	2.5	0.66
	51-8 34-0 50-8 55-8 55-8 49-6 39-6 39-6 39-3	9.8	55.1	50.6	4.4	58.9	56.1	2.8	63.4	62.4	1.0	66.0	65.4	0.6	0.49
	34-0 50-8 55-8 57-8 49-6 39-6 39-6 39-3	€·0-	67.4	6.69	-2.5	69.1	70.8	-1.7	70.5	72.2	-1.7	72.2	70.4	1.8	0.74
	50.8 29.4 57.8 49.6 39.6 39.6 39.3	15.8	59.2	65.8	-6.7	65.7	72.1	-6.4	68.1	77.0	6.8-	69.8	78.1	-8.4	0.65
	29.4 57.8 57.8 49.6 39.6 39.6 39.3	6-3	67.4	66.3	1.1	68.6	0.69	-0.4	8.69	70.8	-1.0	71.5	70.1	1.3	0.72
	55-8 57-8 49-6 39-6 39-6 39-3	15.7	58.6	52·3	6.3	61.4	56.0	5.4	65.1	61.4	3.7	67.0	64.1	2.9	0.53
	57.8 54.8 49.6 39.6 39. 5 39.3	3.7	66.5	65.4	1.2	67.4	67.3	0.1	6.79	9.79	0.3	69.7	64.8	4·8	0.65
	54.8 49.6 33.6 39 .6 39 .5	3.6	68.0	66.1	1.9	69.5	68.0	1.5	70·3	69.6	0.6	71.8	70.8	1.0	0.73
	49.6 43.6 39 .6 39.3	4.4	66.8	65.8	1.0	68.1	67.1	1.0	69.2	70.1	-0.8	70.8	73-4	-2.6	0.70
	43.6 39.6 39.3	3.3	66.4	67.6	-1.2	68.1	67.7	0.4	0.69	72.6	-3.6	70.3	72.4	-2.1	0.68
	39.6 39.3	-1.9	54·7	59.0	-4·3	59·8	65.1	-5:3	62·5	68.3	-5.7	64.7	6.99	-2.1	0.44
Viet Nam 51-1	39.3	11·5	63·0	65.4	-2.4	66.0	6-79	-1.9	67.7	68.6	6.0-	6.89	6.69	-1.0	0.63
Sub-Saharan 46-5 Africa		7-2	57.0	51.5	5.5	59.2	51.5	7.7	62.1	57-1	5.0	65.1	58-7	6.4	0-46
Central sub- 46.0 Saharan Africa	36.3	9.7	57-4	50.4	7.0	58.6	50.9	7.7	62.3	56-5	5.8	65.9	58.4	7.5	0.47
Angola 44.2	38.7	5.5	55.4	46·5	8.9	58.0	50.1	6.7	62.1	57.9	4.2	65.7	58.4	7.3	0.45
Central African 41.7 Republic	39.0	2.7	51.4	44.4	7.0	53·7	42.4	11-3	56.1	46.2	6.6	58.0	48.2	8.0	0.31
Congo 47·4 (Brazzaville)	31.6	15.8	63.6	52.1	11.5	65.1	52.2	12·8	66.4	60.6	5.8	68.2	9.09	7.6	0.58
Democratic 45.6 Republic of the Congo	35.4	10.2	56.7	51.9	4·8	55.1	51.7	ŝ	56.4	56.5	-0.1	62.3	59.0	ŝ	0.38
Equatorial 41.7 Guinea	24·3	17-4	55-4	48-4	7.0	63.2	55.2	8.0	67.7	63.4	4·3	6.69	59.3	10.6	0.66
Gabon 46-9	24.9	22.0	64.9	56.7	8·3	66·5	57.0	9.5	67.6	60.4	7.2	69.3	6.09	8.4	0.63
Eastern sub- 42·7 Saharan Africa	37-3	5.4	52.9	48.9	4.0	55.1	50.3	4.8	59.2	58.0	1.2	63.2	58.9	4.3	0.41
Burundi 41-2	35.5	5.7	50.7	47.1	3.6	51.4	42.6	8. 8.	53.3	58.4	-5.1	56.7	60.0	-3.3	0.29
Comoros 43·2	42·7	0.4	56.1	56.8	L-0-	9.09	60.3	0·3	63·4	64.9	-1.5	65.6	64.8	0·8	0.48
Djibouti 47·4	54.8	-7.4	59.8	59.1	0.7	61.6	58.9	2.7	63.8	61.7	2.2	66.1	62.3	9. 8	0.49
Eritrea 37-9	35.5	2.5	51-4	41.2	10.2	58.0	50.9	7.1	60.3	56.5	3.8	63-0	58.7	4·3	0.40
Ethiopia 36·3	34·5	1.7	46.0	44:1	2·0	48·2	50.3	-2.1	54.7	62.0	-7-3	60.8	62.0	-1.2	0.36
Kenya 43·2	44·6	-1.4	59.5	60.8	-1:3	62.1	53·9	8.2	64.2	59.2	5.0	6.99	61.0	5.9	0.52
scar	39.4	4·8	56.1	54.6	1.5	56.4	57-9	-1.5	58.3	60.7	-2·4	62·8	60.5	2.3	0.40
	33·7	10.9	50.7	47.7	3·0	52.6	44·9	ĿL	56.7	54.0	2.7	61.8	55.8	6.1	0.38
ique	38·0	2.1	47·8	48·5	2.0-	50.3	50.1	0.2	53.7	51.0	2.7	58.9	53.4	5.5	0.33
Rwanda 43·7	30.7	12.9	55-7	47·8	7-9	56.1	48.8	γ.	60.3	62.0	-1.7	64·2	62.3 1.9 0.44	1.9	0.44

Effention Entimated life Entimated li					
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412 372 39 547 534 13 567 522 45 406 366 41 491 464 27 529 474 55 770 465 41 577 503 7.4 586 446 140 446 460 -14 577 503 7.4 586 446 140 451 340 111 654 503 566 61 657 476 171 551 340 113 653 596 647 516 146 563 467 123 593 566 614 576 171 563 477 579 579 579 576 174 563 564 570 571 571 576 174 563 353 570 573 576 576 576 563 353 573 573 576	56.2	-0.8 56.1	52.6	3·5	0.28
406 366 41 491 464 27 529 474 55 446 405 41 577 503 74 56 446 140 446 405 41 577 503 74 55 161 451 340 111 628 566 61 654 456 140 451 340 111 628 566 61 654 456 171 514 476 33 543 589 566 646 457 171 514 476 353 538 566 646 573 171 514 476 579 579 579 578 578 171 465 477 122 673 566 646 459 171 47 563 573 529 579 578 570 571 47 563 571 <td< td=""><td>59.8</td><td>0.8 64.7</td><td>61.3</td><td>З·Г</td><td>0.45</td></td<>	59.8	0.8 64.7	61.3	З·Г	0.45
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570 462 108 664 600 64 677 516 161 446 460 -14 634 580 54 667 459 208 451 340 1111 628 556 61 654 556 123 455 472 393 566 61 654 556 143 589 467 122 647 580 516 143 465 122 673 591 36 646 593 143 461 47 99 577 529 58 59 144 47 99 577 529 28 59 147 461 363 57 529 28 59 57 446 565 571 591 70 56 57 453 364 57 570 58 57 57 454 58	54.6	7.9 66.5	55.8	10.8	0.51
446 460 -14 634 580 54 657 459 208 451 340 111 628 566 61 654 456 124 465 412 53 598 566 61 654 456 124 514 476 339 647 589 567 366 644 516 148 589 467 122 673 606 66 684 538 146 486 477 0.9 628 591 36 646 593 146 486 477 0.9 628 591 580 533 146 417 0.9 628 591 70 58 592 54 416 364 577 517 912 676 513 70 413 446 581 570 586 571 503 571 423	5 53.4 15.1	.1 69.4	55.9	13.5	0.64
451 340 111 628 566 61 654 456 198 465 412 53 598 562 36 628 457 171 514 476 39 647 589 562 36 658 457 171 589 467 122 673 606 66 684 538 146 486 477 09 628 591 36 646 533 47 481 465 122 673 606 66 684 538 146 417 09 628 591 36 646 533 47 417 363 557 529 531 580 533 70 416 465 -119 577 517 549 533 70 423 384 -211 442 517 511 549 536 54 <td< td=""><td>2 56.1 12.1</td><td>-1 69.4</td><td>57.0</td><td>12.4</td><td>0.64</td></td<>	2 56.1 12.1	-1 69.4	57.0	12.4	0.64
465 412 53 598 562 3-6 628 457 171 514 476 3-9 647 589 59 664 516 148 589 467 122 673 606 66 684 533 146 461 122 673 606 66 684 533 146 461 404 48 557 529 580 533 47 451 700 676 579 579 570 533 47 46 465 147 593 571 529 546 533 47 47 363 353 00 442 570 571 570 533 70 466 465 574 570 547 503 533 70 475 363 477 514 570 546 593 570 460 584 <t< td=""><td>9 44·3 22·6</td><td>.6 68.2</td><td>49.5</td><td>18.7</td><td>0.59</td></t<>	9 44·3 22·6	.6 68.2	49.5	18.7	0.59
514 476 39 647 589 59 59 516 148 589 467 122 673 606 66 684 538 146 486 477 09 628 591 36 646 533 146 485 477 09 628 591 36 646 533 147 451 404 53 57 529 28 580 533 147 451 363 353 09 442 549 579 571 549 533 57 446 384 62 574 579 608 665 557 570 570 570 570 57 446 384 62 574 579 570 570 574 57 433 434 571 573 570 570 58 57 57 445 246 579	7 45.5 19.3	-3 66-5	45·3	21.2	0.51
589 467 122 673 606 684 533 146 486 477 09 628 591 36 646 459 187 451 404 48 557 529 28 591 363 533 47 451 404 48 557 529 28 580 533 47 417 363 353 09 442 492 -51 478 569 -57 446 384 62 574 570 608 665 57 57 363 384 -21 477 608 568 57 57 363 384 -21 670 044 503 57 440 53 574 577 50 57 57 433 439 94 51 57 57 57 57 533 568 57 57	5 56.8 10.8	-8 68.9	56.5	12.4	0.62
48-6 477 0.9 62.8 59.1 3.6 64.6 45.9 187 45.1 40.4 4.8 55.7 52.9 2.8 58.0 53.3 47 417 36.3 5.4 51.8 53.9 -2.1 54.8 56.8 -1.4 417 36.3 55.7 51.8 53.9 -2.1 57.8 57.9 57.9 446 46.5 -1.9 55.7 67.0 -11.2 60.8 66.5 -5.7 36.3 38.4 -2.1 47.7 50.7 67.0 -11.2 60.8 66.5 -5.7 44.6 38.4 -2.1 47.7 50.7 67.0 -11.2 50.5 57.0 36.3 38.4 -2.1 47.7 50.7 57.0 57.0 57.0 57.0 36.3 38.4 -2.1 47.8 57.0 58.0 57.6 57.0 57.0 57.6 57.6 36.8	2 54.6 14.7	-7 70-3	57.4	12.8	0.68
45.1 40.4 4.8 55.7 52.9 2.8 58.0 53.3 47 1 36.3 55.4 51.8 53.9 -51 54.4 55.8 -14 1 36.3 35.3 0.9 44.2 49.2 -51 47.8 56.8 -57 44.6 465 -1.9 55.7 67.0 -11.2 60.8 66.5 -57 44.6 38.4 -2.1 427 51.7 -9.0 45.1 50.3 53.3 70 44.6 38.4 -2.1 42.7 51.7 -9.0 45.1 50.5 57.4 43.2 49.1 -2.1 42.7 51.7 50.6 50.5 57.4 53.3 38.4 -2.1 42.7 51.7 50.6 57.6 57.6 53.3 43.9 9.4 51.7 57.9 57.6 57.6 57.6 53.4 44.6 56.9 57.6 57.6 57	4 50-4 13-0	65·6	52.2	13.4	0.47
417 363 54 518 539 -21 544 558 -14 a Faso 363 353 0.9 442 492 -51 478 508 -30 erde 446 465 -1.9 557 67.0 -11.2 60.8 665 577 on 446 384 622 574 570 0.4 603 533 70 on 446 384 -21 427 517 -90 451 505 572 on 427 427 0.0 561 533 228 595 503 92 on 432 439 0.1 427 517 902 70 on 432 439 0.1 426 513 228 514 505 516 533 439 914 614 579 514 503 526 -15 533 439 914 614 579 514 596 -15 416 269 127 507 459 514 536 -15 416 269 178 519 514 536 -15 568 368 01 487 519 514 514 -15 430 269 314 517 519 514 -15 516 328 611 437 514 514 -24 517 375 316 516 514 514	58.0	3.4 64.6	59.9	4.7	0.45
aso 36.3 35.3 0.9 44.2 49.2 -5.1 47.8 50.8 -30 de 44.6 46.5 -1.9 55.7 67.0 -11.2 60.8 66.5 -5.7 n 44.6 38.4 6.2 57.4 57.0 0.4 60.3 53.3 7.0 n 44.6 38.4 -2.1 42.7 51.7 -9.0 45.1 50.3 53.3 7.0 site 42.7 42.7 51.7 51.7 51.7 50.3 53.3 7.0 site 42.7 51.7 51.7 51.7 51.7 50.3 53.3 7.0 site 43.7 51.3 53.3 56.8 53.3 57.0 58.6 57.0 site 36.8 36.9 51.4 53.3 58.6 51.3 57.0 site 36.8 36.8 51.4 53.8 59.3 56.4 57.0 57.0 57.0	7 59.3 -1.7	.7 61.6	60.1	1.5	0.37
le 446 465 -19 557 670 -112 608 665 -57 n 446 384 6.2 574 570 0.4 603 533 70 363 384 -2.1 427 517 90 451 505 543 70 vie 427 427 513 517 90 451 505 595 573 70 vie 432 491 -59 533 568 -355 570 586 -15 533 439 94 614 579 34 638 582 56 -15 533 368 91 486 519 -32 514 536 -15 540 269 178 597 48 540 48 -12 541 246 176 579 514 76 514 51 -12 542 269	3 55·5 -3·7	-7 56-4	57.4	-1.0	0.29
n 446 384 6.2 574 570 0.4 603 533 70 363 384 -21 427 517 -90 451 505 -54 bir 427 427 517 595 595 503 92 bir 432 491 -59 568 -35 570 586 -15 533 439 94 614 579 343 582 -15 533 439 94 614 579 34 638 582 -15 533 368 91 127 507 459 536 519 540 269 178 529 454 76 51 51 553 368 328 41 437 495 76 51 554 269 574 516 576 538 51 51 554 460 576 5	0-9- 6.02 6	·0 67·1	0.69	-1.8	0.53
363 384 -21 427 517 -90 451 505 -54 bia 427 427 0.0 561 533 28 595 503 92 bia 432 491 -59 533 568 -35 570 586 -15 533 439 94 614 579 34 638 582 -15 533 439 94 614 579 34 638 582 -15 568 368 0.1 486 540 582 -15 514 269 127 507 459 570 570 566 568 368 0.1 486 540 638 561 512 568 328 41 437 495 76 513 512 568 328 41 437 495 571 417 514 298 57	56.7	5.8 65.7	58·5	7.3	0.48
oire 42.7 42.7 0.0 56.1 53.3 2.8 59.5 50.3 9.2 bia 43.2 49.1 -5.9 53.3 56.8 -35 57.0 58.6 -15 53.3 43.9 9.4 61.4 57.9 37.6 58.6 -15 36.8 36.8 0.1 48.6 51.9 -3.2 51.4 53.0 -15 issu 37.4 24.6 12.7 50.7 45.9 53.0 -15 issu 37.4 26.8 -3.2 54.9 53.0 -15 44.6 26.9 17.8 52.9 45.7 76 53.8 -12 36.8 32.8 41.1 43.7 49.5 -57 56.9 56.3 36.8 32.8 44.5 33.8 59.5 60.1 -0.6 53.2 -12 36.7 37.8 57.9 47.9 76.8 57.9 56.3 56.3	55.0	-5.9 52.9	56.5	-3.6	0.24
bia 43-2 49-1 -5-9 53-3 56-8 -3-5 57-0 58-6 -1-5 53- 53-3 43-9 9-4 61-4 57-9 3-4 63-8 58-2 -1-5 56 36-8 36-8 0-1 48-6 51-9 -3-2 51-4 53-0 -1-5 55 issu 37-4 24-6 12-7 45-9 4-8 54-0 48-9 5-1 -2-4 -2-4 -2-4 -2-4 -2-4 -2-4 -2-4 -2	55.8	5.0 63.8	60.3	3·5	0.43
533 439 94 614 579 34 63 582 56 368 368 0:1 486 519 -32 514 530 -15 issu 374 246 127 507 459 48 540 489 51 446 269 178 529 454 76 538 -12 36.8 32.8 41 437 495 -58 469 533 -12 36.8 32.8 41 437 495 -58 469 532 -63 357 375 -1.9 396 467 -71 417 514 -98 46.0 42.6 34 57.7 52.9 48 595 62 iand 48.2 36.9 113 58.0 61.8 -38 62 46.0 42.6 34 57.9 57.9 57.9 57.4 -98 <td< td=""><td>3 61.3 -1.0</td><td>.0 63·2</td><td>6.09</td><td>2.3</td><td>0.41</td></td<>	3 61.3 -1.0	.0 63·2	6.09	2.3	0.41
36.8 36.8 0.1 48.6 51.9 -3.2 51.4 53.0 -1.5 issuu 37.4 24.6 12.7 50.7 45.9 4.8 54.0 48.9 51.1 44.6 26.9 17.8 52.9 45.4 7.6 52.6 53.8 -1.2 36.8 32.8 41 43.7 49.5 -5.8 46.9 53.2 -6.3 36.8 32.8 41 43.7 49.5 -5.8 46.9 53.2 -6.3 35.7 37.5 -1.9 39.6 46.7 -7.1 41.7 51.4 -9.8 46.0 42.6 3.4 57.7 52.9 48 59.5 62.1 sand 48.2 36.9 11.3 58.0 61.8 -38 59.5 62.1 46.0 42.6 34 57.7 52.9 48 59.2 64.1 -9.8 sand 48.2 36.9 11.3	59.6	6.0 67.7	61.7	0.9	0.56
issu 374 246 127 507 459 48 540 489 51 44.6 269 17.8 529 454 7.6 52.6 53.8 -1.2 36.8 32.8 4.1 437 495 -5.8 469 53.2 -6.3 ia 48.2 445 38 59.5 60.1 -0.6 62.1 64.4 -2.4 357 37.5 -1.9 39.6 46.7 -7.1 41.7 51.4 -9.8 46.0 42.6 334 57.7 52.9 4.8 59.5 53.3 6.2 and 48.2 36.9 11.3 58.0 61.8 -3.8 59.2 64.1 -4.9 41.7 42.3 -0.6 52.9 56.6 -3.7 56.4 58.6 -2.2	7 56.6 -1.9	··9 59·8	58.2	1.6	0.34
446 26.9 17.8 52.9 45.4 7.6 52.6 53.8 -1.2 36.8 32.8 41 437 495 -5.8 46.9 53.2 -6.3 ia 48.2 44.5 38 59.5 60.1 -0.6 62.1 64.4 -2.4 35.7 37.5 -1.9 39.6 46.7 -7.1 41.7 51.4 -9.8 46.0 42.6 34 57.7 52.9 48 59.5 53.3 6.2 siand 48.2 36.9 11.3 58.0 61.8 -3.8 59.5 53.3 6.2 41.7 24.9 57.9 57.9 48 59.5 53.3 6.2 14.7 24.9 58.0 61.8 -3.8 58.0 59.2 54.1 -4.9 14.7 42.3 -0.6 52.9 56.6 -3.7 56.4 58.6 -2.2	54.1	2.7 60.6	55.1	5.5	0.35
36.8 32.8 4.1 43.7 49.5 -5.8 46.9 53.2 -6.3 ia 48.2 44.5 3.8 59.5 60.1 -0.6 62.1 64.4 -2.4 35.7 37.5 -1.9 39.6 46.7 -7.1 41.7 51.4 -9.8 46.0 42.6 3.4 57.7 52.9 4.8 59.5 53.3 6.2 and 48.2 36.9 11.3 58.0 61.8 -3.8 59.2 64.1 -4.9 att 42.7 52.9 56.6 -3.7 56.4 58.6 -2.2	60.7	-4.6 60.6	61.6	-1.0	0.35
ia 48.2 445 38 595 60.1 -0.6 62.1 64.4 -2.4 35.7 37.5 -1.9 39.6 46.7 -7.1 41.7 51.4 -9.8 46.0 42.6 3.4 57.7 52.9 4.8 59.5 53.3 6.2 and 48.2 36.9 11.3 58.0 61.8 -3.8 59.2 64.1 -4.9 41.7 42.3 -0.6 52.9 56.6 -3.7 56.4 58.6 -2.2	7 57·6 –7·0	:0 55·7	57-3	-1.5	0.27
357 37.5 -1.9 39.6 46.7 -7.1 41.7 51.4 -9.8 46.0 42.6 3.4 57.7 52.9 4.8 59.5 53.3 6.2 and 48.2 36.9 11.3 58.0 61.8 -3.8 59.5 64.1 -4.9 41.7 42.3 -0.6 52.9 56.6 -3.7 56.4 58.6 -2.2	68.6	-5.0 66.1	68.4	-2.2	0.50
46.0 42.6 3.4 57.7 52.9 4.8 59.5 53.3 6.2 and 48.2 36.9 11.3 58.0 61.8 -3.8 59.2 64.1 -4.9 41.7 42.3 -0.6 52.9 56.6 -3.7 56.4 58.6 -2.2	1 59.2 -14.1	1·1 49·5	60.1	-10.6	0.17
i and 48.2 36.9 11.3 58.0 61.8 -3.8 59.2 64.1 -4.9 41.7 42.3 -0.6 52.9 56.6 -3.7 56.4 58.6 -2.2	58.4	4.8 66.3	60.7	5.5	0.50
41.7 42.3 -0.6 52.9 56.6 -3.7 56.4 58.6 -2.2	8 67.8 -5.1	66.4	68.6	-2.2	0.51
	64.0	-4.8 63.2	63.7	-0-5	0.41
Sierra Leone 42.7 35.8 6.9 51.1 49.2 1.9 51.8 48.9 2.9 55.7	54.6	1.1 60.8	59.2	1.7	0.36
Togo 41.2 38.6 2.6 55.4 56.2 -0.8 57.7 54.4 3.2 59.5	56.8	2.6 63.2	60.2	3.0	0.41
SDI=Socio-demographic Index. GBD=Global Burden of Diseases, Injuries, and Risk Factors Study.					

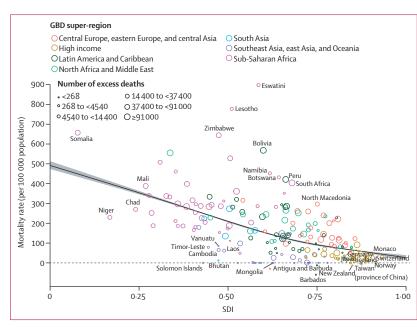


Figure 8: National age-standardised rates of excess mortality due to the COVID-19 pandemic versus SDI, and expected rates of excess mortality based on SDI, 2020 and 2021 combined

Mortality rates are expressed as the number of deaths per 100 000 and are shown for 204 countries and territories coloured by GBD super-region. The size of the datapoints indicates the number of excess deaths. The black line represents expected age-standardised excess mortality rates based on SDI, and the shaded area indicates the 95% uncertainty intervals. GBD=Global Burden of Diseases, Injuries, and Risk Factors Study. SDI=Socio-demographic Index.

south Asia (three of five nations); the super-regions with the largest proportion of nations with an excess mortality rate lower than expected based on SDI were southeast Asia, east Asia, and Oceania (33 of 34 nations), highincome (33 of 36 nations), and sub-Saharan Africa (27 of 46 nations). At the national level, the five countries or territories with the largest positive difference between estimated excess mortality and expected excess mortality based on SDI (ie, higher mortality than expected) were Bulgaria, North Macedonia, Lesotho, Peru, and Bolivia; the five nations with the highest negative difference between estimated excess mortality and expected excess mortality based on SDI (ie, lower mortality than expected) were Barbados, Mongolia, New Zealand, Antigua and Barbuda, and the Marshall Islands.

Population

The global total population increased annually over the study period, from 2.52 billion (95% UI 2.48-2.58) in 1950 to 6 · 10 billion (5 · 98–6 · 22) in 2000 and 7 · 89 billion (7.67-8.13) in 2021 (table 5). Annual growth in total population fluctuated over the study period, from an increase of 46.9 annual million $(41 \cdot 0 - 52 \cdot 7)$ from 1950 to 1951 with the highest annual increase of 92.5 million (75.7-106.6) observed between 2008 and 2009 (figure 9). After 2009, population growth plateaued, and in 2017, the annual increase in population began to decline. Between 2019 and 2021, this decline accelerated, with annual gains of just 77.0 million

(49.4-95.6) from 2019 to 2020 and 69.0 million (50.8-93.2) from 2020 to 2021. These reduced gains include the impact of excess deaths due to the COVID-19 pandemic, therefore the magnitude might not persist as excess mortality declines. The majority of global population growth during the study period is attributed to three GBD super-regions: sub-Saharan Africa; south Asia; and southeast Asia, east Asia, and Oceania. The population of sub-Saharan Africa grew at a steadily increasing rate throughout the study period, contributing 9.1% (7.3–11.0) of the total global population growth from 1950 to 1951, 23.3% (19.4–27.6) from 2000 to 2001. and 39.5% (28.4-52.7) from 2020 to 2021. South Asia contributed 17.1% (13.8-20.6) of the total global population growth from 1950 to 1951, rose to a peak contribution of 32.9% (28.4-37.8) from 1999 to 2000, and remained relatively constant in more recent years, with a contribution of 26.3% (9.0-44.7) from 2020 to 2021. In contrast, the annual growth of the population fluctuated in southeast Asia, east Asia, and Oceania. The contribution of this super-region to annual global population growth was relatively stable up to a peak of 37.3% (30.4-41.8) from 1956 to 1957 and then subsequently decreased, contributing $14 \cdot 1\%$ (0 · 0 to 30 · 2) from 2020 to 2021. Central Europe, eastern Europe, and central Asia contributed little to global population growth, and in fact experienced a decline in population over some periods, with growth from 1950 to 1992, a decline from 1993 to 2006, growth from 2007 to 2018, and a return to population decline in 2019. Population growth was relatively stable in Latin America and the Caribbean and north Africa and the Middle East at the super-regional level during the previous three decades, whereas population growth in the high-income super-region began to decline starting around 2015.

The majority of countries and territories (154 [75.5%])of 204 countries and territories representing all seven super-regions) had a positive rate of natural increase (calculated as the number of births minus the number of deaths divided by person-years) between 2000 and 2009 followed by a smaller positive rate between 2010 and 2019 (figure 10). 26 countries and territories had a rate of natural increase that was positive during both decades and that was larger between 2010 and 2019 than between 2000 and 2009 (figure 10). Of these countries and territories, nine were in sub-Saharan Africa, eight were in central Europe, eastern Europe, and central Asia, and five were in the high-income super-region. Seven countries and territories had a positive rate of natural increase between 2000 and 2009 followed by a negative rate of natural increase between 2010 and 2019: Bosnia and Herzegovina, Greece, Japan, North Macedonia, Poland, Portugal, and San Marino (figure 10). The countries and territories of Belarus, Estonia, Latvia, Russia, and Ukraine experienced a negative rate of natural increase between 2000 and 2009 and continued to have a negative rate of natural increase between

						1000541105)			rate of change in population, 2000–21
	All ages	<15 years	15-64 years	≥65 years	All ages	<15 years	15-64 years	≥65 years	1
Global	6100000 (5980000 to 6220000)	1830 000 (1800 000 to 1870 000)	3 840 000 (3 760 000 to 3 920 000)	423 000 (416 000 to 432 000)	7 890 000 (7 670 000 to 8 130 000)	2 010 000 (1 950 000 to 2 070 000)	5 110 000 (4 960 000 to 5 270 000)	770 000 (750 000 to 792 000)	1.2% (1.2 to 1.3)
Central Europe, eastern Europe, and central Asia	417000 (404000 to 431000)	87300 (84500 to 90000)	282 000 (272 000 to 291 000)	48 400 (46 600 to 50 000)	418000 (393000 to 441000)	80800 (75900 to 85500)	275 000 (259 000 to 291 000)	61800 (58100 to 65200)	0.0% (-0.1 to 0.1)
Central Asia	74400	24800	45300	4310	95 800	27700	62100	6020	1·2%
	(70600to78100)	(23500 to 26100)	(43100 to 47 600)	(4120 to 4500)	(85 900 to 106 000)	(24700 to 30 600)	(55700 to 68 600)	(5490 to 6550)	(0·9 to 1·4)
Armenia	3320	849	2170	297	3000	592	2000	398	-0.5%
	(3070to 3550)	(785 to 909)	(2010 to 2320)	(275 to 318)	(2600 to 3380)	(515 to 668)	(1740 to 2260)	(346 to 449)	(-0.8 to -0.2)
Azerbaijan	8280	2580	5220	480	10500	2360	7440	699	1·1%
	(7700 to 8890)	(2400 to 2770)	(4860 to 5600)	(447 to 515)	(9080 to 12 000)	(2040 to 2700)	(6440 to 8500)	(605 to 798)	(0·8 to 1·4)
Georgia	4730	1030	3090	612	3610	736	2300	572	-1·3%
	(4340 to 5120)	(948 to 1120)	(2830 to 3340)	(562 to 662)	(3200 to 4010)	(653 to 817)	(2040 to 2550)	(507 to 635)	(-1·4 to -1·2)
Kazakhstan	15000	4180	9790	1010	19000	5430	12100	1400	1·1%
	(13900 to 16100)	(3860 to 4500)	(9060 to 10 500)	(934 to 1090)	(17000to 20800)	(4880 to 5960)	(10900 to 13300)	(1260 to 1540)	(1·0 to 1·2)
Kyrgyzstan	5010	1770	2970	279	6860	2270	4250	340	1·5%
	(4650 to 5380)	(1640 to 1900)	(2750 to 3180)	(259 to 299)	(5860 to 7900)	(1940 to 2620)	(3630 to 4890)	(290 to 391)	(1·1 to 1·8)
Mongolia	2440	879	1480	83·6	3340	1090	2110	144	1·5%
	(2270 to 2610)	(817 to 939)	(1380 to 1580)	(77·8 to 89·3)	(3080 to 3580)	(1000 to 1170)	(1950 to 2260)	(134 to 155)	(1·4 to 1·5)
Tajikistan	6360	2710	3410	244	10200	3580	6210	368	2·2%
	(5950 to 6800)	(2540 to 2900)	(3180 to 3640)	(228 to 261)	(8800 to 11600)	(3110 to 4090)	(5380 to 7080)	(319 to 420)	(1·9 to 2·5)
Turkmenistan	4260	1600	2480	179	5160	1520	3350	284	0.9%
	(3710 to 4830)	(1400 to 1820)	(2160 to 2810)	(156 to 203)	(4620 to 5700)	(1370 to 1680)	(3000 to 3700)	(254 to 314)	(0.8 to 1.0)
Uzbekistan	25 000	9150	14 700	1120	34 200	10100	22300	1810	1.5%
	(21 500 to 28 700)	(7880 to 10500)	(12 700 to 16 900)	(967 to 1290)	(24 500 to 43 600)	(7220 to 12900)	(16000 to 28500)	(1300to 2310)	(0.6 to 2.0)
Central Europe	122 000	23 000	83500	16 000	115 000	17700	75 200	22 300	-0.3%
	(118 000 to 126 000)	(22 200 to 23700)	(80700 to 86200)	(15 500 to 16 500)	(110 000 to 120 000)	(16900to18500)	(71 800 to 78 500)	(21 300 to 23 300)	(-0.4 to -0.2)
Albania	3190	962	2010	225	2670	444	1810	416	-0.9%
	(2970 to 3430)	(895 to 1030)	(1870 to 2160)	(209 to 242)	(2320 to 3020)	(385 to 502)	(1570 to 2050)	(361 to 471)	(-1.2 to -0.6)
Bosnia and	3980	806	2700	466	3300	490	2210	606	-0.9%
Herzegovina	(3490 to 4490)	(707 to 911)	(2370 to 3060)	(409 to 527)	(2900 to 3690)	(431 to 548)	(1940 to 2470)	(532 to 677)	(-0.9 to -0.8)
Bulgaria	7940	1230	5390	1320	6790	976	4340	1470	-0.8%
	(7400to 8580)	(1150 to 1330)	(5030 to 5820)	(1230 to 1420)	(6070 to 7430)	(874 to 1070)	(3880 to 4750)	(1320 to 1610)	(-0.9 to -0.7)
Croatia	4570	794	3080	696	4210	597	2720	896	-0.4%
	(4250 to 4900)	(738 to 851)	(2860 to 3310)	(646 to 746)	(3680 to 4750)	(522 to 674)	(2370 to 3060)	(783 to 1010)	(-0.7 to -0.2)
Czechia	10200	1670	7140	1420	10 600	1720	6710	2210	0.2%
	(10200 to 10300)	(1660 to 1680)	(7090 to 7200)	(1410 to 1430)	(9670 to 11 600)	(1560 to 1870)	(6100 to 7330)	(2010to 2410)	(-0.2 to 0.6)
Hungary	10200	1720	6950	1530	9600	1390	6200	2010	-0.3%
	(9440 to 11000)	(1590 to 1850)	(6430 to 7470)	(1410 to 1640)	(8430 to 10900)	(1220 to 1570)	(5440 to 7020)	(1760to 2280)	(-0.5 to 0.0)
Montenegro	637	142	425	70.1	618	111	413	93·7	-0·1%
	(580to 695)	(129 to 155)	(387 to 464)	(63.9 to 76.6)	(540 to 701)	(97·4 to 126)	(361 to 468)	(81·9 to 106)	(-0·3 to 0·0)
North Macedonia	2060	460	1390	204	2180	328	1540	308	0.2%
	(1900 to 2230)	(424 to 497)	(1290 to 1510)	(188 to 220)	(1800 to 2590)	(270 to 390)	(1270 to 1830)	(254 to 366)	(-0.3 to 0.7)
Poland	38 300	7370	26200	4720	38 200	5890	25200	7170	0-0%
	(35 200 to 41 300)	(6760 to 7950)	(24100 to 28300)	(4330 to 5090)	(34 600 to 41 900)	(5320 to 6450)	(22800 to 27600)	(64801-07860)	(-0-1 to 0-1)

Millages c.15 years 15 -64 years 56 years 15 -64 years 56 years 13 years 13 Renot page) 23000 works 2300 38700 works 2300 38700 works 2300 18700 works 2300 13300 works 2300 133000 works 2300 133000 works 2300 133000 works 2300 133000 works 2300 1330000 works 2300		Population in 2000 (thousands)	thousands)			Population in 2021 (thousands)	housands)			Annualised rate of change in population, 2000–21
015.002960189.00014.0015.002560159.00159.000157.0015.0015.0015.0015.0015.000157.006550125.0089.0089.000157.00655014.0087.089.000157.0057.0027.0089.000157.0057.0027.0089.0001950193027.0089.0001950139027.0027.0001950139028.0027.0001930193028.0027.00019301930136.0099.20019301930136.0027.00019301930136.00139.00019301930136.00139.0001930140001012.00135.00139.0001930140001012.00135.00139.0001930140001012.00135.00136.000193014000101012.00139.00139.00014000101012.00139.00139.00149.000139014000101012.00139.00149.0001390149.00139.00149.0001390149.00139.00149.0001390139.00149.00149.0001390139.00149.00149.0001390139.0014		All ages	<15 years	15-64 years	≥65 years	All ages	<15 years	15-64 years	≥65 years	
12.400 12.200 13500	(Continued from pre	vious page)								
9670 1870 6550 1250 82.0 1 10500 17500 10500 82.0 82.0 1 10500 10500 37.00 15900 37.00 54.0 54.0 1 10900 311 13300 23.0 27.00 20.00 1 109000 31600 13300 13300 20.00 20.00 1 1090000 31600 1440000 153000 20.00 20.00 1 10000000 31300 1440000 1440000 149000 20.00 1 139000000 1490000 1440000 1490000 149000 149000 1 13900000 1440000 1440000 135600 139000 139000 1 1 1440000 1440000 139000 139000 139000 139000 139000 139000 139000 139000 139000 139000 139000 139000 139000 139000 139000 139000 </th <th>Romania</th> <td>22 400 (20 600 to 24 300)</td> <td>4220 (3870 to 4570)</td> <td>15200 (14 000 to 16 500)</td> <td>2960 (2720 to 3210)</td> <td>18 900 (16 500 to 21 500)</td> <td>3010 (2630 to 3420)</td> <td>12100 (10600 to 13800)</td> <td>3790 (3300 to 4300)</td> <td>-0.8% (-1.1 to -0.6)</td>	Romania	22 400 (20 600 to 24 300)	4220 (3870 to 4570)	15200 (14 000 to 16 500)	2960 (2720 to 3210)	18 900 (16 500 to 21 500)	3010 (2630 to 3420)	12100 (10600 to 13800)	3790 (3300 to 4300)	-0.8% (-1.1 to -0.6)
5390 1050 3720 624 5430 (35000-3420) (14000-3123) (32000-3260) 2700 (19800-2101) (3181-323) (13800 ta 1400) (5200-2520) 2700 (19800-21400) (3181-323) (13800 ta 1400) (5200-2520) 27000 (19800-21400) (3181-323) (33000-2520) (3900-2520) 27000 (10000-2350) (35000-2350) (44000-15200) (5400-2570) (32000-2520) (1300-1400) (1200-200) (5410-1700) (5100-250) (32000-250) (1300-1400) (1200-250) (5100-250) (1100-250) (32000-250) (1300-1400) (1400-120) (5100-250) (1100-250) (1100-250) (1300-1400) (5100-250) (3200-250) (1100-250) (1100-250) (1300-1400) (5100-250) (5100-250) (1100-250) (1100-250) (1300-1400) (5100-250) (3200-250) (1400-250) (1400-250) (1300-1400) (5100-250) (1400-250) (1400-250) (1400-250)	Serbia	9670 (8880 to 10500)	1870 (1720 to 2030)	6550 (6020 to 7090)	1250 (1140 to 1350)	8920 (7750 to 10 000)	1330 (1150 to 1490)	5930 (5160 to 6670)	1660 (1440 to 1860)	-0.4% (-0.6 to -0.2)
1990 211 1390 270 200 09800 221000 33800 138000 27800 2000 2210000 318000 133000 133000 20000 3200 102000 133000 133000 135000 20000 3200 9460010100 (1790000) (54000 2400) (189000 2300) 3950 133000 (2490250) (34000 2400) (36000 14300) 3500 133000 (2490052) (34000 1200) (35000 1430) 3500 133000 (34900 120) (34000 1200) (35000 1430) 3500 133000 (34000 120) (35000 14400) (35000 1430) 3500 14900 (39000 13900) (35000 14400) 35900 35900 14900 (35000 15600) (35000 14400) 35900 35900 14900 (39000 13900) (35000 14400) 35900 34300 14900 (35000 15600) (35000 15600) 35900 34300 14900 (37000 156000)	Slovakia	5390 (5360 to 5420)	1050 (1040 to 1050)	3720 (3700 to 3740)	624 (620 to 628)	5430 (4900 to 5960)	857 (772 to 940)	3640 (3280 to 3990)	937 (845 to 1030)	0.0% (-0.4 to 0.4)
uppe 221000 39600 153000 270000 270000 2700000 27000000 $27000000000000000000000000000000000000$	Slovenia	1990 (1980 to 2010)	321 (318 to 323)	1390 (1380 to 1400)	280 (278 to 282)	2070 (1890 to 2250)	312 (285 to 340)	1320 (1200 to 1440)	437 (398 to 475)	0·2% (-0·2 to 0·5)
10 2001930692013609320(10 200 11000)(17901e 2070)(6101e 07440)(12601e 1460)(9201e 1400)139013902552681310(13901e 1400)(1491e 0573)(13901e 1490)3551870(1391e 1400)(1491e 0575)(1391e 01470)3551870(1391e 1400)(1391e 0140)35518701300(1391e 1400)(1301e 1460)(1401e 0590)13501480(1391e 1400)(1301e 1400)(1400e 1250)(1470e 1590)1470e 0505)(1370e 1512)(1370e 1250)(1400e 1250)(1401e 5160)14000(1370e 1512)(1360e 12500)(1360e 13900)15500e 14400(1370e 1512)(1300e 12600)(14400e 13900)15500e 14400(1370e 1512)(1300e 1300)(1590e 131200)(1590e 1540)(1370e 1512)(1340e 1270)(1500e 13260)(1300e 1540)(1370e 1512)(1400e 1250)(1400e 1250)(1500e 1540)(1370e 1512)(1400e 1250)(1500e 1250)(1500e 1540)(1370e 1512)(1400e 1250)(1500e 1250)(1500e 1250)(1370e 1510)(1300e 13100)(1500e 1250)(1300e 1250)(1370e 1510)(1300e 131200)(1300e 131200)(1300e 1250)(1370e 1510)(1300e 131200)(1300e 131200)(1300e 1250)(1370e 1510)(1300e 131200)(1300e 131200)(1300e 1250)(1370e 1510)(1300e 131200)(1300e 131200)(1300e 1250)(1310e 1510)	Eastern Europe	221 000 (208 000 to 234 000)	39 600 (37 300 to 41 900)	153 000 (144 000 to 162 000)	28 100 (26 400 to 29 700)	207000 (185000 to 228000)	35 400 (31 600 to 39 200)	138 000 (123 000 to 152 000)	33 500 (29 900 to 36 800)	-0.3% (-0.6 to -0.1)
1390 251 936 208 1310 (13900 +1400) (24)10 - 5540) (39)10 +9420 (206 to 209) (130)01 +1400 2380 (23)10 + 5540) (39)14 +550 (39)14 +550 (23)150 1870 (2100 to 2540) (39)14 +550 (140)10 + 1700) (23 + 150) (170)10 - 260) (2300 to 3780) (53) to 756 (2160 to 2500) (44)10 - 518) (2400 to 200) (14) 0000 to 151000 (53) to 750 (140) to 15100 (140) to 15100 (140) to 15100 (14) 0000 to 151000 (55) to 750 (140) to 15100 (140) to 15100 (140) to 15100 (14) 0000 to 151000 (56) to 2500 (140) to 2100 (140) to 2100 (140) to 2100 (14) 0000 to 15100 (14) 000 to 15100 (15) 000 to 15900 (140) to 2100 (15) 000 to 1400 (14) 0000 to 131000 (14) 000 to 131000 (15) 000 to 1300 (15) 000 to 1300 (14) 0000 to 131000 (15) 000 to 13000 (15) 000 to 1300 (15) 000 to 1300 (14) 0000 to 131000 (14) 000 to 131000 (15) 000 to 1300 (15) 000 to 1300	Belarus	10200 (9460to11000)	1930 (1790 to 2070)	6920 (6410 to 7440)	1360 (1260 to 1460)	9320 (8020 to 10 600)	1580 (1360 to 1800)	6250 (5380 to 7120)	1490 (1280 to 1700)	-0.4% (-0.8 to -0.2)
2380 431 1600 355 1870 1 3500 $3910 459$ $(1800 10.250)$ $3210 379$ $(1700 0.205)$ 3500 $3500 1250$ (5310756) $(1800 10.250)$ (43105) $(2200 0.200)$ 1 $3500 1230$ (5310756) $(1600 0.250)$ (43105) $(2200 0.190)$ 14900 $3500 1010$ $(3500 11300)$ $(1800 0.000 1.1400)$ (1470518) $(2900 0.190)$ 14900 25700 $(3810 0.450)$ $(3810 0.450)$ $(3870 0.410)$ $(3700 0.100)$ 14900 25700 $(3800 0.280)$ $(3800 0.130)$ $(3800 0.140)$ 14900 $(3800 0.000)$ $(3800 0.000)$ $(3800 0.000)$ $(3900 0.000)$ 14900 180000 $(3100 0.016)$ $(3100 0.016)$ $(3100 0.000)$ 14900 180000 $(3100 0.016)$ $(3100 0.016)$ $(3100 0.016)$ 14900 180000 $(3100 0.016)$ $(3100 0.016)$ $(3100 0.016)$ 14000 180000 $(3100 0.016)$ $(3100 0.016)$ $(3100 0.016)$ 13000 180000 $(3100 0.016)$ $(3100 0.016)$ $(3100 0.016)$ 180000 180000 $(3100 0.012)$ $(3100 0.012)$ $(3100 0.012)$ 100 3800 3800 3100 2300 23000 1100 3800 3800 3100 2300 3400 1100 3800 $3100 0.0123$ 3100 3100 1100 3800 $3100 0.0123$ 3100 3100 1100 3800 <th>Estonia</th> <td>1390 (1390 to 1400)</td> <td>251 (249 to 252)</td> <td>936 (930 to 942)</td> <td>208 (206 to 209)</td> <td>1310 (1190 to 1430)</td> <td>216 (196 to 236)</td> <td>825 (748 to 902)</td> <td>270 (244 to 295)</td> <td>-0·3% (-0·7 to 0·1)</td>	Estonia	1390 (1390 to 1400)	251 (249 to 252)	936 (930 to 942)	208 (206 to 209)	1310 (1190 to 1430)	216 (196 to 236)	825 (748 to 902)	270 (244 to 295)	-0·3% (-0·7 to 0·1)
1 3520 3520 705 3230 2330 483 483 23500 2730 $24800 5300$ 4200 922 $3810 to 4600$ $8364 to 100$ $138000 to 161000$ $8364 to 100$ $145000 to 161000$ $13800 to 16900$ $145000 to 145000$ 149000 $149000 to 161000$ $24600 to 23900$ $124000 to 161000$ $124000 to 136000$ $145000 to 137000$ $145000 to 145000$ $145000 to 137000$ 149000 149000 8640 149000 34100 $16500 to 13500$ $145000 to 144000$ $137000 to 140000$ 149000 $123000 to 12300$ $12600 to 36600$ $13500 to 137000$ $134000 to 137000$ $137000 to 232013100132000 to 232001000000128000001870001380000147000013800001370001380000137000130000010000001380001470000138000013700013800001370001300000100000013800001470001350013600000137000130000010000001380000001380000013800000013700001360000001000000013800000001410001350013800000001370000138000000011000001010000001380000001380000000137000000138000000001000000000000000000000000000000000000$	Latvia	2380 (2210 to 2540)	431 (399 to 459)	1600 (1480 to 1700)	355 (329 to 379)	1870 (1700 to 2050)	297 (270 to 326)	1180 (1070 to 1290)	392 (356 to 430)	-1·2% (-1·3 to -1·0)
420092228504283590(3810to 4600)(836 to 1010)(2580 to 3120)(381 to 469)(270 to 4190)(14900026700149000(350 to 15900145000(149000 to 16100)26700(16900 to 13900)(15900 to 16400)(14000 to 53200)8640(350 to 7550)(41000 to 16400)(16000 to 53200)(31000 to 5600)(550 to 7550)(41000 to 5600)(14000 to 53200)189000)(61000)(134000 to 1900)(10000 to 5600 to 5600)(1300 to 13500)(14100 to 13600)(13400 to 5600 to 5600)(13000 to 5500 to 5700)(1300 to 24100)(14100 to 13500)(14100 to 13500)(1300 to 5500 to 5700)(1300 to 24100)(381 to 4410)(14100 to 13500)(1300 to 25800)(1300 to 24100)(381 to 4410)(14100 to 13500)(1300 to 25800)(1300 to 21300)(381 to 4410)(14100 to 13500)(1300 to 27500)(1300 to 21300)(381 to 4410)(14100 to 13500)(1300 to 27500)(1410 to 1200)(381 to 4410)(1400 to 13500)(1300 to 27500)(1700 to 1200)(381 to 4410)(1400 to 13500)(1400 to 27500)(1700 to 1200)(381 to 4410)(1400 to 13500)(1400 to 27500)(1700 to 1200)(381 to 4410)(1400 to 1200)(1400 to 27500)(1700 to 1200)(381 to 4420)(1400 to 1200)(1400 to 27500)(1100 to 1200)(381 to 4420)(1400 to 1200)(1400 to 2750)(1100 to 1200)(381 to 4420)(1400 to 2750) <td< th=""><th>Lithuania</th><td>3520 (3260 to 3780)</td><td>705 (653 to 756)</td><td>2330 (2160 to 2500)</td><td>483 (447 to 518)</td><td>2730 (2480 to 3010)</td><td>408 (370 to 449)</td><td>1760 (1600 to 1940)</td><td>557 (506 to 614)</td><td>-1.2% (-1.3 to -1.1)</td></td<>	Lithuania	3520 (3260 to 3780)	705 (653 to 756)	2330 (2160 to 2500)	483 (447 to 518)	2730 (2480 to 3010)	408 (370 to 449)	1760 (1600 to 1940)	557 (506 to 614)	-1.2% (-1.3 to -1.1)
149000 26700 104000 18400 14500 (137000to161000) $24600to23900$ $95800tu113000$ $16500tu19900$ 145000 (137000to153200) 8640 34100 6850 43100 (146000to53200) 8640 34100 6850 43100 (146000to53200) 80000 647000 6850 43100 (11200000) 1890000 1800000 647000 137000 1000000 (12000000) 1890000 1470000 137000 1000000 (12000000) 1890000 1470000 125100 2780 189000 1470000 15100 2780 31000 189000 189000 125000 2330 25800000 18900 140000 12600013500 215000000 2580000000 18900 1890000 126000013500 $215000000000000000000000000000000000000$	Moldova	4200 (3810 to 4600)	922 (836 to 1010)	2850 (2580 to 3120)	428 (388 to 469)	3590 (2970 to 4190)	522 (432 to 609)	2520 (2080 to 2940)	555 (459 to 647)	-0.8% (-1.2 to -0.4)
4960086403410068504310(46000 to 53200)(8010 to 9270)(31600 to 35600)(650 to 7350)(34600 to 51400) 10000 185000185000(531000 to 3700)(31600 to 31700)(31600 to 31700)990000)189000(450 to 5170)(14100 to 16000)1100000278003100001120010189000 4870 11400 to 16000)258003100031000118000 4400 11260025300 to 2590022900 to 32700)118000 8380 8780 25300 to 259002580025800118000 3860 8370 25300 25300 2590025900118000 3860 8370 25300 25300 25300 259001180000 3860 83700 25300 25300 25300 25300 1180000 23700 1180000131000 23800013100 2390000131000 23800000131000 1180000 2370000131000 2380000131000 2390000131000 23900000131000 11900000 2880000131000 2380000000131000 $239000000000000000000000000000000000000$	Russia	149 000 (137 000 to 161 000)	26 700 (24 600 to 28 900)	104 000 (95 800 to 113 000)	18400 (16900 to 19900)	145 000 (125 000 to 164 000)	26100 (22500 to 29400)	96 000 (82 900 to 108 000)	22700 (19600 to 25700)	-0.1% (-0.5 to 0.1)
ne 968000 (341000 to 944000 to 99000) 185000 (38000 to 189000) 647000 (651000 to 189000) 137000 (134000 to 13700 to 130000 1090000 (134000 to 310000 22700 189000 4870 15100 2780 31000 22700 4870 15100 2780 31000 18900 4870 14100t 16000 2330 25800 to 3230 31000 18900 3860 878 2530 454 5170 13800 3860 878 2530 454 5170 13800 3860 8780 2530 454 5170 138000 29700 125000 25900 135000 5800 138000 29700 125000 25900 135000 5100 13900 28700 23800 25900 135000 5100 13900 13900 2100 23900 2100 2100 13900 13900 23800 23800 2100 2100 13900 125000 23800	Ukraine	49 600 (46 000 to 53 200)	8640 (8010 to 9270)	34100 (31600 to 36600)	6850 (6350 to 7350)	43100 (34600 to 51400)	6350 (5100 to 7570)	29300 (23500to34900)	7440 (5990 to 8880)	-0.7% (-1.3 to -0.2)
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	High income	968000 (944000to 990000)	185 000 (180 000 to 189 000)	647 000 (631 000 to 661 000)	137 000 (134 000 to 140 000)	1 090 000 (1 060 000 to 1 120 000)	176 000 (171 000 to 181 000)	702 000 (682 000 to 720 000)	214 000 (208 000 to 219 000)	0.6% (0.5 to 0.6)
alia 18 900 4000 12 600 2330 25 800 (17 400 to 20 300) (36 90 to 4290) (116 00 to 13 500) (2150 to 2500) 24 900 to 27 500) Zealand 3860 878 2530 454 5170 Zealand (35 80 to 4150) (813 to 944) (23 40 to 2720) (47 100 to 27500) 5170 Zealand (35 80 to 4150) (813 to 944) (23 40 to 2720) 454 5170 Zealand (35 80 to 4150) (81 to 27 400) (17 500 to 196 000) 185 000 185 000 Come Asia 180 000 29 700 125 000 25 900 185 000 185 000 i 333 105 218 000 118 000 to 131 000) 185 000 185 000 185 000 i 129 000 18900 87 800 22200 180 000 to 137 000) 180 000 to 137 000) i 129 000 18900 818 000 to 23200) 816 to 10) 175 000 to 137 000) i 129 000 138 000 to 23200 818 to 274) 5730 5730	Australasia	22700 (21300 to 24100)	4870 (4570 to 5170)	15 100 (14 100 to 16 000)	2780 (2600 to 2950)	31 000 (29 200 to 32 700)	5730 (5400 to 6060)	20 000 (18,900 to 21,200)	5200 (4890 to 5500)	1.5% (1.4 to 1.5)
Zealand 3860 878 2530 454 5170 (3580 to 4150) (813 to 944) (2340 to 2720) (471 to 488) (4720 to 5610) (come Asia 180 000 29 700 125 000 25 900 185 000 (171 000 to 190 000) 282 00 to 31100) (180 00 to 131 000) 25 900 185 000 ei 333 105 218 93 451 (171 000 to 1390 000) (86 to 125) (86 to 10) (394 to 510) ei 129 000 189 00 87 800 22200 128 000 ei 129 000 189 00 87 800 22200 128 000 128 000 ei 129 000 136 00 to 22200 818 00 to 33300) 200 to 23700) 138 00 to 37000 ei 129 000 138 000 to 23200 818 00 to 22200 238 to 274) 5730 opre 4030 7741 8057 238 to 274) 5730 51600 opre 46 800 9860 33500 238 to 274) 5760 to 6200) offo	Australia	18 900 (17 400 to 20 300)	4000 (3690 to 4290)	12 600 (11 600 to 13 500)	2330 (2150 to 2500)	25 800 (24 000 to 27 500)	4750 (4420 to 5070)	16 700 (15 500 to 17 800)	4390 (4080 to 4690)	1.5% (1.5 to 1.5)
come Asia 180 000 29 700 125 000 25 900 185 000 (171 000 to 190 000) (282 00 to 31100) (118 000 to 131 000) (243 00 to 274 00) (175 000 to 196 000) ei 333 105 218 93 451 (171 000 to 190 000) (86 to 358) (96 7 to 113) (201 to 235) (86 to 10) (394 to 510) ei 129 000 18 900 87 800 222 00 128 000 128 000 ei 129 000 18 900 87 800 22 22 00 128 000 128 000 ei 129 000 17 600 to 22 02 00) 81 800 to 32 700) 22 72 00 128 000 128 000 ei 129 000 754 302 0 256 573 0 138 000 to 137 000) ei 129 000 to 138 000) 774 300 to 22 000 256 573 0 573 0 ore 46 800 700 to 80 00 335 to 27 4) 256 to 62 00) 573 0 160 00 148 000 051 00) r/korea 46 800 9860 33500 238	New Zealand	3860 (3580 to 4150)	878 (813 to 944)	2530 (2340 to 2720)	454 (421 to 488)	5170 (4720 to 5610)	982 (896 to 1060)	3380 (3080 to 3660)	810 (739 to 878)	1.4% (1.3 to 1.4)
333105218 9.3 451 $(306 to 358)$ $(96/7 to 113)$ $(201 to 235)$ $(8.6 to 10)$ $(394 to 510)$ $129 000$ $18 900$ $87 800$ $222 200$ $128 000$ $129 000$ $17 600 to 20200$ $87 800$ 22200 $128 000$ $(120 000 to 138 000)$ $(176 00 to 20200)$ $(818 00 to 938 00)$ $207 00 to 237 00)$ $118 000 to 137 000$ 4030 754 3020 256 5730 $(3740 to 4300)$ $(701 to 805)$ $(2810 to 3220)$ $238 to 274)$ $5760 to 6200)$ $46 800$ 9860 33500 3390 $51 600$ $(43500 to 49900)$ $(9160 to 10500)$ $(31200 to 35800)$ $(3150 to 3610)$ $(47800 to 55100)$	High-income Asia Pacific	180 000 (171 000 to 190 000)	29 700 (28 200 to 31 100)	125 000 (118 000 to 131 000)	25 900 (24 300 to 27 400)	185000 (175000 to 196000)	22 400 (21 200 to 23 700)	117 000 (111 000 to 123 000)	46100 (43300 to 49000)	0.1% (0.1 to 0.2)
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Brunei	333 (306 to 358)	105 (96·7 to 113)	218 (201 to 235)	9.3 (8.6 to 10)	451 (394 to 510)	94·6 (82·6 to 107)	332 (290 to 375)	24∙5 (21∙4 to 27·7)	1.4% (1.2 to 1.7)
4030 754 3020 256 5730 (3740 to 4300) (701 to 805) (2810 to 3220) (238 to 274) (5260 to 6200) 46 800 9860 33500 33390 51 600 (43 500 to 49 900) (9160 to 10500) (31200 to 35 800) (3150 to 3510) (47 800 to 55100)	Japan	129 000 (120 000 to 138 000)	18900 (17600 to 20200)	87 800 (81 800 to 93 800)	22 200 (20 700 to 23 700)	128000 (118000to 137000)	15 400 (14 300 to 16 600)	75400 (69700 to 80900)	36 8 00 (34 000 to 39 6 00)	0.0% (-0.1 to 0.0)
46 800 9860 33500 3390 51 600 (43 500 to 49 900) (9160 to 10 500) (31 200 to 35 800) (31 50 to 35 100) (47 800 to 55 100)	Singapore	4030 (3740 to 4300)	754 (701 to 805)	3020 (2810 to 3220)	256 (238 to 274)	5730 (5260 to 6200)	812 (746 to 878)	4150 (3810 to 4490)	768 (706 to 831)	1.7% (1.6 to 1.7)
	South Korea	46 800 (43 500 to 49 900)	9860 (9160 to 10500)	33500 (31200 to 35800)	3390 (3150 to 3610)	51 600 (47 800 to 55 100)	6070 (5630 to 6490)	37 000 (34 300 to 39 600)	8500 (7870 to 9080)	0·5% (0·4 to 0·5)
311000	High-income North America	311 000 (292 000 to 331 000)	66 700 (62 400 to 70 800)	206 000 (193 000 to 219 000)	38300 (35900 to 40600)	370 000 (346 000 to 394 000)	65 600 (61 300 to 69 800)	240 000 (225 000 to 256 000)	64 200 (60 000 to 68 200)	0.8% (0.8 to 0.8)

									rate of change in population, 2000–21
	Allages	<15 years	15-64 years	≥65 years	All ages	<15 years	15-64 years	≥65 years	1
(Continued from previous page)	vious page)								
Canada	30300 (28100 to 32400)	5920 (5490 to 6330)	20 600 (19 100 to 22 000)	3830 (3560 to 4100)	37500 (35100to40200)	6170 (5770 to 6620)	24300 (22700 to 26 000)	7040 (6580 to 7540)	(1.0% to 1.0)
Greenland	56-1	15·2	38·1	2.8	56·1	11.8	39·1	5·3	0.0%
	(55-8 to 56-5)	(15·1 to 15·3)	(37·8 to 38·3)	(2.8 to 2.8)	(50·7 to 61·1)	(10.6 to 12.8)	(35·3 to 42·6)	(4·8 to 5·8)	(-0.5 to 0.4)
USA	281 000	60700	186 000	34400	333 000	59 400	216 000	57100	0.8%
	(261 000 to 301 000)	(56500 to 65000)	(173 000 to 199 000)	(32000 to 36800)	(308 000 to 357 000)	(55 100 to 63 700)	(200 000 to 232 000)	(52900 to 61300)	(0.8 to 0.8)
Southern Latin	55 200	15400	34 700	5180	67700	14 500	45100	8110	1.0%
America	(52 400 to 58 200)	(14600 to 16200)	(32 900 to 36 500)	(4910 to 5460)	(61400to74200)	(13 100 to 15 900)	(40900 to 49400)	(7370 to 8870)	(0.7 to 1.2)
Argentina	36 800	10 500	22 700	3590	45 500	10200	30 100	5250	1.0%
	(34 200 to 39 600)	(9730 to 11 300)	(21 100 to 24 500)	(3340 to 3870)	(39 200 to 51 800)	(8780to11600)	(25 900 to 34 300)	(4530 to 5990)	(0.7 to 1.3)
Chile	15100	4090	9890	1160	18 800	3650	12800	2330	1.0%
	(13900 to 16300)	(3750 to 4420)	(9060 to 10700)	(1060 to 1250)	(17100 to 20 600)	(3320 to 4000)	(11700 to 14000)	(2120 to 2550)	(1.0 to 1.1)
Uruguay	3300	818	2050	427	3410	660	2210	531	0.1%
	(2990 to 3600)	(742 to 895)	(1860 to 2240)	(387 to 467)	(2990 to 3860)	(578 to 748)	(1940 to 2510)	(466 to 603)	(0.0 to 0.3)
Western Europe	398 000	68 000	266 000	64 600	437 000	68100	279 000	90 000	0.4%
	(391 000 to 405 000)	(66 700 to 69 300)	(261 000 to 270 000)	(63 300 to 65 700)	(422 000 to 451 000)	(65900 to 70200)	(270 000 to 288 000)	(86 700 to 92 900)	(0.3 to 0.5)
Andorra	65.6	10·1	47·5	8.1	85·6	10·2	61.7	13·7	1.3%
	(65.2 to 66.1)	(10 to 10·2)	(47·2 to 47·8)	(8 to 8.1)	(77·6 to 94·3)	(9·2 to 11·2)	(56 to 68)	(12·4 to 15·1)	(0.8 to 1.7)
Austria	8020	1360	5410	1240	8980	1300	5970	1710	0.5%
	(7450 to 8600)	(1260 to 1460)	(5030 to 5800)	(1150 to 1330)	(8090 to 9780)	(1170 to 1410)	(5380 to 6500)	(1540 to 1870)	(0.4 to 0.6)
Belgium	10 300	1810	6730	1730	11500	1910	7310	2240	0.5%
	(9510 to 11 000)	(1670 to 1940)	(6230 to 7230)	(1600 to 1860)	(10300 to 12600)	(1720 to 2090)	(6580 to 8010)	(2020 to 2460)	(0.4 to 0.6)
Cyprus	918	204	620	94·2	1360	219	941	198	1.9%
	(851 to 983)	(189 to 218)	(575 to 664)	(87·3 to 101)	(1170 to 1540)	(189 to 248)	(813 to 1070)	(171 to 225)	(1.5 to 2.1)
Denmark	5330	982	3560	796	5850	954	3720	1180	0.4%
	(5290 to 5380)	(974 to 990)	(3530 to 3590)	(789 to 802)	(5300 to 6410)	(865 to 1050)	(3370 to 4070)	(1070 to 1290)	(0.0 to 0.8)
Finland	5190	936	3470	784	5540	847	3400	1290	0·3%
	(5150 to 5230)	(929 to 942)	(3440to 3490)	(779 to 790)	(4950 to 6060)	(758 to 927)	(3040 to 3720)	(1150 to 1410)	(−0·2 to 0·7)
France	59 900	11 400	39 100	9440	66 400	11600	41 000	13 800	0.5%
	(55 500 to 64 400)	(10 500 to 12 200)	(36 200 to 42 000)	(8740 to 10100)	(59 500 to 73 500)	(10400 to 12800)	(36 800 to 45 400)	(12 300 to 15 200)	(0.3 to 0.6)
Germany	82 300	12 800	55 800	13 700	85 400	12000	54900	18 600	0.2%
	(81 600 to 83 000)	(12 700 to 12 900)	(55 400 to 56 300)	(13 600 to 13 8 00)	(76 200 to 94 000)	(10700to13200)	(49000 to 60400)	(16 600 to 20 400)	(-0·3 to 0·6)
Greece	11100	1720	7560	1800	10200	1390	6470	2310	-0.4%
	(10300 to 11900)	(1600 to 1850)	(7000 to 8130)	(1670 to 1940)	(8730to11500)	(1200 to 1580)	(5550 to 7320)	(1980 to 2610)	(-0.8 to -0.2)
Iceland	279	65	182	32·5	350	67·5	228	55·2	1·1%
	(277 to 282)	(64·5 to 65·6)	(180 to 183)	(32·3 to 32·8)	(318 to 384)	(61·3 to 74)	(206 to 250)	(50·1 to 60·5)	(0·7 to 1·5)
Ireland	3870	849	2590	427	4940	997	3190	751	1·2%
	(3560 to 4170)	(781 to 915)	(2380 to 2790)	(393 to 461)	(4420 to 5450)	(892 to 1100)	(2860 to 3520)	(672 to 829)	(1·1 to 1·3)
Israel	6390	1840	3940	614	9590	2630	5770	1200	1.9%
	(5760 to 7070)	(1660 to 2040)	(3550 to 4360)	(554 to 680)	(8200 to 11 000)	(2250 to 3030)	(4930 to 6640)	(1020 to 1380)	(1.7 to 2.1)
Italy	56700	8100	38 200	10 400	59 800	7600	38200	14000	0.3%
	(52 400 to 60700)	(7500 to 8680)	(35 300 to 40 900)	(9600 to 11 100)	(54 400 to 65 100)	(6910 to 8270)	(34700 to 41600)	(12700to 15300)	(0·2 to 0·3)
Luxembourg	434	81·9	291	60·3	644	101	447	96	1.9%
	(401 to 466)	(75·8 to 88·1)	(270 to 313)	(55·8 to 64·8)	(589 to 703)	(92·5 to 110)	(409 to 488)	(87.8 to 105)	(1.8 to 1.9)

									rate ot change in population, 2000–21
	All ages	<15 years	15-64 years	≥65 years	All ages	<15 years	15-64 years	≥65 years	
(Continued from previous page)	ous page)								
Malta	402	80·1	272	50	442	64	278	100	0.4%
	(363 to 442)	(72·3 to 88·2)	(246 to 299)	(45·1 to 55)	(384 to 500)	(55·7 to 72·4)	(242 to 315)	(87 to 113)	(0.3 to 0.6)
Monaco	33	4·3	20·9	7.8	37·9	5	23.2	9.7	0.7%
	(30·8 to 35·4)	(4 to 4·7)	(19·5 to 22·4)	(7·2 to 8·3)	(34·3 to 41·4)	(4·5 to 5·4)	(21 to 25·4)	(8.8 to 10.6)	(0.5 to 0.8)
Netherlands	15 900	2950	10 8 00	2160	17 200	2680	11 100	3460	0.4%
	(15 800 to 16 000)	(2930 to 2980)	(10 7 00 to 10 9 00)	(2140 to 2180)	(15 600 to 18 900)	(2430 to 2940)	(10 000 to 12 200)	(3130 to 3800)	(-0.1 to 0.8)
Norway	4480	893	2900	689	5420	924	3520	972	0.9%
	(4440 to 4520)	(886 to 901)	(2870 to 2920)	(684 to 695)	(4930 to 5960)	(841 to 1020)	(3210 to 3880)	(885 to 1070)	(0.5 to 1.3)
Portugal	10500	1720	7160	1660	10 600	1360	6830	2420	0.0%
	(9780 to 11300)	(1590 to 1840)	(6640 to 7670)	(1550 to 1780)	(9230 to 12 000)	(1190 to 1550)	(5940 to 7750)	(2110 to 2750)	(-0.3 to 0.3)
San Marino	27·5	4·3	18.6	4.6	32.7	4·4	21·3	7.1	0.8%
	(23·9 to 31)	(3·7 to 4·8)	(16.2 to 21)	(4 to 5·2)	(28·4 to 37·4)	(3·8 to 5)	(18·4 to 24·3)	(6.1 to 8.1)	(0.8 to 0.9)
Spain	40 800	6070	27 900	6860	45 500	6480	29 900	9190	0.5%
	(40 500 to 41 100)	(6030 to 6110)	(27 700 to 28 000)	(6820to 6900)	(41 000 to 49 900)	(5830 to 7100)	(26 900 to 32 700)	(8270to 10100)	(0.0 to 0.9)
Sweden	8900	1630	5730	1540	10 400	1820	6420	2140	0.7%
	(8830 to 8980)	(1620 to 1650)	(5680 to 5770)	(1530 to 1560)	(9390 to 11 400)	(1650 to 2000)	(5810 to 7050)	(1930 to 2350)	(0.3 to 1.1)
Switzerland	7300	1250	4930	1130	8920	1330	5890	1710	1.0%
	(6820 to 7760)	(1160 to 1330)	(4600 to 5240)	(1050 to 1200)	(8050 to 9860)	(1200 to 1470)	(5310 to 6510)	(1540 to 1880)	(0.8 to 1.1)
UK	59 000	11200	38500	9310	67800	11 800	43 600	12 500	0.7%
	(55 400 to 62 600)	(10500 to 11900)	(36100to40800)	(8730 to 9880)	(63900to 71600)	(11100 to 12 400)	(41 000 to 46 000)	(11 800 to 13 200)	(0.6 to 0.7)
England	49200	9330	32100	7780	57300	10 000	36 800	10400	0.7%
	(45600 to 52900)	(8640 to 10 000)	(29 800 to 34 500)	(7210 to 8360)	(53400 to 60900)	(9370 to 10 700)	(34300 to 39100)	(9730to11100)	(0.7 to 0.7)
Northern Ireland	1700	384	1100	219	1930	372	1230	328	0.6%
	(1570 to 1840)	(355 to 416)	(1020 to 1190)	(202 to 237)	(1800 to 2060)	(346 to 397)	(1150 to 1310)	(305 to 350)	(0.6 to 0.6)
Scotland	5140	939	3400	802	5520	843	3590	1090	0.3%
	(4760 to 5510)	(870 to 1010)	(3150 to 3650)	(743 to 861)	(4790 to 6280)	(732 to 960)	(3120 to 4080)	(943 to 1240)	(0.0 to 0.6)
Wales	2950	567	1870	506	3150	524	1960	664	0.3%
	(2730 to 3180)	(526 to 612)	(1740 to 2020)	(468 to 546)	(2940 to 3370)	(489 to 560)	(1830 to 2100)	(620 to 709)	(0.3 to 0.4)
Latin America and Caribbean	465 000 (450 000 to 480 000)	152 000 (148 000 to 157 000)	288 000 (278 000 to 297 000)	25100 (24200to 25900)	594 000 (560 000 to 626 000)	143 000 (136 000 to 150 000)	398000 (374000to 420000)	53200 (49 800 to 56400)	1·2% (1·0 to 1·3)
Andean Latin America	46300	16500	27 400	2390	66 100	18100	43 000	5020	1.7%
	(43400 to 49200)	(15500 to 17500)	(25 700 to 29 200)	(2240 to 2540)	(61400 to 70 300)	(16800 to 19200)	(40 000 to 45700)	(4660 to 5340)	(1.6 to 1.8)
Bolivia	8290	3230	4690	373	11 800	3490	7560	750	1.7%
	(7670 to 8910)	(2990 to 3470)	(4340 to 5030)	(345 to 401)	(10 300 to 13 300)	(3050 to 3930)	(6620 to 8520)	(656 to 845)	(1.4 to 1.9)
Ecuador	12500	4550	7360	628	18 100	5070	11 600	1420	1.7%
	(11600to 13500)	(4210 to 4900)	(6810 to 7930)	(581 to 677)	(15500 to 20500)	(4350 to 5750)	(9930 to 13 100)	(1220 to 1610)	(1.4 to 2.0)
Peru	25500	8690	15 400	1390	36300	9540	23 900	2850	1.7%
	(22900 to 28200)	(7820 to 9620)	(13 800 to 17 000)	(1250 to 1530)	(32 900 to 39700)	(8650 to 10 400)	(21 700 to 26 100)	(2580 to 3120)	(1.6 to 1.7)
Caribbean	40100	12100	25200	2870	47500	11500	31 200	4750	0.8%
	(38700 to 41600)	(11600 to 12500)	(24300 to 26100)	(2760 to 2970)	(44300 to 50900)	(10600 to 12500)	(29 200 to 33 500)	(4470 to 5050)	(0.6 to 1.0)
Antigua and	76.4	21.6	49·7	5·1	89.4	16·9	63·6	8.9	0.7%
Barbuda	(70.3 to 82.2)	(19·9 to 23·2)	(45·7 to 53·4)	(4·7 to 5·5)	(78.4 to 100)	(14·8 to 19)	(55·7 to 71·4)	(7.8 to 10)	(0.5 to 1.0)
The Bahamas	303	85.4 (70.7 to 01.4)	202 (188 to 216)	16 (11.0 to 17.1)	388 (224 to 444)	81.2 (60.0 to 02.0)	275 (1) C 275	31.8 31.6	1.2% (0.8+0.1 E)

	-								rate of change in population, 2000–21
	All ages	<15 years	15-64 years	≥65 years	All ages	<15 years	15-64 years	≥65 years	1
(Continued from previous page)	us page)								
Barbados	257	56·7	170	30.6	299	47·1	203	49·2	0.7%
	(240 to 273)	(53 to 60·3)	(158 to 180)	(28.6 to 32.5)	(260 to 342)	(40·9 to 53·9)	(176 to 232)	(42·7 to 56·3)	(0.4 to 1.1)
Belize	240	93·7	136	10·2	429	123	284	22·5	2.8%
	(223 to 256)	(87·1 to 100)	(126 to 145)	(9·5 to 10·9)	(369 to 489)	(106 to 140)	(244 to 323)	(19·3 to 25·6)	(2.4 to 3.1)
Bermuda	63.3	12·1	44·5	6.8	63.5	8·4	42	13.1	0.0%
	(59.3 to 67.3)	(11·3 to 12·8)	(41·6 to 47·3)	(6.4 to 7.2)	(57.4 to 69.9)	(7·6 to 9·3)	(37.9 to 46.2)	(11.9 to 14.5)	(-0.2 to 0.2)
Cuba	11400	2 440	7840	1120	11300	1780	7720	1770	-0·1%
	(10500 to 12300)	(2250 to 2630)	(7220 to 8450)	(1030 to 1200)	(9910 to 12700)	(1560 to 2000)	(6790 to 8690)	(1560 to 1990)	(-0·3 to 0·2)
Dominica	68.6	21	41·9	5·7	67·1	13.7	46·1	7·3	-0·1%
	(63.5 to 73.6)	(19·5 to 22·6)	(38·8 to 44·9)	(5·3 to 6·1)	(58·4 to 76·2)	(11.9 to 15.6)	(40·2 to 52·4)	(6·3 to 8·3)	(-0·4 to 0·2)
Dominican Republic	8600	2990	5150	451	11 000	2940	7230	843	1.2%
	(7900 to 9250)	(2750 to 3220)	(4730 to 5550)	(415 to 486)	(9390 to 12 600)	(2510 to 3350)	(6170 to 8260)	(719 to 963)	(0.8 to 1.5)
Grenada	104	31·9	66·1	5·9	103	21.8	71·5	9·3	-0·1%
	(95·9 to 112)	(29·4to 34·4)	(61 to 71·2)	(5·5 to 6·4)	(88·9 to 116)	(18·9 to 24·6)	(61·9 to 80·5)	(8·1 to 10·5)	(-0·4 to 0·2)
Guyana	779	284	463	31.8	765	213	501	50	-0·1%
	(719 to 842)	(262 to 307)	(428 to 501)	(29.3 to 34.3)	(670 to 859)	(187 to 240)	(439 to 563)	(43·7 to 56·1)	(-0·3 to 0·1)
Haiti	8190	3260	4610	314	12 900	4350	8010	506	2·1%
	(7470 to 8870)	(2980 to 3540)	(4210 to 5000)	(286 to 340)	(10 700 to 15 200)	(3620 to 5140)	(6660 to 9450)	(421 to 597)	(1·7 to 2·6)
Jamaica	2630	840	1590	200	2800	584	1950	269	0.3%
	(2450 to 2840)	(781 to 905)	(1480 to 1720)	(186 to 215)	(2450 to 3160)	(511 to 660)	(1700 to 2200)	(236 to 304)	(0.0 to 0.5)
Puerto Rico	3880	925	2530	428	3290	444	2120	725	−0.8%
	(3620 to 4130)	(862 to 985)	(2360 to 2690)	(398 to 455)	(3050 to 3530)	(411 to 477)	(1970 to 2280)	(671 to 778)	(-0.8 to -0.7)
Saint Kitts and Nevis	46.4	13·7	29·2	3·6	58.6	9.8	43·4	5·4	1.1%
	(42.9 to 50)	(12·6 to 14·7)	(27 to 31·4)	(3·3 to 3·8)	(48.5 to 69.6)	(8·1 to 11·7)	(35·9 to 51·5)	(4·4 to 6·4)	(0.6 to 1.6)
Saint Lucia	155	49·1	95·7	10-3	178	29·7	127	20·6	0.6%
	(144 to 166)	(45·4 to 52·7)	(88·6 to 103)	(9-6 to 11-1)	(152 to 202)	(25·4 to 33·7)	(109 to 144)	(17·6 to 23·4)	(0.3 to 0.9)
Saint Vincent and	110	34·8	67·5	7·5	114	25	76.6	12·6	0.2%
the Grenadines	(102 to 118)	(32·3 to 37·3)	(62·7 to 72·5)	(7 to 8·1)	(100 to 129)	(21·9 to 28·2)	(67.1 to 86.6)	(11 to 14·2)	(-0.1 to 0.4)
Suriname	449	135	287	26·9	579	143	384	51.8	1.2%
	(418 to 479)	(126 to 144)	(267 to 306)	(25 to 28·7)	(510 to 654)	(126 to 162)	(338 to 434)	(45·6 to 58·5)	(0.9 to 1.5)
Trinidad and Tobago	1290	331	871	89.6	1390	272	943	178	0.4%
	(1200 to 1380)	(309 to 354)	(812 to 930)	(83.5 to 95.6)	(1210 to 1570)	(236 to 307)	(816 to 1060)	(154to 200)	(0.0 to 0.6)
Virgin Islands	111	29·7	72·5	9·1	85.9	13·4	53·9	18·6	-1.2%
	(104 to 119)	(27·8 to 31·7)	(67·9 to 77·5)	(8·6 to 9·8)	(79.8 to 91.9)	(12·4 to 14·3)	(50 to 57·6)	(17·3 to 19·9)	(-1.3 to -1.2)
Central Latin America	199 000	70 000	119 000	9530	253 000	63500	168000	21 200	1·1%
	(191 000 to 208 000)	(67400 to 73 000)	(115 000 to 125 000)	(9150 to 9950)	(242 000 to 265 000)	(60800 to 66400)	(161000 to 176000)	(20 300 to 22 200)	(1·1 to 1·2)
Colombia	39 700	13100	24 500	2130	49 100	10 600	33 600	4840	1.0%
	(35 700 to 43 700)	(11800 to 14500)	(22 000 to 26 900)	(1910 to 2350)	(44500 to 53500)	(9 630 to 11 600)	(30 500 to 36 600)	(4390 to 5280)	(1.0 to 1.1)
Costa Rica	3900	1250	2440	214	4750	1020	3250	481	0.9%
	(3640 to 4160)	(1170 to 1340)	(2270 to 2590)	(200 to 228)	(4180 to 5340)	(894 to 1140)	(2860 to 3660)	(423 to 541)	(0.7 to 1.2)
El Salvador	5860	2240	3280	336	6450	1820	4070	557	0.4%
	(5240 to 6550)	(2010 to 2510)	(2930 to 3670)	(301 to 376)	(5430 to 7380)	(1530 to 2080)	(3430 to 4660)	(469 to 637)	(0.2 to 0.6)
Guatemala	11 100	5010	5680	388	15 800	4930	9910	920	1:7%
	(10 200 to 12 000)	(4630 to 5420)	(5250 to 6140)	(359 to 420)	(14 400 to 17 100)	(4490 to 5360)	(9030 to 10 800)	(838 to 1000)	(1·6 to 1·7)

						(rate of change in population, 2000–21
	All ages	<15 years	15-64 years	≥65 years	All ages	<15 years	15-64 years	≥65 years	
(Continued from previous page)	ous page)								
Honduras	6170	2630	3310	226	10100	3280	6330	508	2.3%
	(5720 to 6660)	(2440 to 2840)	(3070 to 3570)	(210 to 244)	(8910 to 11300)	(2890 to 3660)	(5580 to 7060)	(448 to 567)	(2·1 to 2·5)
Mexico	101000	34900	61 400	4770	129 000	32100	86 6 00	10 600	1.2%
	(94400to108000)	(32600 to 37400)	(57 300 to 65 800)	(4460 to 5110)	(119 000 to 139 000)	(29600 to 34500)	(80 000 to 93 300)	(9750 to 11 400)	(1.1 to 1.2)
Nicaragua	4930	2010	2740	185	6670	1980	4300	391	1.4%
	(4460 to 5400)	(1820to 2200)	(2480 to 3000)	(167 to 203)	(5590 to 7770)	(1660 to 2310)	(3600 to 5010)	(328 to 456)	(1.1 to 1.7)
Panama	2910	927	1810	175	4290	1150	2750	389	1.8%
	(2730 to 3120)	(868 to 994)	(1700 to 1940)	(164 to 187)	(3700 to 4870)	(993 to 1310)	(2370 to 3120)	(335 to 441)	(1.4 to 2.1)
Venezuela	23300	7820	14300	1100	26 600	6620	17 400	2580	0.6%
	(21600 to 25100)	(7270 to 8420)	(13300 to 15400)	(1020 to 1180)	(23 000 to 30 100)	(5710 to 7480)	(15 000 to 19 700)	(2220 to 2910)	(0.3 to 0.9)
Tropical Latin America	180 000	53 900	116 000	10 300	228000	50200	155000	22 200	1·1%
	(168 000 to 192 000)	(50 300 to 57 600)	(108 000 to 124 000)	(96 00 to 11 000)	(196000to 258000)	(43300 to 56900)	(134000 to 176000)	(19 100 to 25 300)	(0·7 to 1·4)
Brazil	175 000	52 000	113 000	10 000	220 000	48 200	150 000	21 800	1·1%
	(162 000 to 187 000)	(48 300 to 55 600)	(105 000 to 121 000)	(9340 to 10 800)	(188 000 to 251 000)	(41 100 to 54 900)	(128 000 to 171 000)	(18 600 to 24 800)	(0·7 to 1·4)
Paraguay	5150	1960	2930	251	7170	2010	4680	481	1.6%
	(4730 to 5580)	(1800 to 2130)	(2690 to 3180)	(230 to 272)	(5860to 8460)	(1640 to 2370)	(3830 to 5520)	(393 to 568)	(1.0 to 2.0)
North Africa and Middle East	421 000 (407 000 to 434 000)	152 000 (147 000 to 157 000)	251 000 (243 000 to 260 000)	17 400 (16 800 to 18 100)	623 000 (600 000 to 646 000)	183000 (175000 to 191000)	406 000 (390 000 to 420 000)	34200 (32900 to 35400)	1.9% (1.8 to 2.0)
Afghanistan	15 900	7830	7500	604	31 200	14200	16 400	623	3.2%
	(12 800 to 18 900)	(6270 to 9320)	(6000 to 8910)	(484 to 718)	(21 600 to 40 900)	(9840 to 18600)	(11 400 to 21 500)	(432 to 816)	(2·5 to 3·6)
Algeria	31000	10700	18900	1360	44200	13 300	28100	2840	1.7%
	(28 600 to 33 500)	(9890 to 11600)	(17500 to 20400)	(1260 to 1470)	(37400 to 51000)	(11 200 to 15 300)	(23700to 32300)	(2400 to 3280)	(1.3 to 2.0)
Bahrain	646	186	445	15·1	1530	297	1180	54·5	4·1%
	(602 to 695)	(173 to 200)	(415 to 479)	(14·1 to 16·2)	(1420 to 1650)	(276 to 320)	(1100 to 1270)	(50·7 to 58·7)	(4·1 to 4·1)
Egypt	67300	23 800	41 100	2290	106 000	36 900	64 400	4380	2.1%
	(61500 to 73000)	(21 800 to 25 900)	(37 600 to 44 600)	(2090 to 2490)	(95 700 to 116 000)	(33 400 to 40 400)	(58 400 to 70 500)	(3970 to 4790)	(2.1 to 2.2)
Iran	66 200	21900	41300	3040	85400	20200	59 200	6010	1.2%
	(60 400 to 72 200)	(19900to 23800)	(37700 to 45100)	(2770to 3310)	(76900 to 93900)	(18200to 22200)	(53 300 to 65 100)	(5410 to 6610)	(1·1 to 1·3)
Iraq	25 100	10 200	14100	762	41 200	13 500	26100	1680	2·3%
	(21600 to 29 100)	(8790 to 11 800)	(12100 to 16400)	(654to 881)	(29 200 to 52 100)	(9520 to 17 000)	(18 500 to 32 900)	(1190 to 2120)	(1·4 to 2·8)
Jordan	4820	1900	2780	134	12300	3630	8180	512	4·5%
	(4380 to 5270)	(1730 to 2080)	(2530 to 3040)	(122 to 147)	(11100to 13700)	(3260 to 4030)	(7340 to 9080)	(459 to 568)	(4·4 to 4·5)
Kuwait	1920	530	1320	67·1	4650	846	3630	171	4·2%
	(1720 to 2110)	(476 to 583)	(1180 to 1450)	(60·2 to 73·8)	(4030 to 5280)	(733 to 959)	(3150 to 4120)	(148 to 194)	(4·1 to 4·4)
Lebanon	3560	1110	2170	273	5540	1280	3720	546	2.1%
	(3200 to 3970)	(1000to 1240)	(1950 to 2420)	(245 to 304)	(4670 to 6390)	(1080 to 1470)	(3130 to 4290)	(461 to 630)	(1.8 to 2.3)
Libya	5090	1790	3100	199	6870	1490	5030	350	1.4%
	(4590 to 5600)	(1620to 1970)	(2800 to 3410)	(180 to 219)	(5810 to 7980)	(1260 to 1730)	(4250 to 5840)	(296 to 406)	(1.1 to 1.7)
Morocco	29700	10 200	18 000	1480	37200	9790	24600	2740	1.1%
	(26800 to 32600)	(9240 to 11 200)	(16 200 to 19 800)	(1330to 1620)	(33100to 41300)	(8730 to 10 900)	(22000to 27400)	(2440 to 3040)	(1.0 to 1.1)
Oman	2330	880	1400	53·2	4700	1220	3370	115	3.3%
	(2120 to 2530)	(801 to 956)	(1270 to 1520)	(48·4 to 57·7)	(4350 to 5060)	(1130 to 1320)	(3120 to 3620)	(107 to 124)	(3.3 to 3.4)

									rate of change in population, 2000–21
	Allages	<15 years	15-64 years	≥65 years	All ages	<15 years	15-64 years	≥65 years	i
(Continued from previous page)	ous page)								
Palestine	3020	1410	1520	92	5140	1870	3090	176	2·5%
	(2750 to 3290)	(1280 to 1540)	(1390 to 1660)	(83·8 to 100)	(4660 to 5610)	(1700 to 2040)	(2810 to 3380)	(160 to 192)	(2·5 to 2·6)
Qatar	592	159	425	7·9	2980	494	2450	37·1	7.7%
	(538 to 643)	(145 to 173)	(386 to 462)	(7·2 to 8·6)	(2750 to 3200)	(456 to 531)	(2260 to 2630)	(34·2 to 39·9)	(7.6 to 7.8)
Saudi Arabia	20 800	7480	12 700	547	37700	7570	29100	1020	2.8%
	(18 800 to 22 800)	(6760 to 8210)	(11500 to 14 000)	(494 to 600)	(32 600 to 43 000)	(6550 to 8630)	(25200 to 33200)	(884 to 1170)	(2.6 to 3.0)
Sudan	26700	11900	13 900	922	43 400	16 600	25 400	1390	2·3%
	(23700 to 29 800)	(10500 to 13300)	(12 300 to 15 500)	(817 to 1030)	(37 000 to 49 700)	(14 100 to 19 000)	(21 700 to 29 100)	(1180 to 1590)	(2·1 to 2·4)
Syria	16700	6940	9270	519	14 000	3660	9350	1010	-0.9%
	(15100to18200)	(6260 to 7550)	(8360 to 10 100)	(468 to 565)	(11 500 to 16 200)	(2990 to 4240)	(7640 to 10 800)	(829 to 1170)	(-1.3 to -0.5)
Tunisia	9840	2980	6250	607	11 800	2770	7950	1130	0.9%
	(8930 to 10 800)	(2710 to 3260)	(5670 to 6830)	(551 to 663)	(10 600 to 13 200)	(2470 to 3070)	(7110 to 8830)	(1010 to 1260)	(0.8 to 1.0)
Türkiye	67100	20100	43100	3940	83600	18 500	56900	8170	1·1%
	(58200 to 75600)	(17400 to 22600)	(37400to48600)	(3420 to 4450)	(77100 to 90000)	(17 100 to 19 900)	(52500 to 61200)	(7530 to 8790)	(0·8 to 1·3)
United Arab	3230	720	2480	28.5	9630	1340	8130	163	5.2%
Emirates	(2900 to 3550)	(647 to 792)	(2230 to 2730)	(25·6 to 31·4)	(7900 to 11 200)	(1100 to 1560)	(6670to 9470)	(134 to 190)	(4·8 to 5·5)
Yemen	18 600	8970	9160	490	33 600	13 800	18800	1020	2·8%
	(17 000 to 20 200)	(8190 to 9730)	(8370 to 9950)	(448 to 532)	(28 200 to 39 500)	(11500 to 16 200)	(15 800 to 22 100)	(850 to 1190)	2.4 to 3.2)
South Asia	1330000 (1250000 to 1400000)	487000 (458000 to 514000)	781000 (734000 to 828000)	57 400 (53 800 to 60 900)	1850000 (1670000 to 2040000)	507 000 (460 000 to 557 000)	1220 000 (1100 000 to 1350 000)	120 000 (108 000 to 133 000)	1.6% (1.4 to 1.8)
Bangladesh	129000	52300	72800	4310	165000	45 800	107000	11 600	1.1%
	(120000 to 139000)	(48400 to 56100)	(67400to78100)	(3990 to 4620)	(143000 to 186000)	(39 700 to 51 600)	(93100 to 121000)	(10 100 to 13 100)	(0.8 to 1.4)
Bhutan	645	238	382	25·2	757	187	520	50·1	0.8%
	(582 to 712)	(215 to 263)	(344 to 421)	(22·7 to 27·8)	(685 to 823)	(169 to 204)	(470 to 565)	(45·3 to 54·5)	(0.7 to 0.8)
India	1 030 000 (953 000 to 1 110 000)	366 000 (338 000 to 393 000)	620 000 (572 000 to 666 000)	47 000 (43 400 to 50 600)	1410 000 (1240 000 to 1600 000)	366 000 (321 000 to 415 000)	951000 (833000to 1080000)	97 500 (85 500 to 110 000)	1.5% (1.3 to 1.7)
Nepal	23 900	9770	13200	904	31100	9230	20 000	1910	1.2%
	(22 200 to 25 500)	(9080 to 10400)	(12300 to 14100)	(840 to 966)	(27300 to 35300)	(8100 to 10500)	(17 600 to 22 700)	(1680 to 2170)	(1.0 to 1.5)
Pakistan	139 000	58 400	75100	5140	236 000	85400	142 000	8550	2·5%
	(127 000 to 150 000)	(53 700 to 63 100)	(69100to 81200)	(4730 to 5560)	(215 000 to 257 000)	(78100 to 93100)	(129 000 to 154 000)	(7820 to 9320)	(2·5 to 2·6)
Southeast Asia, east Asia, and Oceania	1860000 (1760000 to 1950000)	483 000 (460 000 to 505 000)	1 250 000 (1 190 000 to 1 320 000)	119 000 (112 000 to 125 000)	2190000 (2070000 to 2290000)	445000 (424000 to 465000)	1490 000 (1410 000 to 1560 000)	254000 (240000 to 269000)	0-8% (0-7 to 0-8)
East Asia	1300000 (1220000to 1390000)	305 000 (285 000 to 326 000)	907 000 (847 000 to 968 000)	92500 (86300to98700)	1470 000 (1370 000 to 1580 000)	267 000 (248 000 to 287 000)	1000000 (933000to 1080000)	203 000 (188 000 to 217 000)	0.6% (0.6 to 0.6)
China	1260000 (1170000to 1350000)	294000 (274000 to 314000)	876 000 (816 000 to 937 000)	89 000 (82 900 to 95 200)	1420000 (1320000 to 1530000)	260 000 (241 000 to 279 000)	967 000 (896 000 to 1 040 000)	196 000 (182 000 to 211 000)	0.6% (0.6 to 0.6)
North Korea	23400	6550	15300	1540	26400	4770	18 900	2670	0.6%
	(20900 to 26000)	(5830 to 7260)	(13600to17000)	(1380 to 1710)	(22400 to 30300)	(4040 to 5480)	(16 000 to 21 700)	(2260 to 3060)	(0.3 to 0.7)
Taiwan (province of	22300	4700	15600	1930	23600	2950	16 700	4010	0.3%
	(22100 to 22400)	(467010 4730)	(155001015700)	(1920 to 1940)	(21400±025900)	(2670 to 3230)	(15 100 to 18 300)	(3640 to 4390)	(-0.1 to 0.7)

	Population in 2000 (thousands)	chousands)			Population in 2021 (thousands)	rousands)			Annualised rate of change in population, 2000–21
	All ages	<15 years	15-64 years	≥65 years	All ages	<15 years	15-64 years	≥65 years	
(Continued from previous page)	ious page)								
Oceania	8350	3300	4780	256	13 900	5080	8360	489	2.4%
	(7950 to 8720)	(3140 to 3450)	(4560 to 5000)	(244 to 266)	(12 500 to 15 300)	(4540 to 5590)	(7520 to 9170)	(446 to 530)	(2·2 to 2·7)
American Samoa	58·5	22·1	34·2	2·2	49-8	14·2	31·9	3·7	-0.8%
	(54·6 to 62·6)	(20·6 to 23·6)	(31·9 to 36·6)	(2·1 to 2·4)	(45-8 to 53-2)	(13·1 to 15·2)	(29·4 to 34·1)	(3·4 to 3·9)	(-0.8 to -0.7)
Cook Islands	18.6	5.5	11.8	1.3	17.7	3.8	11·6	2·3	-0·2%
	(17.1 to 20)	(5.1 to 5.9)	(10·9 to 12·7)	(1.2 to 1.4)	(16 to 19.4)	(3.4 to 4.1)	(10·5 to 12·7)	(2·1 to 2·5)	(-0·3 to -0·1)
Federated States of	110	44·4	61·3	3.8	103	30·6	67·2	4·8	-0.3%
Micronesia	(102 to 117)	(41·3 to 47·3)	(57·1 to 65·4)	(3.5 to 4)	(89·5 to 116)	(26·7 to 34·7)	(58·6 to 76·2)	(4·2 to 5·5)	(-0.6 to 0.0)
Fiji	816	266	522	28·2	924	272	596	56·4	0.6%
	(739 to 892)	(241 to 290)	(473 to 571)	(25·5 to 30·8)	(839 to 1020)	(247 to 300)	(540 to 654)	(51·2 to 62)	(0.6 to 0.6)
Guam	159	49·5	101	8.5	159	36·6	104	19·1	0.0%
	(149 to 170)	(46·2 to 52·7)	(94·7 to 108)	(8 to 9.1)	(146 to 171)	(33·7 to 39·3)	(95·3 to 111)	(17·6 to 20·6)	(-0.1 to 0.0)
Kiribati	87·3	34·9	49·5	2·9	121	42	74·5	4.6	1∙6%
	(81 to 93·8)	(32·4 to 37·5)	(45·9 to 53·1)	(2·7 to 3·1)	(108 to 134)	(37·6 to 46·6)	(66·6 to 82·7)	(4.1 to 5.1)	(1∙4 to 1·7)
Marshall Islands	52·5	21·9	29·5	1.1	56·3	17·5	36·5	2·3	0.3%
	(48·5 to 56·6)	(20·2 to 23·5)	(27·3 to 31·8)	(1 to 1.2)	(49·2 to 63·6)	(15·3 to 19·7)	(31·9 to 41·3)	(2 to 2·6)	(0.1 to 0.6)
Nauru	10-8	4·2	6-3	0.3	11	4	6.6	0.4	0.1%
	(9-9 to 11-6)	(3·8 to 4·5)	(5-8 to 6-8)	(0.3 to 0.4)	(9·6 to 12·4)	(3·5 to 4·5)	(5.8 to 7.5)	(0.3 to 0.5)	(-0.1 to 0.3)
Niue	1·9	0.6	1.2	0.2	1.7	0.4	1·1	0.2	-0.7%
	(1·8 to 2·1)	(0·5 to 0·6)	(1.1 to 1.3)	(0.2 to 0.2)	(1.5 to 1.9)	(0.3 to 0.4)	(1 to 1·2)	(0.2 to 0.2)	(-0.9 to -0.4)
Northern Mariana	72.7	17.9	53·5	1.3	48·5	11.3	33.6	3.6	-1.9%
Islands	(67.7 to 77.5)	(16.7 to 19.1)	(49·9 to 57·1)	(1.2 to 1.3)	(45·1 to 52·1)	(10.5 to 12.1)	(31.3 to 36·2)	(3.3 to 3.9)	(-2.0 to -1.9)
Palau	19·7 (18·4 to 21·1)	4·9 (4·6 to 5·2)	13·9 (13 to 14·9)	1 (0·9 to 1)	18·1 (16·2 to 20·1)	3·3 (2·9 to 3·6)	13.2 (11.8 to 14·6)	$\frac{1.7}{(1.5 \text{ to } 1.8)}$	-0.4% (-0.6 to -0.2)
Papua	5520	2250	3110	156	10500	3920	6230	314	3.0%
New Guinea	(5140 to 5880)	(2100 to 2400)	(2900 to 3310)	(145 to 166)	(9100 to 11800)	(3410 to 4410)	(5420 to 7020)	(273 to 354)	(2.7 to 3.3)
Samoa	180	72.6	99-3	8.3	214	79·9	123	11	0.8%
	(166 to 193)	(67 to 77·6)	(91-6 to 106)	(7.6 to 8.8)	(193 to 236)	(72·2 to 88·1)	(111 to 135)	(10 to 12·2)	(0.7 to 1.0)
Solomon Islands	445	190	242	13.6	684	260	401	22.6	2.0%
	(412 to 480)	(176 to 205)	(224 to 261)	(12·6 to 14·7)	(579 to 780)	(220 to 297)	(339 to 457)	(19.1 to 25.7)	(1.6 to 2.3)
Tokelau	1.5 (1.4 to 1.7)	0.5 (0.5 to 0.6)	0.9 (0.8 to 0.9)	0.1 (0.1 to 0.1)	1.4 (1.2 to 1.5)	0.4 (0.4 to 0.4)	0.8 (0.8 to 0.9)	0.1 (0.1 to 0.2)	-0.6% (-0.7 to -0.5)
Tonga	103	40.5	56.8	5·5	106	39	60.6	6.7	0.2%
	(93 to 113)	(36.6 to 44.3)	(51.4 to 62.2)	(5 to 6·1)	(96 to 117)	(35·2 to 42·8)	(54.7 to 66.5)	(6 to 7.3)	(0.1 to 0.2)
Tuvalu	9.7	3.4	5.7	0.6	12·4	3.7	7.8	0.9	1.1%
	(8.9 to 10.5)	(3.1 to 3.7)	(5.2 to 6.2)	(0.6 to 0.7)	(10·8 to 14)	(3.3 to 4.2)	(6.8 to 8.8)	(0.8 to 1)	(0.9 to 1.3)
Vanuatu	194	82·3	106	5.8	313	116	184	12·2	2·3%
	(180 to 208)	(76·3 to 88·1)	(98·6 to 114)	(5.4 to 6.2)	(291 to 336)	(108 to 125)	(171 to 198)	(11·4 to 13·1)	(2·3 to 2·3)
Southeast Asia	543 000 (513 000 to 573 000)	174 000 (165 000 to 184 000)	343 000 (323 000 to 362 000)	26100 (24700 to 27500)	698 000 (670 000 to 728 000)	173 000 (166 000 to 180 000)	474 000 (456 000 to 495 000)	51 200 (49 000 to 53 300)	1.2% (1.1 to 1.3)
Cambodia	12500	5200	6910	430	17 000	5120	11000	931	1.5%
	(11500 to 13600)	(4780 to 5640)	(6350 to 7500)	(396 to 467)	(14 500 to 19 600)	(4360 to 5890)	(9380 to 12700)	(794 to 1070)	(1.1 to 1.8)
Indonesia	212 000	66 600	135000	9580	279 000	67300	194 000	17500	1.3%
	(183 000 to 240 000)	(57 600 to 75700)	(117000to 154000)	(8280 to 10 900)	(257 000 to 300 000)	(62000 to 72400)	(179 000 to 209 000)	(16100 to 18800)	(1.1 to 1.6)
								(Table 5 contin	(Table 5 continues on next page)

									in population, 2000–21
	Allages	<15 years	15-64 years	≥65 years	All ages	<15 years	15-64 years	≥65 years	I
(Continued from previous page)	ous page)								
Laos	5390 (4850 to 5930)	2310 (2080 to 2540)	2890 (2600 to 3180)	193 (174 to 212)	7380 (6610 to 8100)	2300 (2060 to 2520)	4750 (4260 to 5220)	327 (293 to 359)	1.5% (1.5 to 1.5)
Malaysia	23 800	7990	14900	911	31 800	7610	21900	2340	1·4%
	(22 200 to 25 500)	(7460 to 8540)	(13900to 15900)	(851 to 974)	(27 200 to 36 000)	(6510 to 8610)	(18700 to 24700)	(2000 to 2650)	(1·0 to 1·6)
Maldives	280	113	156	10.3	517	100	395	22·1	2·9%
	(260 to 299)	(105 to 121)	(146 to 167)	(9.6 to 11)	(456 to 571)	(88·3 to 110)	(348 to 436)	(19·5 to 24·4)	(2·7 to 3·1)
Mauritius	1210	312	827	75·7	1270	207	900	164	0.2%
	(1130 to 1300)	(290 to 334)	(769 to 887)	(70·4 to 81·1)	(1100 to 1440)	(180 to 235)	(779 to 1020)	(142 to 186)	(-0.1 to 0.5)
Myanmar	45300	14300	28 700	2300	56 400	15 600	37 000	3810	1·1%
	(38300 to 52300)	(12100 to 16500)	(24 300 to 33 100)	(1950 to 2650)	(50 200 to 62 800)	(13 900 to 17 400)	(32 900 to 41 200)	(3390 to 4240)	(0·9 to 1·3)
Philippines	79500	30 000	46500	2940	113 000	34 000	73100	6170	1.7%
	(73 900 to 85 100)	(27 900 to 32 100)	(43300 to 49800)	(2740 to 3150)	(100 000 to 125 000)	(30 100 to 37 600)	(64700 to 80 800)	(5470 to 6830)	(1.5 to 1.8)
Seychelles	81.6	22·3	53·2	6	105	23·4	73	9·1	1·2%
	(74.6 to 88)	(20·4 to 24·1)	(48·6 to 57·4)	(5·5 to 6·5)	(91·4 to 121)	(20·3 to 26·8)	(63·2 to 83·5)	(7·9 to 10·4)	(0·9 to 1·5)
Sri Lanka	18700	5090	12500	1100	22300	5100	14700	2450	0.8%
	(16200 to 21200)	(4390 to 5770)	(10800 to 14200)	(954 to 1250)	(19400 to 25000)	(4460 to 5740)	(12 800 to 16500)	(2140 to 2760)	(0.8 to 0.9)
Thailand	62500	15200	43 400	3920	66700	9770	47300	9640	0.3%
	(58500 to 66800)	(14200 to 16200)	(40 600 to 46 400)	(3670 to 4190)	(57500 to 75900)	(8430 to 11100)	(40800to53800)	(8320 to 11 000)	(-0.1 to 0.6)
Timor-Leste	904	389	487	28·2	1400	521	803	74·4	2·1%
	(821 to 984)	(353 to 423)	(442 to 530)	(25·6 to 30·6)	(1250 to 1540)	(465 to 575)	(717 to 887)	(66·4 to 82·1)	(2·0 to 2·2)
Viet Nam	80 200	26300	49 400	4570	100 000	24 800	67800	7670	1·1%
	(74 500 to 86 400)	(24400 to 28300)	(45 900 to 53 200)	(4240 to 4920)	(92 300 to 108 000)	(22 800 to 26 600)	(62400 to 73000)	(7060 to 8250)	(1·0 to 1·1)
Sub-Saharan Africa	647 000 (629 000 to 666 000)	289 000 (281 000 to 297 000)	338 000 (329 000 to 348 000)	19 600 (19 000 to 20 100)	1130 000 (1 090 000 to 1180 000)	476000 (457000 to 496000)	624000 (599 000 to 650 000)	33500 (32 200 to 34 800)	2.7% (2.6 to 2.7)
Central	73 600	33 600	37 900	2020	137 000	58700	74 8 00	3490	2·9%
sub-Saharan Africa	(65 300 to 81 300)	(29 800 to 37 200)	(33700 to 41 800)	(1780 to 2250)	(110 000 to 166 000)	(47400to70600)	(60 100 to 90 500)	(2800 to 4230)	(2·5 to 3·4)
Angola	14700	6840	7560	323	32700	15 200	16 700	741	3.8%
	(12600 to 16900)	(5860 to 7850)	(6480 to 8680)	(277 to 371)	(29 100 to 36 400)	(13 500 to 17 000)	(14 900 to 18 600)	(658 to 826)	(3.7 to 4.0)
Central African	3620	1620	1920	85.4	5480	2280	3080	125	2·0%
Republic	(3320 to 3940)	(1490 to 1760)	(1760 to 2080)	(78.5 to 93)	(4510 to 6410)	(1880 to 2670)	(2530 to 3590)	(103 to 146)	(1·5 to 2·3)
Congo (Brazzaville)	3150	1280	1780	98·1	5390	1930	3290	172	2·5%
	(2790 to 3450)	(1130 to 1400)	(1570 to 1940)	(86·9 to 107)	(4590 to 6240)	(1640 to 2230)	(2800 to 3810)	(147 to 200)	(2·3 to 2·8)
Democratic Republic	-	23100	25 600	1450	90 000	38 000	49700	2340	2·7%
of the Congo		(19300to 26700)	(21 400 to 29 700)	(1210 to 1670)	(63 000 to 118 000)	(26 600 to 49 700)	(34700 to 65 000)	(1640 to 3070)	(1·9 to 3·4)
Equatorial Guinea	654	309	328	16·3	1510	585	894	33·6	4.0%
	(544 to 758)	(258 to 359)	(273 to 381)	(13·6 to 18·9)	(1360 to 1680)	(527 to 648)	(805 to 990)	(30·3 to 37·3)	(3.8 to 4.3)
Gabon	1230	499	675	53·2	1820	639	1100	74·7	1·9%
	(1090 to 1370)	(442 to 556)	(598 to 753)	(47·1 to 59·4)	(1610 to 2020)	(566 to 709)	(975 to 1220)	(66·1 to 82·9)	(1·8 to 1·9)
Eastern sub-Saharan Africa	250 000 (242 000 to 259 000)	117 000 (113 000 to 121 000)	127 000 (122 000 to 131 000)	6540 (6320 to 6760)	426 000 (406 000 to 447 000)	178 000 (170 000 to 187 000)	236 000 (225 000 to 247 000)	11 800 (11 300 to 12 400)	2.5% (2.5 to 2.6)
Burundi	6390	3040	3160	182	13200	5850	7040	326	3·5%
	(5610 to 7130)	(2670 to 3400)	(2780 to 3530)	(159 to 202)	(11300 to 15000)	(5020 to 6640)	(6040 to 7990)	(279 to 369)	(3·4 to 3·5)

	Population in 2000 (thousands)	nousands)			Population in 2021 (thousands)	lousands)			rate of change in population, 2000–21
	All ages	<15years	15-64 years	≥65 years	All ages	<15 years	15-64 years	≥65 years	
(Continued from previous page)	ous page)								
Comoros	553	233	300	19·5	744	240	467	37	1.4%
	(505 to 602)	(213 to 253)	(275 to 327)	(17·8 to 21·2)	(612 to 882)	(197 to 284)	(384 to 554)	(30·4 to 43·8)	(0.9% to 1.8)
Djibouti	619	238	368	13	1260	413	806	39.8	3·4%
	(546 to 696)	(210 to 268)	(324 to 414)	(11·5 to 14·7)	(1080 to 1450)	(355 to 476)	(693 to 927)	(34·2 to 45·8)	(3·3 to 3·5)
Eritrea	3980	1780	2130	79·7	6600	2520	3900	169	2·4%
	(3370 to 4650)	(1500 to 2070)	(1800 to 2480)	(67·4 to 93)	(4580 to 8750)	(1750 to 3350)	(2710 to 5180)	(118 to 225)	(1·5 to 3·0)
Ethiopia	68 400	32500	34200	1710	109 000	44 400	61 400	3220	2·2%
	(61 800 to 75 400)	(29400to 35800)	(30900 to 37700)	(1550 to 1890)	(91 800 to 125 000)	(37 400 to 51 100)	(51 700 to 70 700)	(2720 to 3710)	(1·9 to 2·4)
Kenya	31100	14 000	16 300	831	50100	18 700	29 700	1650	2·3%
	(28 800 to 33 400)	(12 900 to 15 000)	(15 100 to 17 500)	(768 to 892)	(46200 to 54000)	(17 200 to 20 100)	(27 500 to 32 100)	(1530 to 1790)	(2·2 to 2·3)
Madagascar	15900	7270	8180	406	28 600	11700	16 100	687	2.8%
	(14300 to 17500)	(6530 to 8030)	(7360 to 9040)	(365 to 448)	(26 100 to 31 000)	(10700 to 12700)	(14700 to 17500)	(627 to 745)	(2.7 to 2.9)
Malawi	11 100	5080	5690	329	19 400	8120	10800	539	2·7%
	(10 200 to 11 900)	(4660 to 5470)	(5220 to 6120)	(302 to 354)	(17 900 to 21 000)	(7460 to 8790)	(9900 to 11700)	(494 to 582)	(2·7 to 2·7)
Mozambique	17600	8080	8970	506	31100	14300	16 000	767	2·7%
	(16000 to 19100)	(7360 to 8800)	(8180 to 9770)	(461 to 551)	(28200 to 33900)	(13000 to 15600)	(14 600 to 17 500)	(697 to 838)	(2·7 to 2·7)
Rwanda	8110	3740	4180	197	13 300	4970	7850	451	2·3%
	(7420 to 8780)	(3420 to 4050)	(3820 to 4520)	(180 to 213)	(11 500 to 14 900)	(4310 to 5600)	(6810 to 8840)	(392 to 508)	(2·1 to 2·5)
Somalia	10200	4780	5210	170	21600	10 300	10 900	386	3.6%
	(8650 to 11700)	(4070 to 5510)	(4430 to 6000)	(144 to 195)	(15600 to 27000)	(7450 to 12 900)	(7850 to 13 600)	(279 to 484)	(2.8 to 4.0)
South Sudan	7270	3300	3770	202	9670	4300	5140	242	1.4%
	(6420 to 8090)	(2920 to 3670)	(3330 to 4190)	(178 to 225)	(8120 to 11 000)	(3610 to 4900)	(4310 to 5860)	(203 to 276)	(1.1 to 1.5)
Tanzania	34300	15 600	17700	1070	58 400	24400	32200	1840	2.5%
	(31500to 37100)	(14 300 to 16 900)	(16 200 to 19100)	(985 to 1160)	(51 500 to 65 500)	(21500 to 27300)	(28400 to 36100)	(1620 to 2060)	(2·3 to 2·7)
Uganda	24300	12200	11500	565	43 300	19800	22500	1010	2.8%
	(22200 to 26300)	(11200 to 13300)	(10500to 12400)	(516 to 612)	(38 700 to 48 300)	(17700 to 22100)	(20000to 25100)	(905 to 1130)	(2·6 to 2·9)
Zambia	9930	4730	4950	246	19500	8270	10 800	455	3.2%
	(9220 to 10 600)	(4390 to 5060)	(4590 to 5290)	(229 to 264)	(16800 to 22300)	(7110 to 9440)	(9270 to 12300)	(391 to 519)	(2·9 to 3·5)
Southern	63700	22 600	38300	2790	80300	24100	51700	4490	1·1%
sub-Saharan Africa	(60 000 to 67300)	(21300 to 23800)	(36100 to 40 600)	(2620 to 2960)	(72900 to 88200)	(22000 to 26200)	(46 900 to 56 900)	(4030 to 4970)	(0·9 to 1·3)
Botswana	1700	658	978	58·7	2390	698	1590	105	1.6%
	(1580 to 1820)	(613 to 706)	(911 to 1050)	(54·6 to 62·9)	(2080 to 2710)	(606 to 791)	(1380 to 1800)	(90·8 to 118)	(1.3 to 1.9)
Eswatini	1020	445	546	25.8	1160	413	703	40	0.6%
	(927 to 1110)	(406 to 485)	(498 to 595)	(23·5 to 28·1)	(1030 to 1260)	(368 to 451)	(626 to 767)	(35·7 to 43·7)	(0.5 to 0.6)
Lesotho	1740	680	976	79.7	1870	630	1160	83.9	0.4%
	(1570 to 1910)	(617 to 748)	(885 to 1070)	(72.3 to 87.7)	(1680 to 2070)	(566 to 695)	(1040 to 1280)	(75.4 to 92.5)	(0.3 to 0.4)
Namibia	1830	748	1020	65.8	2430	825	1500	101	1.3%
	(1700 to 1960)	(695 to 800)	(948 to 1090)	(61.1 to 70.4)	(2090 to 2730)	(711 to 926)	(1300 to 1690)	(87·2 to 114)	(1.0 to 1.6)
South Africa	45 400	15000	28300	2170	56900	15200	38 000	3670	1.1%
	(41 800 to 48 800)	(13800 to 16100)	(26000 to 30400)	(2000 to 2340)	(49700 to 64300)	(13300 to 17200)	(33 200 to 42 900)	(3210 to 4140)	(0.8 to 1.3)
Zimbabwe	12 000	5060	6530	389	15 600	6290	8810	494	1.2%
	(11 100 to 12 900)	(4670 to 5440)	(6030 to 7020)	(359 to 418)	(13 800 to 17 500)	(5570 to 7050)	(7790 to 9860)	(437 to 553)	(1.1 to 1.4)
Western sub-Saharan Africa	259 000 (246 000 to 273 000)	116000 (110000to 122000)	135 000 (128 000 to 142 000)	8220 (7790 to 8640)	490 000 (462 000 to 518 000)	215 000 (203 000 to 227 000)	261000 (247000to276000)	13 700 (12 900 to 14 400)	3.0% (3.0 to 3.1)

									in population, 2000–21
	All ages	<15 years	15-64 years	≥65 years	All ages	<15 years	15-64 years	≥65 years	
(Continued from previous page)	vious page)								
Benin	6720	3250	3260	201	13500	6080	7050	370	3·3%
	(6170 to 7260)	(2990 to 3520)	(3000 to 3530)	(184 to 217)	(11800 to 15100)	(5330 to 6820)	(6180 to 7910)	(325 to 415)	(3·1 to 3·5)
Burkina Faso	12 400	6050	5970	409	22 800	10 400	11700	690	2.9%
	(11300 to 13 700)	(5480 to 6660)	(5410 to 6560)	(370 to 450)	(20 900 to 24 600)	(9550 to 11 200)	(10800to 12700)	(635 to 747)	(2.8 to 3.0)
Cabo Verde	451	188	236	26·9	559	143	382	33·7	1·0%
	(420 to 482)	(176 to 201)	(220 to 252)	(25·1 to 28·8)	(487 to 634)	(125 to 162)	(333 to 434)	(29·4 to 38·2)	(0·7 to 1·3)
Cameroon	15100	6820	7780	453	31800	13500	17500	862	3·5%
	(13600 to 16600)	(6160 to 7530)	(7020to 8590)	(409 to 500)	(26700 to 37200)	(11300 to 15700)	(14600to 20400)	(723 to 1010)	(3·2 to 3·8)
Chad	8290	4130	3890	269	17700	9010	8330	409	3·6%
	(7350 to 9220)	(3660 to 4590)	(3450 to 4330)	(238 to 299)	(15 200 to 20 300)	(7720 to 10 300)	(7130 to 9510)	(350 to 467)	(3·5 to 3·8)
Côte d'Ivoire	16 900	7290	9270	390	27 900	11 600	15 600	728	2·4%
	(15 700 to 18 200)	(6740 to 7850)	(8570 to 9980)	(360 to 420)	(24 900 to 31 100)	(10 300 to 12 900)	(13 900 to 17 400)	(649 to 814)	(2·2 to 2·5)
The Gambia	1350	604	706	40·6	2390	993	1330	72·1	2·7%
	(1240 to 1460)	(555 to 653)	(648 to 763)	(37·3 to 43·9)	(2110to 2680)	(875 to 1110)	(1170to 1490)	(63·5 to 80·9)	(2·5 to 2·9)
Ghana	19100	8010	10500	642	34200	12 900	20 200	1200	2·8%
	(17800 to 20400)	(7460 to 8530)	(9770to11200)	(598 to 683)	(29700 to 38900)	(11 200 to 14 600)	(17 500 to 22 900)	(1040 to 1360)	(2·4 to 3·1)
Guinea	8100	3750	3970	382	13 400	6050	6960	425	2·4%
	(7380 to 8800)	(3420 to 4070)	(3620to 4310)	(348 to 415)	(12 000 to 15 000)	(5380 to 6730)	(6200 to 7750)	(379 to 474)	(2·3 to 2·5)
Guinea-Bissau	1250	580	635	31.2	2060	898	1120	46·4	2·4%
	(1080 to 1410)	(504 to 655)	(552 to 717)	(27.2 to 35.3)	(1780 to 2340)	(775 to 1020)	(966 to 1270)	(40 to 52·6)	(2·4 to 2·5)
Liberia	2850	1260	1480	105	5460	2190	3140	138	3·1%
	(2520 to 3180)	(1120 to 1410)	(1310 to 1650)	(93·3 to 118)	(4610 to 6310)	(1840 to 2530)	(2650 to 3630)	(117 to 160)	(2·9 to 3·3)
Mali	11 100	5280	5450	338	24100	11 600	11 900	633	3.7%
	(10 200 to 12 000)	(4850 to 5710)	(5010 to 5900)	(311 to 366)	(20600 to 27500)	(9900 to 13 200)	(10 200 to 13 600)	(541 to 722)	(3.4 to 4.0)
Mauritania	2610	1150	1360	99·4	4400	1850	2370	169	2·5%
	(2440 to 2790)	(1080 to 1230)	(1270 to 1450)	(92·7 to 106)	(3880 to 4930)	(1640 to 2080)	(2100 to 2660)	(149 to 189)	(2·2 to 2·7)
Niger	11300	5560	5470	248	25 000	12 800	11700	572	3.8%
	(10400 to 12100)	(5130 to 5980)	(5050 to 5880)	(229 to 267)	(21 900 to 28 000)	(11 200 to 14 300)	(10200 to 13100)	(500 to 641)	(3·5 to 4·0)
Nigeria	123 000	53 400	65300	3950	231 000	102 000	123000	6200	3.0%
	(110 000 to 135 000)	(48 000 to 58 900)	(58700 to 72100)	(3550 to 4360)	(206 000 to 258 000)	(90 400 to 113 000)	(110000to138000)	(5510to 6920)	(3.0 to 3.1)
São Tomé and	144	64·5	73·1	6	217	77.8	131	7.8	2·0%
Príncipe	(133 to 154)	(59·7 to 69·4)	(67·7 to 78·7)	(5·6 to 6·5)	(191 to 243)	(68·6 to 87·3)	(116 to 147)	(6-8 to 8-7)	(1·7 to 2·2)
Senegal	9930	4390	5210	337	15900	6360	8920	583	2·2%
	(9180 to 10700)	(4060 to 4720)	(4810 to 5600)	(312 to 362)	(14000to17600)	(5620 to 7060)	(7880 to 9900)	(515 to 647)	(2·0 to 2·4)
Sierra Leone	4420	1980	2260	182	8870	3580	5010	276	3·3%
	(4010 to 4810)	(1800 to 2160)	(2050 to 2450)	(164 to 197)	(7940 to 9810)	(3200 to 3960)	(4490 to 5550)	(247 to 305)	(3·3 to 3·4)
Togo	4850	2180	2560	114	8370	3310	4810	254	2·6%
	(4270 to 5470)	(1910 to 2450)	(2260 to 2890)	(101 to 129)	(7160 to 9500)	(2830 to 3760)	(4120 to 5460)	(217 to 288)	(2·5 to 2·6)
ca in parentheses are	Data in parentheses are 95% uncertainty intervals. GBD=Global Burden of Diseases, Injuries, and Risk Factors Study.	iBD=Global Burden of Dise	ases, Injuries, and Risk Fa	ictors Study.					

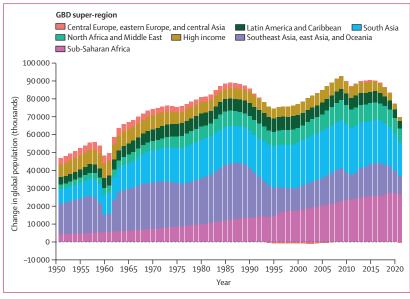


Figure 9: Annual change in global total population by GBD super-region, 1950–2021

Annual change is defined as the difference between the population size in the current year and the preceding year. Different colours show GBD super-regions. GBD=Global Burden of Diseases, Injuries, and Risk Factors Study.

> 2010 and 2019, but to a smaller extent (figure 10). The rate of natural increase was negative between 2000 and 2009 in Bulgaria, Croatia, Germany, Hungary, Italy, Lithuania, Moldova, Monaco, Romania, and Serbia, and to an even larger extent between 2010 and 2019 (figure 10). Of the 204 countries and territories, peak population was reached between 1950 and 1969 in three countries and territories, between 1970 and 1989 in eight countries and territories, between 1990 and 2009 in 23 countries and territories, and the peak population had not yet been reached as of 2021 in 148 countries and territories.

> The age structure of populations changed substantially across the globe between 1950 and 2021, with a general shift in the distribution away from younger ages and towards older ages (table 5). From 2000 to 2021, the proportion of the population aged younger than 15 years decreased in 196 of 204 countries and territories, with some of the largest declines observed in Saudi Arabia (from 36.0% to 20.1%) and Syria (41.5% to 26.1%). The eight countries in which the proportion of the population aged younger than 15 years did not decline were Angola, Chad, Kazakhstan, Mali, Niger, Nigeria, Russia, and Somalia. During this same period, the proportion of the population aged 65 years and older increased in 175 of 204 countries and territories; some of the largest increases were observed in Japan (from 17.2% to 28.9%) and Puerto Rico (from 11.0% to 22.0%). Three of 204 countries and territories had an increase in the proportion of the population aged younger than 15 years combined with a decline in the proportion of the population aged 65 years and older; these nations (Mali,

Nigeria, and Chad) are all located in sub-Saharan Africa. The ratio of the population aged 65 years and older to the population aged less than 15 years increased between 2000 and 2021 in 188 of 204 countries and territories, including all nations within the high-income; Latin America and the Caribbean; south Asia; and southeast Asia, east Asia, and Oceania super-regions (figure 11). Some of the largest increases occurred in Japan, Puerto Rico, and South Korea. The countries and territories in which this ratio did not increase were Afghanistan, Benin, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Chad, Democratic Republic of Congo, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Kyrgyzstan, Liberia, Mali, Mozambique, Nigeria, Sierra Leone, and South Sudan.

Discussion

Main findings

Our comprehensive set of updated demographic metrics indicate profound changes in the global health landscape during the first 2 years of the COVID-19 pandemic relative to historical trends. Long-term trends of decreasing mortality were superseded by marked increases in mortality rates in age groups older than 15 years during 2020 and 2021; in contrast, mortality in children under 5 years remained largely unaffected by the pandemic and continued to decrease globally. Global life expectancy declined sharply during 2020 and 2021, reversing the longstanding trend of life expectancy improvement. Agestandardised rates demonstrated the pandemic was disproportionately severe in countries within sub-Saharan Africa, the Middle East, south Asia, and Latin America. The COVID-19 pandemic has also highlighted the need for timely and comprehensive data collection and reporting. The development of high-quality civil registration and vital statistics systems has stagnated in many parts of the world due to multifaceted societal, financial, logistical, legislative, and political reasons, with notable exceptions including China, India, and some countries in north Africa and the Middle East. Population growth has slowed globally since 2017, although future declines might not persist at rates similar to those in 2020 and 2021 as the pandemic eases. In contrast, population growth is steady in south Asia and accelerating in sub-Saharan Africa. Increasing populations in many low-income and middle-income locations, combined with a shift in the age distribution away from younger ages and towards older ages, is likely to lead to new social, economic, and political challenges.

Data availability and gaps

Although the proportion of registered deaths has continuously increased at the global level since 1950, we observed marked variability across GBD super-regions and individual countries and territories. Civil registration and vital statistics are particularly scarce in sub-Saharan Africa; investment in vital registration system development in these nations is recommended to improve the

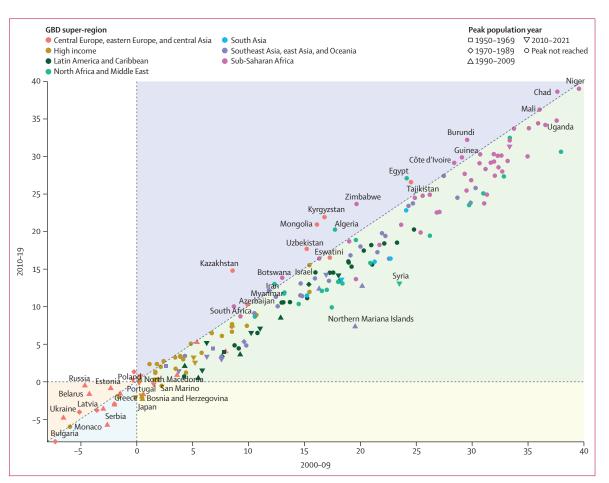


Figure 10: Rate of natural increase in population, 2010-19 versus 2000-09

Rate of natural increase is shown for 204 countries and territories coloured by GBD super-region. The rate of natural increase is calculated as the number of births minus the number of deaths divided by the person-years during the time period. The shape of the datapoints represents the year that peak population was reached. Purple shading indicates a higher rate of natural increase between 2010 and 2019 than between 2000 and 2009; green shading denotes a higher rate between 2010 and 2019; yellow shading indicates a negative rate between 2010 and 2019 and a positive rate between 2000 and 2009; blue shading denotes a negative rate between 2010 and 2019; orange shading indicates a negative rate across all years that was most pronounced between 2000 and 2009 and a positive rate between 2010 and 2019. The years 2020 and 2021 were omitted due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on deaths. GBD=Global Burden of Diseases, Injuries, and Risk Factors Study.

availability of data necessary for accurate health measurements and policy evaluation. The COVID-19 pandemic highlighted the need for accessible and up-todate health data when trying to understand and track emerging global health events. Much uncertainty remains about the true extent of the effect of the pandemic on mortality in countries and territories with minimal to no vital registration data available, which is particularly concerning considering that these countries are potentially the most negatively impacted by the pandemic. With the exception of China, India, and some countries in north Africa and the Middle East, progress in improving the extent of global death registration has slowedperhaps due to a focus on cheaper but less permanent and systematic data collection efforts, such as small-scale and large-scale surveys. Although surveys are an invaluable source of demographic information, investing in more expensive yet comprehensive civil registration and vital statistics systems is crucial to monitor and improve population health. $^{\rm 26}$

Beyond creating and improving civil registration and vital statistics systems, countries and territories without data during the past decade would also benefit from collecting additional data from other sources, such as censuses and nationally representative surveys. 30 countries and territories had no available data on child mortality for the period 2015–21, and 62 countries and territories had no available data on adult mortality. 41 countries and territories had no usable census data between 2010 and 2021, but census data were available before 2000 for these countries. Furthermore, the COVID-19 pandemic interrupted many data collection efforts, such as the USAID Demographic and Health Surveys Program,²⁷ and national censuses, which are

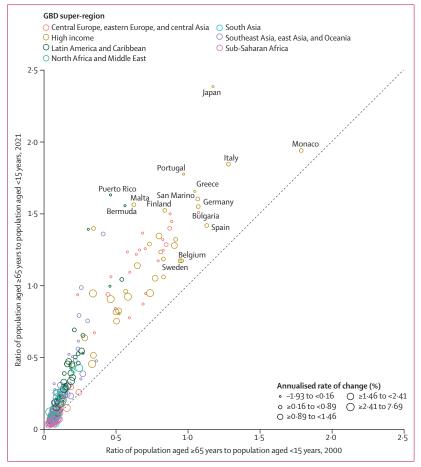


Figure 11: Ratio of the number of individuals older than 65 years to those younger than 15 years, 2000 versus 2021

This ratio is shown for 204 countries and territories coloured by GBD super-region. The size of the datapoints indicates the annualised rate of change in total population from 2000 to 2021, and the black dotted line represents the line of equality. GBD=Global Burden of Diseases, Injuries, and Risk Factors Study.

now resuming.²⁸ Impacts such as these must be resolved to improve future data availability.

Impact of the COVID-19 pandemic

The COVID-19 pandemic had differential effects on mortality across the lifespan. Life expectancy decreased in every GBD super-region and 84% of countries and territories from 2019 to 2021, but younger age groups were minimally affected. This finding is a welcome contrast to early warnings about potentially devastating impacts of the pandemic on child mortality.²⁹ Conversely, increases in mortality rates in populations aged 25 years and older were observed on a scale not seen in the previous 70 years.³⁰ Although the burden of excess deaths and all-age excess mortality rates due to the pandemic was largest in countries in central and eastern Europe, and Latin America, our analysis of age-standardised mortality rates highlights the relative severity of the pandemic's effects on mortality in certain countries within sub-Saharan Africa, the Middle East, south Asia, and Latin America. There was a general association between higher SDI and lower excess mortality, but this association was not particularly strong, and many countries were exceptions to this association, suggesting that at the population level, SDI was not always a strong predictor of excess mortality due to the COVID-19 pandemic in 2020 and 2021. Excess mortality was particularly high in nations such as Bolivia and South Africa when compared with other countries and territories with a similar SDI, which some have argued was in part due to relaxed containment strategies and vaccine hesitancy.³¹ Conversely, excess mortality was particularly low in countries such as the Solomon Islands and Bhutan, which might be a reflection of delayed transmission in more isolated nations and of high vaccination rates.32 These findings emphasise that mortality outcomes during the COVID-19 pandemic were not solely determined by SDI and that vaccination efforts, public policies, and individual behaviour changes likely influenced the severity of the pandemic across countries and territories at all levels of SDI.33-37 Reports published as recently as 2023 have shown that since 2021, mortality due to the pandemic has declined,^{38,39} presumably driven by vaccination efforts, public policies, individual behaviour changes, and the emergence of new SARS-CoV-2 variants with lower case-fatality ratios.40,41 However, mortality has increased in some locations, which might be due to lifting of protective restrictions.⁴²

Long-term mortality trends

In the era of the UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), there has been a decline in the global U5MR, which continued during the COVID-19 pandemic. However, progress has varied substantially between countries, and many continue to lag behind SDG targets. Based on the trajectory of U5MR between 2010 and 2021, 38 countries will not reach SDG target 3.2 of a U5MR at least as low as 25 deaths per 1000 livebirths by 2030 (appendix 2 table S2A). To eradicate preventable under-5 deaths, more equitable global strategiesintensified in regions with the highest rates-are imperative. Compared with child mortality, reductions in adult mortality have not been as consistent globally. Historically, increased adult mortality was observed in the 1990s in countries spanning eastern and southern Africa, eastern Europe, and central Asia. During the late 2010s, some high-income nations, including the USA, have had mortality spikes, particularly among the 15-39-years age group, which reflect mortality patterns associated with increased drug and alcohol misuse and mental health disorders.^{43,44} The 15–39-years age group is particularly volatile globally, and is the age group most affected by fatal discontinuities such as conflict.45 Sex differences in mortality vary widely across the globe. The global ratio of male to female mortality has generally increased, although it has differed as a function of age. The largest variability in the ratio of male to female

mortality was in the 15-39-years age group with much less variability observed in younger and older age groups. These differences go beyond biological explanations and highlight the importance of future efforts to address mortality risks to which males are particularly susceptible due to behavioural factors, war and conflict, occupational hazards, homicide, and suicide.46,47 The substantial differences among countries show, however, that it is also important to address mortality risks that predominantly affect women, such as maternal mortality, gender-based violence, and economic disparities.48,49 We also found that life expectancy was consistently higher in countries in the Americas, east Asia, and western Europe than countries in sub-Saharan Africa, and this effect was strongly associated with SDI. Although we did not establish causal effects, this finding is supported by many studies showing that social determinants of health are key drivers of mortality,⁵⁰⁻⁵⁴ and improving education, economic prosperity, and gender inequalities is vital for continual progress in health outcomes globally. However, notable exceptions regarding the relationship between mortality and SDI indicate that other factors are also involved.

Population dynamics and age structures

Although the rate of global population growth has plateaued and started to decline since 2017, in lower income countries—primarily in sub-Saharan Africa—rapid population growth has continued. Thus, much of future population growth will likely occur in the poorest regions. Resource scarcity and rapid infrastructure expansion will be crucial issues to address.^{55,56} These factors, and a history of colonialism, can contribute to political instability.^{57,58} These challenges will require responses from governments and the global community. Furthermore, the concentration of population growth has shifted to locations with the poorest health—ie, locations with the highest child mortality rates. This might lead to challenges in continuing improvement of health outcomes.

Outside of these locations, slowing of population growth is widespread. Although most countries and territories had not reached a peak population as of 2021, in 171 of 204 countries and territories a lower rate of natural increase was observed between 2010 and 2019 than between 2000 and 2009. Furthermore, our analysis of population age structures over time indicated a prominent shift towards older ages in most regions and nations. As older populations expand and reduced younger populations reach working-age, nations could encounter economic and social challenges requiring updated policies related to health care, retirement, reproduction, childcare, and migration.59-62 The shift towards a higher ratio of older people to younger people will require greater attention to be paid to labour shortages, health systems strengthening, and evaluation of government policies on retirement and health care. 61,63,64 However, beneficial consequences such as the so-called second demographic dividend of greater personal wealth and investment in human capital might offset some of these challenges.65 Future research on these topics must seek to understand how changing population dynamics impact health outcomes and systems, and how health interventions can be tailored to address the unique challenges posed by these demographic shifts. Migration is particularly relevant to these challenges. Voluntary emigration from locations with younger adult population bulges to locations in need of more labour to support ageing populations is an open public policy discussion.^{66,67} The level of migration needed to support older age populations is dynamic and is likely to change over time with technological innovations and new public policies.68 Furthermore, environmental constraints in some highincome countries might limit immigration possibilities. Migration of skilled workers out of lower-income countries might consequently worsen these economies.69,70 Global cooperation is necessary, and guidelines such as the UN Global Compact for Safe, Orderly and Regular Migration⁷¹ can help lead this work.

Comparisons between GBD 2021 estimates and other estimates

There are numerous differences in data processing and statistical modelling assumptions between the GBD 2021 estimates reported here and those from other demographic studies that provide important advantages. Excess mortality estimates for 2020 and 2021 have been previously reported in the GBD study and by other institutes. Our previous excess mortality estimates reported 18.2 million (95% UI 17.1–19.6) excess deaths in this study. Estimating mortality during the COVID-19 pandemic was particularly difficult due to many factors including delays in reporting, differing granularity of available data, and political will to provide accurate data. Although our earlier estimates were based on the best available data and methodology at the time, we have made data and modelling improvements that resulted in this lower estimate. We updated to more reliable data sources in some countries that corrected errors in reporting, and included more data up to the end of 2021. Methodologically, we modelled data at the yearly level, and additionally included age-specific detailed projections from our GBD mortality modelling process to inform our non-pandemic counterfactual, which generally led to higher estimates of expected non-pandemic mortality and thus lower excess mortality.

Our current estimate of global excess mortality during 2020 and 2021 is comparable to the WHO estimate of 14.9 million (95% UI 13.3-16.6) excess deaths,¹⁵ with our mean estimate falling within the uncertainty interval of the WHO estimate and vice versa. Our estimates tend to be higher than those of WHO for sub-Saharan Africa, with the largest differences being 233000 more deaths in Nigeria and 177000 more deaths in Ethiopia; and south Asia, with the largest differences being 262000 more

deaths in Pakistan and 171000 more deaths in Bangladesh. However, our estimate for India was 1.3 million deaths lower than that of WHO, which is the largest discrepancy in this direction. We also estimated 123000 more excess deaths in China-our results indicated positive excess, whereas WHO estimated negative excess. The largest differences occur in locations for which little or no all-cause mortality data were available for the pandemic period, and thus estimates relied on predictive models. These differences reflect different covariates used for predictions models. Additionally, WHO models and predicts all-cause mortality rates in locations without data, whereas we predict excess mortality rates directly, which leads to different assumptions and functional forms for statistical models. Differences in locations with all-cause mortality data are driven by different data processing steps and different models for expected non-pandemic mortality.

The latest estimates from UNICEF, published in 2023, reported a global U5MR of 38.1 deaths (95% UI 36.1-42.2) per 1000 livebirths in 2021,72 which is consistent with our estimate of 35.7 deaths (30.5-42.0) per 1000 livebirths. The mean relative difference at the national level between our 2021 U5MR estimates and those provided by UNICEF is -2.6%, ranging from -58.4% to 111.9%. Similar to our estimates, the UNICEF estimates show a continued decreasing trend in child mortality during the COVID-19 pandemic. Between 1950 and 2019, the mean relative difference between 0111 estimates and UNICEF estimates across countries and territories was -2.0%, ranging from -64.3% to 154.6%. These differences primarily reflect differences in data inclusion, processing, and synthesis. For example, our estimate of mortality in Iran in 2021 is 58.4% lower than that of UNICEF. We included vital registration data from 2021 and our estimates closely match this observed mortality, whereas UNICEF does not include these data, leading to higher estimates. Using the most recent available data suggests our estimates are more reliable.

Adult mortality estimates at the country level from the 2022 UN World Population Prospects (WPP) report are on average 11.1% lower than our 2021 estimates,13 which range from 41.8% lower to 289.5% higher. Between 1950 and 2019, the mean relative difference between our adult mortality estimates and those from WPP 2022 was -4.3%, ranging from -64.0% to 229.6%. Differences between WPP 2022 estimates of national life expectancy at birth and those from GBD 2021 are primarily driven by these differences in adult mortality estimates, and variability in child mortality estimates. While locationyears with complete death registration show substantial agreement between estimates, with a mean relative difference of 1.3%, our estimates for 2021 range from 7.8 years lower to 10.1 years higher, and our estimates for years before the COVID-19 pandemic range from 20.4 years lower to 38.4 years higher. The largest discrepancies were due to location-years with large fatal discontinuities or scarcity of high-quality vital registration data. Furthermore, discrepancies between 2021 estimates are highly influenced by the differences in estimation of excess mortality due to the COVID-19 pandemic. As one of the largest differences, our life expectancy estimate for Nigeria in 2021 is 10.1 years higher than the WPP estimate, driven by our estimated 41.8% lower adult mortality. Our adult mortality estimates more closely follow the bulk of the data from sibling-survival histories, and our age-specific mortality estimates rely on a database of 43758 empirical life tables as opposed to the Coale-Demeny north model life table used by WPP 2022, which has been shown to underperform compared with other modern model life table methods.73,74

For further comparison with WPP and as a model validation exercise, we compared estimated age-specific mortality rates and death counts from our analysis and from WPP with those calculated directly from all locationyears of vital registration data deemed to have complete death registration. When comparing our results, we used our population estimates as the denominator to calculate mortality rates from vital registration; similarly, we used WPP population estimates as the denominator for that comparison. Across all location-year-age-sex mortality rates, our estimates had mean absolute error of 0.024, indicating a good fit to the data, along with root mean squared error (RMSE) of 0.52. These were lower than the respective 0.033 and 0.53 calculated for WPP. Similarly, our death count estimates had a mean absolute error of 84.8 and RMSE of 365 compared with a mean absolute error of 222 and RMSE of 1032 for WPP estimates.

Estimates of the global population from WPP 2022 are similar to that of this study, with an estimated global population of 7.91 billion in 2021, compared with our estimate of 7.89 billion (95 % UI 7.67–8.13). On average in 2021, country-level population estimates were 0.2% lower in GBD 2021 than WPP 2022 and ranged from 34.2% lower to 82.2% higher. For specific ages, differences in the younger than 15 years age group ranged from 48.0% lower to 75.3% higher, while differences in the 65 years and older age group ranged from 36.0% lower to 39.5% higher. The largest relative differences were for locations in which no recent census data were available, and those with substantial net inmigration from other countries.

Limitations

This research has several limitations. First, estimates continue to be limited by data source availability and scope. COVID-19 showed the crucial need to create more robust vital registration systems that can highlight the differential effects of disease and injury across population subgroups in a timely manner. 93 of 204 countries and territories had no available all-cause mortality data to

estimate excess mortality due to the COVID-19 pandemic, which means our estimates in these areas are solely driven by associations with covariates. These locations were largely in regions where the effects of the pandemic were most severe. Furthermore, the scarcity of high-quality civil registration and vital statistics systems to produce reliable data in many low-income and middle-income countries introduces large-scale uncertainty in all demographic estimates. Additionally, population estimates in certain countries rely on modelled projections due to no available recent censuses. Future development of reliable data sources is crucial because estimates improve as the quality of underlying data improves. Subsequent GBD cycles will provide revised estimates after additional data for recent years become available.

Second, analysis of more granular subpopulations such as subnational areas or by other population characteristics was restricted by data availability. Although our effort represents the most comprehensive global analysis of mortality and population, the estimates presented in this research mask substantial heterogeneity in smaller geographies. This limits the utility of our estimates to provide insights for more targeted interventions, for example, understanding occupational hazards in industrial regions. Improving this aspect of the research requires more comprehensive and detailed data, such as by race, ethnicity, socioeconomic status, and smaller administrative levels,⁷⁵⁻⁷⁷ and future work will aim to produce more comprehensive health metrics.

Third, the GBD demographics approach has not developed an encompassing model to estimate migration together with population, mortality, and fertility. Estimating migration in a model that jointly informs population, mortality, and fertility will not only improve accuracy of population estimates, but also allow assessing and improving corrections for death registration completeness and census coverage. This is crucial in locations with large migration flows, such as the United Arab Emirates and Qatar, where current methods for these corrections might not perform well.^{36,79} The increased importance of migration at present and in the future, especially considering the shifting age structure in many populations, places renewed importance on producing reliable migration estimates.

Fourth, we assumed a binomial distribution when calculating data variance and did not evaluate other models of distribution. Some of our input data might be overdispersed, resulting in inaccurate estimates of data variance. However, we do not expect that changing our assumptions on the distribution would have a sizeable impact on estimates since the sampling errors on vital registration and civil registration mortality and fertility data are likely to be much smaller than non-sampling errors. In the future, we will consider testing such assumptions.

Fifth, computational resources did not permit propagation of uncertainty for all covariates throughout the analytical process. While uncertainty from model estimation was accounted for at each stage, such as U5MR, adult mortality, and age-specific mortality rates, uncertainties for some covariates such as lag-distributed income and education were not. Similarly, estimates of coefficients in the COVID-19 excess mortality prediction model did not include uncertainty. Future iterations of GBD will investigate computationally more efficient implementation of current methods and development of new methods to allow for all sources of uncertainty to be included in modelling.

Future directions

The COVID-19 pandemic will likely continue to impact estimates of demographic trends in future years due to reporting lags and the persistent effects of the pandemic. Future research should focus on understanding the full demographic impact of the pandemic in 2022 and beyond. Methodologically, we aim to improve our incorporation of excess mortality and COVID-19 direct mortality estimates into the GBD mortality estimation process, rather than post-hoc unification of two separate modelling endeavours. We also plan to develop a standalone migration model and integrate this model into the GBD demographic estimation process. Along with this, we aim to simultaneously estimate mortality and population rather than the current sequentially iterative approach. This would allow the uncertainty in mortality estimates to inform population estimates and vice versa, helping address issues in age, period, and cohort trends that might otherwise arise.

Conclusion

Tracking long-term health trends and evaluating the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic require accurate global, regional, and national estimates of mortality, life expectancy, and population, because these crucial demographic indicators foundationally underpin our understanding of population health. The comprehensive demographic metrics reported in this study show that marked reversals in adult mortality and life expectancy trends occurred during 2020 and 2021, leading to increased mortality and reduced life expectancy worldwide. This increased mortality did not occur in younger populations: mortality rates in children under 5 years continued to decline globally during the first 2 years of the pandemic, although more equitable and intensified investment is needed to achieve SDG targets in many locations. While global population growth is slowing, geographical distributions and age structures are undergoing fundamental shifts-low-income countries and territories continue to grow, and population structures across the globe are ageing. Nations in the post-pandemic world will need to address emerging health-care, economic, and social challenges with new policies and practices. The development, implementation, and evaluation of these health policies and practices in diverse locations around the world can be informed and guided by the GBD 2021 demographic estimates. Accurate mortality, life expectancy, and population estimates might be even more important to informing policy and practice in a post-pandemic world than in the past. Collectively, the extensive set of demographic estimates reported here represent a valuable global tool for policy evaluation, development, and implementation in diverse locations around the world.

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www.thelancet.com Vol 403 May 18, 2024

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Please see appendix 1 section 9 for more detailed information about individual author contributions to the research, divided into the following categories: managing the overall research enterprise; writing the first draft of the manuscript; primary responsibility for applying analytical methods to produce estimates; primary responsibility for seeking, cataloguing, extracting, or cleaning data; designing or coding figures and tables; providing data or critical feedback on data sources; developing methods or computational machinery; providing critical feedback on methods or results; drafting the manuscript or revising it critically for important intellectual content; and managing the estimation or publications process. Members of the core research team for this topic area had full access to the underlying data used to generate estimates presented in this article. All other authors had access to and reviewed estimates as part of the research evaluation process, which includes additional stages of formal review. The corresponding and senior authors had full access to the data in the study and final responsibility for the decision to submit for publication.

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Data sharing

For the **GBD 2021 Sources Tool** see http://ghdx.healthdata.org/ gbd-2021/sources

For the **statistical code used in** GBD 2021 see http://ghdx. healthdata.org/gbd-2021/code To download the data used in these analyses, please visit the GBD 2021 Sources Tool. The statistical code used in GBD 2021 is available online.

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